

# The North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission\*

Commissioners

Judge Quentin T. Sumner Chairman

Charles Becton
Mel Laura Chilton
Jacqueline Greenlee
Heath Jenkins
Susan Johnson
William Kenerly
Wade Smith

Administrative Office of the Courts
North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission
P.O. Box 2448
Raleigh, NC 27602
Phone: (919) 890-1580
Fax: (919) 890-1937

Staff

Kendra Montgomery-Blinn Executive Director

> Michael Epperly Sharon Stellato Grace Castellanos Juanita Betts Jamie T. Lau Lindsey Guice Smith

North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission

Public Record for State v. Gregory Flynt Taylor

Transcript of the Commission Hearing.

The transcript of the hearing can be obtained from the Court Reporter at:

Court Reporting Services 1-800-289-1017 www.crsdepo.com

Doyl

<sup>\*</sup> A state agency created by the North Carolina General Assembly in 2006 pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 15A-1460-75.

# NORTH CAROLINA IN THE GENERAL COURT OF JUSTICE

## SUPERIOR COURT DIVISION

WAKE COUNTY

FILE NO. 91-CRS-71728

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

Plaintiff,

VS.

GREGORY FLINT TAYLOR,

Defendant.

# NORTH CAROLINA INNOCENCE INQUIRY COMMISSION **HEARING**

At Raleigh, North Carolina

September 3, 2009

10:18 a.m.

Reported by: Ira Anderson

**ORIGINAL** 



1	APPE	ARANCES
2	For NC Innocence	Kendra Montgomery Blinn, Esq.
3	Inquiry Commission:	Michael R. Epperly, Esq.
4		Sharon Stellato
5		Grace Wallace
6		Juanita Betts
7		STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
8		INNOCENCE INQUIRY COMMISSION
9		P.O. Box 2448
10		Raleigh, NC 27602
11	Commissioners:	Charles L. Becton, Esq.
12		THE BECTON LAW FIRM
13		Suite 100
14		3011 Wade Road
15		Durham, NC 27705
16		Ms. Mel Chilton
17		Executive Director
18		NC COUNCIL FOR WOMEN/
19		DOMESTIC VIOLENCE COMMISSION
20		422 North Blount Street
21		Raleigh, NC 27601
22		Sean P. Devereux, Esq.
23		
24		

1	APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)	
2	Commissioners: DEVEREUX & BANZHOFF	
3	The Jackson Building	
4	Suite 1100	
5	22 S. Pack Square	
6	Asheville, NC 28801	
7	Ms. Jackie Greenlee, Ph.D.	
8	Director, Organizational Devt.	
9	GUILFORD TECHNICAL COMMUNITY	
10	COLLEGE	
11	P.O. Box 309	
12	Jamestown, NC 27282	
13	Mr. Heath Jenkins	
14	Chief of Police	
15	STANLEY POLICE DEPARTMENT	
16	P.O. Box 279	
17	Stanley, NC 28164	
18	William D. Kenerly, Esq.	
19	District Attorney	
20	State of North Carolina	
21	19C Prosecutorial District	
22	P.O. Box 4599	
23	232 N. Main Street	
24	Salisbury, NC 28145	

1		APPEARANCES (CONTINUED)
2	Commissioners:	Ms. Barbara Pickens
3		Criminal Justice Consultant
4		220 Margaret Hoffman Drive
5		Mount Holly, NC 28120
6	Presiding:	Quentin T. Sumner
7		Senior Resident
8		Superior Court Judge
9		P.O. Drawer 1215
10		Rocky Mount, NC 27801
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		

		Page 3
1	TABLE OF CONTENTS	
2	EXAMINATIONS	
3		PAGE
4	WITNESS: Sharon Stellato	
5	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	20
6	WITNESS: Eva Marie Kelly (aka Rose Hitch)	
7	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	35
8	WITNESS: Sharon Stellato	
9	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	63
10	WITNESS: Ernest Andrews	
11	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	74
12	WITNESS: Dwayne Deaver	
13	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	114
14	WITNESS: Russell Holley	
15	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	134
16	WITNESS: Kristin Hughes	
17	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	157
18	WITNESS: Meghan Clement	
19	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	173
20	WITNESS: Sharon Stellato	
21	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	210
22	WITNESS: Sharon Stellato	
23	Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn	298
24		

#### STIPULATIONS

Volume I

2

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 23

24

It is hereby stipulated and agreed between the parties to this action, through their respective counsel of record:

- 1. The hearing of the North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission may be taken on September 3, 2009, beginning at 10:18 a.m. at the North Carolina Judicial Center located in Raleigh, North Carolina, before Ira Anderson, Notary Public.
- Said hearing shall be taken for the purpose of discovery or for use as evidence in this aboveentitled action or for both purposes.
- 3. Any objections of any party hereto as to notice of the taking of said hearing or as to the time or place thereof or as to the competency of the person before whom the same shall be taken are deemed to have been met.
- Objections to questions and motions to strike answers need not be made during the taking of this deposition but may be made for the first time during the progress of the trial of this case, or at any pretrial hearing held before any judge for the purpose of ruling thereon, or at any other hearing of said case at which said deposition might be used,

except that an objection as to the form of a question must be made at the time such question is asked or objection is waived as to the form of the question. That the original of this hearing will be mailed first class postage to the appropriate party. Notice of filing is hereby waived. 

JUDGE SUMNER: Good morning. Let me welcome all of the Commissioners back to Raleigh this morning. We are hearing the case entitled State of North Carolina versus Gregory Flint Taylor, file number is 91-CRS-71728. This case originates out of Wake County. Gregory Taylor was convicted of first degree murder. Portions of this hearing have been opened to the public pursuant to North Carolina General Statute 15A-1468 subsection A.

At this time I'd ask that all present in the room for purposes of the court reporter will identify themselves for the record. My name is Quentin T. Sumner, Superior Court Judge from Nash County.

My name is William Kenerly from Salisbury.

My name is Sean Devereux, I'm a private practice attorney in Asheville.

Jacqueline Greenlee, Archdale, North Carolina.

Sharon Stellato, Investigator for the Commission.

Kendra Montgomery-Blinn, executive director for the Commission.

Good morning. Charles Becton from Durham.

Heath Jenkins from Gaston County.

Barbara Pickens from Mount Holly, North

Carolina.

Mel Chilton, Clayton, North Carolina.

JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you. Let the record

Volume I

reflect that the Commission has present this morning all eight voting members as required by Statute. At this time I want to make a formal inquiry as to each Commissioner whether any of you need to recuse yourself pursuant to Rule 6(b)(1) of our Rules of Procedure? The Rules state that a Commissioner shall recuse himself or herself if some event has caused him or her to become biased about a case and are unable to participate in the hearing in a fair and impartial manner.

I'll note that each of you prior to this hearing were given an opportunity to indicate through our executive director whether or not such a conflict existed. I'll make that inquiry again for the record this morning. Any Commissioner have such a problem this morning?

(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

JUDGE SUMNER: Let the record reflect that no Commissioner has indicated any conflict at this point. I'll confirm -- excuse me, I'll indicate also that no Commissioner has conducted any independent investigation pursuant to Rule 6(b)(3) of our Rules also?

(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

Commissioners present at this time, our Rules indicate that if an alternate Commissioner is not fulfilling full Commission duties, he or she may attend hearings of the Commission but may not participate in any discussion and may not vote in any proceeding. All alternates are, however, welcome and allowed to remain and observe.

At this point I'm going to turn this hearing over to Ms. Kendra Montgomery-Blinn, the executive director for the Commission.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Thank you, Judge Sumner. Good morning, Commission members.

Thank you. Thank you for gathering here for two days in Raleigh, North Carolina to hear this case.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

I would like to take just a minute to thank all the agencies who have cooperated with our investigation. This includes the Wake County District Attorney's office, the Raleigh Police Department, the North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation, and thank you also to the North Carolina Center on Actual Innocence for referring this case to us.

A couple of housekeeping matters just to make you Commissioners aware of. In this case, as was mentioned in your briefs, the trial exhibits are no longer in the court file, they're now missing. This case had, after trial it had an appeal, two Motion for Appropriate Relief hearings, a habeas corpus proceeding, and it's really impossible for us to pinpoint how and when those trial exhibits were misplaced. So we did work with the clerk's office, the Wake County clerk's office and the City/County Bureau of Investigation and nobody was able to locate They looked very hard, they searched, they provided affidavits, they opened up the ability for us to come in and search. We could We were able to recreate at not locate them.

least the photographic exhibits which were the bulk of the exhibits, and those were provided for you in your brief, and that was because the City/County Bureau of Identification did still have the negatives from those photographs.

So at this time I'm not making any recommendations to the Commission about the missing trial exhibits. I think it would be impossible to pinpoint how they went missing, what happened, who it was or who was involved with multiple people after all of those hearings, and all of the parties were very cooperative with us. And like I said, I think we were able to recreate most of them. So I'm not making any recommendations to you. If you'd like me to pursue that further, instruct me to and I will be more than happy to.

Also, North Carolina General Statute 15A1468(d) states, evidence of criminal acts,
professional misconduct, or other wrongdoing
disclosed through formal inquiry or Commission
proceedings shall be referred to the appropriate
authority. In this investigation we have
uncovered no evidence of professional

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 misconduct. I'm not asking for any, for you to allow me to make any referrals in that vein. 2 the close of the hearing I will be asking for 3 permission to make a formal referral to the Wake 4 County District Attorney's office and the 5 Raleigh, and/or the Raleigh Police Department, 6 whichever agency you choose if you should 7 8 choose. So just please keep that in mind. 9 You'll be getting that information throughout 10 our investigation or throughout this hearing. 11 You've already heard about part of it in your brief. 12 Now let's talk about the brief. 13 14 (THEREUPON, A DISCUSSION WAS HAD OFF 15 THE RECORD WHICH WAS NOT REPORTED BY THE

(THEREUPON, A DISCUSSION WAS HAD OFF
THE RECORD WHICH WAS NOT REPORTED BY THE
COURT REPORTER AS Ms. MONTGOMERY-BLINN
ADJUSTS THE POWERPOINT PRESENTATION.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: So talking about the brief that you all have. I know it was 438 pages. I am very grateful that you all received it with short notice and went through it in careful detail; I very much appreciate that. That brief was meant to cover all that was known and available before our investigation. So as

1 you know, that covers not only what was presented to the jury at trial, but what the 2 3 police department also found in our 4 investigation that didn't get presented, what 5 was uncovered or investigated during those two Motions for Appropriate Relief, the habeas 6 7 corpus proceeding, the Center for Actual 8 Innocence investigation, so that covered everything up to our investigation. 9 exhaustive. 10 11 The only correction that I have for you on 12 your brief today is on page -- and I'm sorry, I 13 didn't write down my page number. 14 (Ms. Montgomery-Blinn examines document.) On 15 page 410 of your brief, that date should simply 16 read July 30, 2009. Does anybody need an extra 17 copy of a brief? 18 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 19 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Everybody's got it? 20 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 21 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. We've got 22 extras if anybody needs one. 23 MR. DEVEREUX: So we change August 6 --24 Instead of August 6 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:

it should be July 30. But I have no other corrections for you that I am aware of in the briefs. Oh, I'm sorry, it was up here on my slide.

Are there any questions or discussion, anything that you need to ask me about the brief or anything that you need to talk about with the materials that were covered in the brief?

(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I did not receive any email questions or prior questions from any of you. When I do, I answer them to the Commission as a whole. I didn't receive any from any of you. If there are none, I'll move on at this time.

JUDGE SUMNER: I think it would be fair to do that.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. So when we got this case we began a very detailed and exhaustive investigation. Like any investigation, it encompassed a lot of different things and a lot of different activities on behalf of the Commission staff. We -- and we're going to -- this is what is going to be our

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

hearing for two days. We're going to present to you all of our investigation.

We interview the convicted person's attorneys. As you know, that's something that we always do and usually do early on. conducted forensic testing in this case and you'll be hearing about that today. We did witness interviews and depositions, which you'll be hearing about today and tomorrow. interview the former police officers and law enforcement officers in this case, you'll be hearing about that today or tomorrow, depending on how much time we have. We did a lot of mapping of the crime scene, locations around there, where people lived, got a lot of maps printed out from other agencies. We reviewed other agency files. When we first got the case we made a lot of motions and were granted court orders to get complete and accurate files from everybody, which we did. We located records, also including locating a number of witnesses, and we consulted with experts. You will be hearing from some experts today and experts tomorrow as well.

So let's talk about the attorneys that we interview. This is the convicted person's attorneys. As you know, in order for our case to move into formal inquiry the convicted person has to waive all of his procedural safeguards and privileges. This includes a waiver of attorney-client privilege. We've got here some handouts for you and I'll talk with you as you're getting those handouts.

Michael Dodd was Gregory Taylor's trial attorney. We interviewed him and he provided an affidavit, that's coming around to you. R.L. Adams was also the trial attorney, co-counsel. He now is in Atlanta, we interviewed him by telephone. He said that Gregory Taylor consistently maintained his complete innocence. And there is -- I note up here what he said. Gregory Taylor never made any statement indicating he was in any way involved in this murder, nor did he ever implicate Johnny Beck. And then Tom Loflin was the attorney that did that exhaustive Motion for Appropriate Relief and spent a lot of time working with Gregory Taylor as well. He's an attorney in Durham.

He's also provided an affidavit.

So the affidavits from Michael Dodd and Tom Loflin are coming around, and you can read those. They put them in their own words. Tom Loflin especially completely rewrote what we had sent to him to get him started after our interview with him. So you're seeing that in their own words.

## (COMMISSIONERS EXAMINE DOCUMENTS.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, have you all had a chance to review those as much as you need to right now?

# (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Does anybody have any questions about those?

### (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. Let's talk about Eva Marie Kelly. As you know from your briefs, she was interviewed by the police two times. The complete transcripts of those police interviews were provided to you in the briefs. She also testified at trial, a summary of that testimony was in the brief, a long summary. She did testify that she had an

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

agreement with the District Attorney that he would not oppose granting her two five-year sentences concurrently if she testified truthfully. Her Department of Correction record indicates that she actually served a little less than four months active and one year and eight months on parole after that testimony or for those cases.

The Commission has interviewed Ms. Kelly. It was not easy to track her down, she has a number of different aliases, but we did eventually find her and she was willing to speak with us. This is Ms. Kelly's criminal record and her aliases. I'll just give you a chance to look it over. She did -- I believe she testified about what was current at the time when she testified at trial. So the statements that she gave are the first police interview. which is in your brief on page 281; the second police interview which is in your brief on page 287; her trial testimony, the summary of that is in your brief on page 27; and the Commission interviewed her on August 4, 2009, that interview was conducted by Sharon Stellato, our

staff investigator, and Grace Wallace, our case 1 2 manager, was with her. 3 I'm going to call Ms. Stellato to testify 4 now about that final interview briefly to give you the information that she told the 5 Commission, and then Ms. Kelly will come in and 6 7 testify. And we do have a handout for you that 8 Ms. Stellato prepared and I'm going to send that 9 around. She's going to use it during her 10 testimony and I think it will just be helpful to 11 you so that you're not flipping back and forth 12 constantly between those four different 13 statements to try to see, you know, what did she 14 say about timing or those things. 15 16 THEREUPON, 17 SHARON STELLATO, 18 Having first been duly 19 Sworn, was examined and 20 Testified as follows: 21 EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 22 Q. All right, what is your name? 23 Sharon Stellato. Α.

And where are you employed?

24

Q.

- 1 A. The Innocence Inquiry Commission.
- Q. And what's your position with the Commission?
- 3 A. Staff investigator.
- 4 Q. Now, were you assigned to work on this case?
- 5 | A. I was.
- 6 Q. And what was your role in this case?
- 7 A. Lead investigator.
- Q. And when I say this case, I'm talking about the Gregory Taylor case?
- 10 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 11 Q. Did you, as part of your duties as investigator 12 on this case, interview Eva Kelly?
- 13 | A. Yes, I did.
- 14 Q. And were you able to locate Ms. Kelly?
- A. We had -- we started looking for her in March of 2009 and we found her on August 4, 2009. We
- 17 were able to locate her.
- Q. Did you go to multiple addresses before you located her?
- 20 A. I think we went to two.
- Q. Okay. And during that time that you were
  looking for her, was that something where you
  were sort of just looking every now and then or
  was the office looking very hard to find her?

- A. We were actively, actively looking for her.
- Q. Okay. So when you went to her place on August 4, 2009, was she there?
  - A. She was.

4

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- 5 | Q. Okay. And did she speak with you?
- 6 A. Yes, she did.
  - Q. Go ahead and tell us a little bit about that interview starting with mostly, you know, where were you, what was her demeanor like, was she willing to talk to you, who else was present?
  - A. Okay. We went out to her home. We found her through her husband and we went out to her home. It was a mobile home on her daughter's property and only she was at home when we went to talk to her. She didn't know we were coming and she was completely agreeable to talk to us. We had called her husband beforehand to find out if we had the right person, and he had called her and told her that we were looking for her. So she wasn't surprised when we showed up, but she was really cooperative about talking with us.
  - Q. And who -- when you say we, who from the Commission staff?
  - A. Myself and Grace Wallace.

- Q. And is that the only people that came?
- 2 A. Yes.

8

9

23

- Q. All right. Tell me a little bit about her
  demeanor during the interview. Was she willing
  to speak with you?
- A. She was. She was very pleasant. She was a little uncomfortable. I think she was --
  - Q. What makes you say that she was uncomfortable?

    What about her behavior made you think that?
- 10 A. She was smoking a lot, she was a little bit
  11 shaky, a little bit nervous. She was concerned
  12 how we found her and who else could find her.
- Q. And did she know about which case you came to see her on?
- 15 A. She did.
- Q. Okay. Was that because you told her or did she know before you came?
- A. She knew when I walked in. I told her that I
  needed to talk to her and she said, about, I
  believe she said, it's something about a case I
  testified in. And I said yes. And she said,
  murder charge. And I said yes.
  - Q. All right. Go ahead and tell us what Ms. Kelly told you.

- A. She was really agreeable to sit down with us.

  She told us that the first time that she -- she remembered it well. Again, it was in 1991. The first time that she saw the men were -- she, well, she didn't see them, she saw their SUV, a white Pathfinder, and it was driving around the block on E Street. And inside of the vehicle there was a black male and a white male.
  - Q. This is what she told you on your August 4 interview?
- 11 A. Uh-huh (yes).

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

16

- 12 Q. Did she say it was a white Pathfinder?
- A. No, she didn't. She -- we didn't tell her what vehicle it was. She said it was a blue or a dark blue SUV.
  - Q. Okay. So she didn't say white Pathfinder?
- 17 A. I'm sorry, no, she didn't.
- 18 Q. Okay. And I'm sorry, what time did you say?
- A. She stated that she saw them the first time
  between, she said it was either 10:00, 11:00, or
  12:00 a.m.; 10:00 a.m., 11:00 a.m., 12:00 p.m.,
  so early, early morning. And then she said when
  she later saw them, it was late afternoon.
  - Q. Okay. So she's talking about it being light

- outside or dark outside? 1 2 Α. Light outside. Okay. And she said she saw them drive around 3 Q. the block on E Street? 4 5 Α. Yes. 6 Is E Street where she lived? Q. She did. She lived at 426 E Street. 7 Α. 8 Okay. And go ahead. Q. 9 She stated that she remembered it well, that she Α. and an individual named Tex, which is a 10 11 nickname, were standing on the corner and that 12 when the SUV pulled around, the white male was 13 aggressive and was saying, hey, Bitch, do you 14 want to make some money and get high? stated that she didn't like the way that he was 15 16 talking to her, she felt threatened by that, and 17 also she wasn't comfortable going places with 18 two men so she told them no. Okay. And she said that Tex was with her? Q. She did. Α.
- 19
- 20
- 21 Did she say anybody else was with her? 0.
- 22 Α. No.

24

Q. And is this, at this point you've read all of the other interviews that she did and the trial testimony?

- A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Is she telling you things that are consistent or inconsistent with what she's previously told the police and the jury?
- A. Inconsistent.
  - Q. All right. Go ahead.
    - A. She said that she had known the victim because the victim had been coming around her house for a while and she knew that the victim had children, and that the victim told her, told Eva Kelly that she was going to get with these guys. And Eva Kelly told her that she didn't think that was a good idea.
    - Q. And is that what she had previously told the police and the jury?
    - A. It is not. She -- originally in the first police interview she was not able to identify the victim. In the second police interview she didn't know the victim but later she did state that she didn't, she didn't know anyone in the photograph who looked like that. And then in the third -- or in the trial she stated that she had seen her around the block but that the

- 1 victim was new to that area.
- Q. And let's go ahead and go -- sort of back up.
- 3 And I am looking at your chart now. The timing
- 4 that she told you was 10:00 or 11:00 or 12:00
- 5 during the day?
- 6 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Is that the same timing that she had talked about with the police and at trial?
- 9 A. No. The -- on the chart you'll see that the
  10 first police statement was around 11:00 p.m.,
  11 the second --
- 12 Q. She said that she saw them around 11:00 p.m.?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- 15 A. The second between 11:00 p.m. and 12:00 a.m.,
- and at trial she said it was early in the -- she
- didn't give a specific time, she said early in
- 18 the morning after 12:00 a.m.
- 19 Q. Okay. And again with the location around the
- vehicle, she told you that it was around the
- 21 block on E Street, Martin Street, and Lenoir
- 22 Street. Is that consistent with what she
- previously told the police and at testimony?
- 24 A. That is consistent. All of the roads that she

occupants drove up and cursed and asked her if

she wanted to make money, is that consistent

23

- with the things that she had been saying in all 1 of her previous statements? 2 3 Α. No. It's not? 4 Q. 5 Her first police statement she stated that they Α. 6 weren't asking her for what she calls a trick, 7 that they just asked her to go party and get
  - weren't asking her for what she calls a trick, that they just asked her to go party and get high. The second interview she said that the black male passenger called her over to the vehicle and asked her if she wanted to get high. And at trial she stated that the black male passenger rolled down his window and asked her to party, get high, and that he showed her money and cocaine that was in his lap.
  - Q. And now she says it's the white male driver that spoke to her?
- 17 | A. Yes.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

22

23

- Q. Okay. But she is consistent that they did drive up in the truck while they were in the truck and she was standing in the street and talked to her?
  - A. She is; she is consistent.
    - Q. Okay. And again, you said that she told you that Tex was with her. Did she say if anybody

else was with her?

- A. She said nobody else was with her.
- Q. Okay. Previous testimony and police statements, did she say that Tex was with her?
  - A. When she was first interviewed she said that a friend was with her, but she didn't provide the name of who the friend was. The second police interview was Texas, Whoopie, and possibly Shelia Crowder were there. And then at trial Patrick, Whoopie, and she states a girl named Jackie who she's identifying at trial as the victim.
  - Q. Okay. All right. Did she talk to you about anything happening inside of her house or seeing anybody inside of her house?
  - A. She did; yes, she did.
  - Q. Okay. And what did she tell you?
  - A. She said that it was earlier in the day when she had seen them, and that she went out running errands and when she came back it was daylight. She didn't know the time specifically, but she knew it was in the afternoon. She said it could have been early that afternoon or even the next morning she came back to the home with

- cigarettes and beer and that Johnny Beck and
  Greg Taylor were sitting in the kitchen doing
  drugs.
  - Q. Did she refer to them by name?
  - A. (Witness examines document.) She refers to them as the guys.
- 7 Q. Okay. Go ahead.

- A. She stated the white male had a syringe in his arm, and when she told them to leave he was angry with her and calling her names. She said that the black male was the shy one of the two and that he was trying to calm down the situation, and they both left.
- Q. Okay. Now, what had she said about that in her previous statements?
- A. In the first police interview and the second police interview she never mentioned seeing the men outside of the vehicle or in her home. At trial she testified that she entered her home that night with a trick -- it was a boarding home that she was entering -- and that the victim, the two guys, and Whoopie were sitting in the kitchen doing drugs. When her trick saw that there were other people in the house, he

became nervous and left. She followed him out 1 2 to the car and they left together. 3 Okay. And what did she say happened when she 0. came back in or what did she say at trial 4 5 happened when she came back in? 6 Α. At trial she says when she came back she only saw the victim and the two men, Whoopie was not with them. She was walking in and they were 8 9 walking toward Cabarrus Street. She saw them 10 continue walking together, turn the corner, and 11 then a few minutes later she saw the white 12 Pathfinder come out of that street. 13 Q. And she didn't say whether she could see the 14 victim in the white Pathfinder, right? 15 No, she did not. Α. 16 And she didn't mention any of this in the two Q. 17 police interviews? She did not. 18 Α. 19 Q. And what did she say about that in your 20 interview? 21 She said that it was only the two men who were Α. 22 in the home and that she had seen the victim 23 earlier, that the victim had been over earlier

in her home but had left, and that the victim

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

had went out to the corner of Cabarrus and E 1 She said that after the two men left 2 Streets. she was looking out her back window to make sure 3 that they left and she saw from her back door 4 5 the dark colored SUV stop, the victim walked up, spoke to the driver, and then walked around the 6 passenger side and got in the vehicle. 8 Q. Okay. And did you talk to her about her agreement to testify? 10 I did. Α. 11 And what did she say about that? Q.

- A. She said that the detective had -- I believe it's in the second interview, she says that he had offered her a deal because she had a pending charge, but that she told him she didn't want to get a deal for it, she didn't think that it was fair that the victim died that way and that she would testify with or without a charge -- or I guess with or without getting a deal.
- Q. So did she tell you that she had an agreement to testify?
- A. No, she told me she did not and wouldn't have taken one.
- Q. Okay. Is there anything else that she talked

about about the facts of this case in your 1 interview with her? 2 3 Α. Those are kind of the major things that came out 4 in the police interviews and at trial that we 5 were, you know, trying to talk to her about, so 6 that's really about covers it. And the rest of your interview was about where 7 Q. she lived and her family and how she was doing 8 and the hearing and --9 And if she could come and be subpoenaed and that 10 Α. 11 kind of stuff. 12 0. Okay. 13 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 14 do you have any questions for Ms. Stellato? 15 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 16 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Does anybody 17 have any questions about this chart? MR. DEVEREUX: If I can just ask, 18 19 she's now saying, Sharon, that -- did I 20 understand you to say that she said she saw 21 the guys at Ms. Kelly's boarding house 22 after the fact or this was all before when this victim was believed to have been 23 killed? 24

1	Α.	She is now saying that it was daylight outside
2		when she saw the victim leave with the two men.
3		So I would you know, she was killed that
4		night
5		MR. DEVEREUX: Right.
6	Α.	so I would assume that it would, it would be
7		prior to that night.
8		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay; okay.
9		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any more
10		questions, Commissioners?
11		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
12		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I would ask
13		that Ms. Stellato be released to be
14		recalled later.
15		JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you, ma'am.
16		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And the
17		Commission calls Eva Kelly.
18		
19		THEREUPON,
20		EVA KELLY, (a.k.a. Rose Hitch),
21		Having first been duly
22		Sworn, was examined and
23		Testified as follows:
24	Q.	Good morning, Ms. Kelly. Thank you so much for

- coming down here and helping us out with our investigation and giving this information or whatever it is that you remember to the Commissioners.
- 5 A. All right.
- Q. As I told you earlier, my name is KendraMontgomery.
- 8 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 9 Q. And I'm going to ask you a couple of questions
  10 about what you remember. If I ask you a
  11 question and you really don't remember, then the
  12 honest answer is, I don't remember or you don't
  13 know, then that's the honest answer.
- 14 | A. Okay.
- 15 Q. And we will completely understand that and we appreciate that.
- The people you see sitting around this table are the Commissioners.
- 19 A. Hi.
- Q. And they will ask you questions as well. They
  may ask some during the time that I am asking or
  afterwards.
- 23 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 24 Q. And everybody is just trying to understand what

- it is you remember, what you saw, what you heard, and nothing more, okay?
- 3 | A. Okay.
- Q. All right. And again, thank you so much for speaking with our investigator in August and for coming down here today.
- 7 | A. Okay.
- 8 Q. We very much appreciate it.
- 9 will you just go ahead and state your name for the record?
- 11 A. Rose Hitch, that's my married name.
- 12 Q. Rose Hitch?
- 13 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 14 | Q. Okay. In 1991 what name were you using?
- 15 A. Eva Marie Kelly.
- 16 Q. Eva Marie Kelly, okay. And Ms. Kelly, do you live in Wake County now?
- 18 | A. No, I don't.
- 19 Q. What county do you live in?
- 20 A. In Johnston.
- 21 Q. And where did you live in 1991?
- 22 A. In Raleigh on E Street.
- 23 Q. What part of Raleigh is that in, do you know?
- 24 A. It's East Raleigh, I believe.

- Q. Okay. And what kind of place were you living in?
- 3 A. It was a rooming house.
- 4 Q. Okay. And you had a room in the house?
- 5 A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Okay. And did you know a person named JacquettaThomas in 1991?
- 8 A. I didn't know her well, but yes.
- 9 Q. Okay. How did you know her?
- 10 A. From the streets.
- 12 Q. Okay. Can you tell us a little bit more about 12 her or, you know, how well you knew her, how 13 many times you'd met her, if you knew her
- 14 family?
- 15 A. No, I didn't know her family or anything. I,

  16 you know, I just knew her, like I said, from the

  17 streets.
- Q. Okay. So you just talked to her when you were out on the street?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know if you talked to her, you know, on multiple occasions or just once or twice?
- A. Well, whenever I would see her, she would see
  me, we'd say hi or whatever, but --

- 1 Q. Okay. Do you know if she had family?
- 2 A. She had mentioned she had a family.
- 3 Q. Did she mention she had children?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. I'd like to talk about September 26, 1991, if
- 6 you remember that day. Do you remember
- 7 activities from that day?
- 8 A. Some of it, yes; some of it's foggy.
- 9 Q. Sure, of course.
- 10 | A. A long time.
- 11 | Q. Sure. Well, tell us, what do you remember about
- 12 that day?
- 13 | A. Okay. From --
- 14 Q. Where were you on that day?
- 15 A. On the streets; on the streets.
- 16 Q. Okay. Were you around the house you were
- 17 staying in on E Street?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. Okay.
- 20 A. In and out of.
- Q. Go ahead. Who did you see on that day?
- 22 A. Well, a lot of people.
- Q. Would you like me to help you get started?
- 24 A. Yeah; yeah. I don't know where --

- Q. Do you remember seeing a white man and a black
  man that have now been identified to you as
  Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck?
- 4 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. What time do you think you first saw them?
- 7 A. I believe it was either early in the morning or late, late the night before.
- 9 Q. Okay. So when you say that, are you talking
  10 about -- when you talk early in the morning are
  11 you talking about 10 o'clock in the morning or
  12 2 o'clock in the morning? Dark out or light
  13 out?
- 14 A. Well, the first time I saw them it was, you know, like evening; nighttime.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- A. And they were driving around trying to, you know, pick up ladies to party with.
- 19 Q. Okay.
- A. And I told them no, you know, because I didn't feel comfortable the way the guy was talking, you know, do I want to get high, you know.
- 23 Q. So they came up and talked to you?
- 24 A. No, they drove; they were driving.

- 1 Q. They were in the vehicle?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- Q. Do you remember which one talked to you?
- 4 A. The white --
- 5 Q. The white man talked to you?
- 6 A. Yes, the white man.
- Q. Do you know if he was the driver or the passenger?
- 9 A. He was the driver.
- 10 Q. Okay. And what did the car look like?
- 11 | A. It was an SUV type.
- 12 | Q. Okay.
- 13 A. Yeah, I don't remember if it was pale. It was a light color. I don't remember if it was blue or a light gray.
- 16 Q. Okay. But it was a light color?
- 17 A. Yeah, a light color.
- 18 Q. Okay. All right, go ahead.
- 19 A. I didn't feel, you know, comfortable going to
- two men so I told them no. And they kept
- insisting, you know, we'll drive around, pick up
- another bitch, so, you know, something to that
- 23 effect.
- Q. Do you remember who was with you when they

- 1 talked to you?
- A. There was a girl standing near me, her name was

  Tex. That was her street name, yeah.
- 4 | Q. Okay.
- 5 A. And she said no, she said, come on, Eva, and we
- 6 walked away. And the guy starts hollering
- 7 obscenities out the window, you know.
- 8 Q. This is the white man was hollering obscenities?
- 9 A. Yeah; yeah.
- 10 | Q. Okay.
- 11 A. You know, calling me F-ing bitches, whores, and
- 12 that. So I just went on in the house.
- 13 | Q. Okay.
- 14 A. Okay.
- 15 Q. And again, I wasn't clear on the time that
- 16 you're talking about this being.
- 17 A. It was early evening.
- 18 Q. Okay. Was it still light out or was the sun
- setting, or do you have any idea?
- 20 A. It was early evening.
- 21 Q. Okay. All right. And was Jacquetta Thomas
- 22 there at that time?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Okay. All right. And then what happened?

- A. Okay. I think it's the next day, yeah, maybe it was early that morning, or I -- yeah.
- 3 Q. Okay. Sort of overnight then, hours later?
- 4 A. Yeah. Like through the night, hours later.
- 5 | Q. Okay.
- A. I was out and I met a person, a trick, and we went into the house. You know, he parked his car in a garage parking lot where Pretty's was across the street and we went into the house.

  And I saw -- heard noise up in the kitchen.
- 11 | Q. This is your house, the house you stayed at?
- 12 | A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. Okay. Go ahead.
- 14 And I thought it was one of the other men that Α. 15 lived in the house. And when I went back there 16 were, I want to say three or four people in the 17 kitchen. There were two girls and, you know, 18 some of it's come back to me. A girl by the 19 name of -- oh, what was her name. It was a 20 black girl and Jacquetta and these two men.
- 21 Q. And Jacquetta was there?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 | Q. Okay.
- 24 A. Okay. They had needles and drugs out on the,

there was like a little center table in the middle of the kitchen. They had drugs and needles and all that stuff. And I Said, you all have to clean that shit up, you know, and get, go, leave. So there again, you know, again the guy with the hostility, you know, is talking to me, you know, we don't have to go anything where, you know, you don't own this house. And no, but I live there. You know, give me that respect and leave.

So they went out the side door, the kitchen door. And I don't know where their vehicle was parked because it wasn't in front of the house, it wasn't on the side of the house. But Jacquetta gathered up her stuff and went out the front. There's like a front door, a porch, and then down the hallway, the kitchen, and then there was a door to the side of the house, I call it the back of the house. And she went out the front and I told her, be careful. And she said, yeah, I will. And Whoopie was the other girl that was there.

- Q. Okay.
- A. And she left out the side door, you know, the

1 back.

- 2 | Q. At the same time as everybody else?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. Okay. So all four of them left together?
- A. No, Jacquetta went out the front of the house, out the front door.
- 7 Q. Okay. I'm sorry, go ahead.
- 8 A. She gathered up her stuff and went out the front 9 door. So --
- 10 Q. Okay.
- 11 A. Okay. Then I went over to -- they had a board
  12 that fit onto braces on the back door of the
  13 house.
- 14 Q. Okay.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

A. I went to see where the board was so I could brace the door back again. And I saw the, it was a Pathfinder, pull up to the side street on Cabarrus Street. The back door faced Cabarrus. And I saw Jacquetta on the corner walk toward the corner. She turned the corner and then there was a house, and then the truck pulled just beyond the house. And I saw her walk up to the side of the truck and then she talked a couple minutes and then went around the front

- end of the truck, and I guess she got in because it pulled off and I didn't see any more of her after that.
- Q. Okay. Was it the same truck that you had seen earlier?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 | Q. And do you know which side she got in?
- 8 A. I would imagine it was the passenger's side.
- 9 Q. Okay. Could you see the men in the truck at the time?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 | Q. Okay. But you saw her get into it?
- 13 | A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. And do you know what time this was?
- 15 A. No. Really back then I didn't relate to times

  16 or --
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. It was just part of that.
- Q. Okay; all right. Now, you talked to the police a couple of times, right, about this case?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And then you testified at trial, right?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 | Q. Did you have an agreement in order to testify

with the District Attorney's office? 1 2 No. Α. 3 Okay. Did you have any charges pending against Q. you when you testified? 4 5 Truthfully, I don't remember. Α. 6 Q. Okay. 7 Α. I think I might have because I always had I wasn't --8 something going on. 9 Q. Sure. And you're doing much better now, right? 10 Oh, much better. Α. 11 Good. Q. Married and grandchildren and totally straight. 12 Α. Good. Good; good. So you don't think you had 13 Q. an agreement, you can't remember if you had 14 changes pending. Do you remember if you were in 15 16 jail at the time that you testified? 17 I have strained my brain trying to remember if Α. 18 they came and talked to me in jail. 19 Q. Okay. You just can't remember? 20 Α. Or when they caught me, maybe they couldn't catch up with me to ask me any questions. 21 22 Okay. That's fine if you can't --Q. 23 when they got me in jail, they -- I think maybe Α.

that was what it was.

- 1 Okay. So you, are you confident that you didn't Q. 2 have an agreement or you cannot remember? 3 I'm confident that I've never had any agreements Α. 4 with any --5 Q. Have you ever had an agreement to testify 6 before? 7 No, ma'am. Α. 8 would you take an agreement to testify? Q. 9 Α. No. 10 Why not? Q. 11 well, if you do the crime, do the time. Α. 12 mean --13 Q. Okay.
- 14 Α. I don't feel I should get treated any different 15 than anybody else. You know, if I done it, do 16 it.
- 17 0. Okay. What kind of board was it at the rear 18 door that you talked about?
- 19 It was a plank, you know, like -- my landlord Α. 20 was Bruce Lightner, and it was a house that 21 really should have been condemned.
- 22 okay. Q.
- 23 Okay. He didn't -- there was a lock on the Α. 24 front door but, you know, he didn't spare any

- 1 expenses to fix up this house.
- Q. Okay. So this was like a plank that you put into brackets to keep the door from opening?
- 4 A. Yeah; yeah, so it couldn't be --
- Q. Okay. And was that plank there when you saw them?
- 7 A. Yeah.

9

10

21

22

23

- Q. Okay. Now, so you said you do remember talking to the police two different times before, before you testified?
- 11 A. Yeah. I mean, they were asking me questions about, about this.
- Q. Right. And did they come out to you where you lived and talk to you the first time, if you can remember?
- 16 | A. I don't.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- A. I don't remember when, when they started talking to me. I believe it was within a couple of days of the, yeah, her disappearance.
  - Q. Now, the first two times that you talked to the police you did not tell them that you saw the victim, Jacquetta, with the two men or that you ever saw her in your house. Do you remember

1 why?

- 2 A. I told them what, what I know about it.
- Q. Okay. So did you tell them all that you knew the first and second time?
- 5 A. Yes; yes.
- Q. And you wouldn't have had any reason to not tell them anything?
- 8 A. No; no.
- 9 Q. Okay. Now, if at trial you said that you did
  10 not see Jacquetta get into the truck with the
  11 men --
- 12 A. Well, I did not see her get in, I saw her walk

  13 around to the side and the truck pull away,

  14 so --
- 15 Q. Okay.
- 16 A. And then I didn't see her anymore after that.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. She would usually come back to E Street if she didn't make a --
- Q. Okay. Now, at the trial you said you saw the truck, them all walk up off the corner and then the truck drive by. Do you think that would be more accurate or are you confident about what you're telling us today?

- A. No, I'm confident, you know. I mean, I've thought about it, you know, what had happened.

  I guess it all just happened so fast.
  - Q. Okay. And do you remember talking to Sharon
    Stellato in August about this case?
- 6 | A. Yes, I do.

- Q. And was that the first time that anybody talked to you about this case in a long time?
- 9 A. Yeah, since, since the trial.
- 10 Q. Since the trial nobody talked to you about it?
- 11 | A. No, ma'am.
- Q. And at the time that you talked to Sharon, were you -- did you feel like you were remembering things pretty well then?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- Q. And have you thought about it more since you've talked to Sharon?
- 18 A. Constantly.
- 19 Q. Constantly?
- 20 A. Yeah. I mean, yeah. I mean, I've lost sleep 21 over it.
- Q. And who else has come out to talk to you about it since you talked to Sharon?
- A. Well, the, I believe News & Observer came out on

- the property and I wasn't there, but I didn't talk to them.
- Q. Okay. Have any other investigators come out and talked to you?
- 5 A. No.
- Q. Okay. Has anybody called you and talked to you about it?
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. Okay. Who brought you your trial testimony and asked you to review it, anybody?
- 11 A. I think it was mailed to me.
- 12 | Q. Mailed to you?
- 13 A. Not a testimony, it was subpoenas.
- Q. Okay. Has anybody brought you the transcript of what you testified about at trial?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Okay. Now, if Whoopie -- you're talking about
  Whoopie was with them in the kitchen, right?
- 19 A. Yeah.
- Q. If whoopie said, told the police that she never saw these men and certainly never saw them with the victim, is whoopie wrong?
- 23 A. I would say yes.
- 24 Q. Okay.

Unless she didn't remember. 1 Α. 2 Okay. Ms. Kelly, I don't have any more Q. 3 questions right now, but these Commissioners probably have a couple of questions for you. 4 5 Α. Okay. 6 Q. And again, I want to thank you for coming in and 7 talking with us today. I know it's been a long time, but we really appreciate it. 8 9 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 10 do you have any questions for Ms. Kelly? 11 MR. BECTON: Ms. Kelly, I think I have 12 a couple. Earlier in response to a 13 question I understood you to say that you could not see the men in the truck. You're 14 15 at the back door where the plank is, you 16 say you see a truck? 17 Α. Yeah. 18 MR. BECTON: You see Jackie talking to 19 someone? 20 Α. Yes. 21 MR. BECTON: But you could not see the 22 men in the truck? 23 Α. No. 24 MR. BECTON: Could you tell how many

1		people were in the truck?
2	Α.	No.
	Α.	
3		MR. BECTON: Could you tell if there
4		was more than one person in the truck?
5	Α.	No, not, not from the door.
6		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any more
7		Commissioner questions? Mr. Devereux?
8		MR. DEVEREUX: Hello, Ms. Hitch. I
9		understood you to say that between the
10		times you saw them that you said it was
11		through the night and hours later. And
12		when Jackie went outside and was beside
13		this vehicle, was it daylight at that
14		point? I know you said you couldn't
15		remember exactly what time it was.
16	Α.	Yeah. It was, it was light.
17		MR. DEVEREUX: Light. And how far
18		were you? Where you were in the kitchen,
19		how far was that from where the vehicle
20		was?
21	Α.	Well, my kitchen door would be here
22		(indicating). Probably the distance of a house.
23		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
24	Α.	Say a little, about where Grace is sitting.

1		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
2	Α.	To the street, the actual street. A yard, yard
3		length and the street.
4		MR. DEVEREUX: And by that time it was
5		light enough that you could clearly see
6		what you've described to us?
7	Α.	Yeah. I saw Jacquetta walk up to this, this
8		truck, and it was the same truck that had tried
9		to pick me up earlier on.
10		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay. Thank you,
11		ma'am.
12		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Other
13		Commissioner questions?
14		MR. BECTON: Was the driver's door
15		closest to you?
16	Α.	Yes.
17		MR. BECTON: And you say Jackie walked
18		around to the other side, to the
19		passenger's side?
20	Α.	Yes.
21		MS. PICKENS: And ma'am, did you say
22		that it was getting light by this time?
23	Α.	It was light.
24		MS. PICKENS: It was already light

1	outside?
2	A. Uh-huh (yes). Yeah.
3	MS. PICKENS: So it would have been in
4	the early morning hours, is that correct?
5	A. Yeah.
6	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. If
7	there's no more Commissioner questions, I
8	ask that Ms. Kelly be released.
9	JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you very much,
10	ma'am.
11	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Ms. Kelly,
12	thank you. Your Honor, I'm going to ask
13	that Ms. Kelly be released from her
14	subpoena so that she can go back to
15	Johnston.
16	JUDGE SUMNER: Certainly. You are
17	released, thank you.
18	A. Okay. Thank you.
19	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Thank you,
20	Ms. Kelly, I appreciate it.
21	(MS. KELLY IS DISMISSED FROM THE
22	HEARING ROOM.)
23	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, do
24	you have any questions for me or would you like

me to recall Ms. Stellato at any point? 1 2 MR. DEVEREUX: And I'm not sure I 3 understand the procedure entirely for what's evidence and what's just discussion, but it 4 would help me put things in perspective to 5 recall what time Greg Taylor showed back up the 6 7 next morning to pick up his stuck vehicle. MS. STELLATO: It was between 7:25 and 8 7:45 a.m. 9 10 MR. DEVEREUX: And what time was the body 11 discovered? 12 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Right around -- it's 13 in the testimony in your brief. It was right around 6:00 a.m. when Officer -- let me find it 14 15 for you, I'll get it exactly right for you. 16 Officer Kennon. (Ms. Montgomery-Blinn examines 17 documents.) He says he drove into the cul-de-18 sac around 7:30 or 7:40 that morning, Officer 19 Kennon. MR. DEVEREUX: That's Greg did? Or Officer 20 21 Kennon? 22 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Uh-huh (yes). This 23 is the officer that first discovered the victim's body. That's when Officer Kennon says 24

1	that he drove into the let me make sure now.
2	(Ms. Montgomery-Blinn continues to examine
3	document.) Yeah. It's also in the little time
4	line that you have because I think he changes it
5	a little bit later in his testimony. Yeah,
6	between 7:30 and 7:40 her body was discovered by
7	a Raleigh police officer. At between 8:30 and
8	9:30 Gregory Taylor arrived at the scene to ask
9	to get his truck. And yeah.
10	MS. STELLATO: (Confers with
11	Ms. Montgomery-Blinn.)
12	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any more questions?
13	(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
14	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I'm sorry, do we
15	need a break?
16	(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
17	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, the
18	victim's family is requesting
19	JUDGE SUMNER: We'll take a break, about 15
20	minutes.
21	(THEREUPON, A SHORT RECESS WAS TAKEN.)
22	JUDGE SUMNER: We're back in session.
23	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Thank you, your
24	Honor. All right, Commissioners, we are now

going to present evidence to you about Ernest Andrews. Mr. Andrews was interviewed by the police originally, and that is on, the transcript of that entire interview is on page 310 in your briefs. He also testified at trial. The entire transcript of his trial testimony is on page 30 in your briefs. The North Carolina Center on Actual Innocense also interviewed him and the summary of their interview is in your briefs on page 322.

Sharon Stellato, who is our staff investigator, also worked for the Center for Actual Innocense a couple of years ago and she was working with them at the time and was on that interview. So if you have any questions about her recollection, you're more than welcome to ask her.

The Commission interviewed him and it was, again, our staff investigator, Sharon Stellato, and our case manager, Grace Wallace. They interviewed Mr. Andrews on August 3, 2009. This is an old photograph, it's older than 2005, but it's what DOC had available. This is Mr. Andrews' criminal record including class II

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

or higher and then the worthless checks, which usually can be permitted.

The Commission has made a couple of attempts or done everything we can, anyway, to verify some of the factual information that was included in Mr. Andrews' trial testimony and statement to the police, and I'll tell you what we were able to find out. It does not appear that the police ever did try to interrogate Gregory Taylor after his arrest. Mr. Andrews says that Mr. Taylor was brought into the cell block, taken back out for interrogation, and then came back in and made more statements to The police record, the police file is very extensive and there's no documentation anywhere that they ever did try to interrogate Gregory Taylor after the arrest. It's possible that they did and just did not document it. And the police officers, we did interview them, but their memories of the case, they just don't remember those level of details about the case.

MR. BECTON: But you did find an order that would have allowed them to interview him again?

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: There was an order

that would have allowed them, that was in there that would have allowed them to take him out. It was not signed. It was not signed in the DA's file, it was not signed in the police department file. They also would not have needed an order to take him out and to interrogate him. But we did find that in there, but we couldn't find it signed and we couldn't find any documentation in their notes. And they were very good about recording all the interviews that they did, we just didn't see it anywhere. It does not mean that it didn't happen, but just so that you know, we did try to verify that and we were not able to.

The old wake County jail, not the current one, but the Wake County jail that was in use in 1991 or in September of 1991, they switched over later on, I believe, in the same year, did not keep records of what cell block people were in so Ernest Andrews testified that he was in cell block E, the same cell block as Gregory Taylor. All that can be verified with the jail records are that they were both in the Wake County jail at the same time. But the records do not show

who was in cell block A, who was in cell block B, and so on. And this was also something that was litigated, the Motion for Appropriate Relief. So they also tried back then and weren't able to tell. We did talk to Allan Moore, administrative officer for the Wake County sheriff's office, and he looked to see even if there was sort of somewhere unofficial that had documented what cell blocks people were in, and he was not able to give us any documentation about that.

And then the final thing is that

Mr. Andrews mentions taking a cigarette break or

smoking while they're talking. Inmates were not

allowed to smoke in the old wake County jail,

but everybody did. It was common knowledge

that, technically, while they were not allowed

to, it was very routine, everybody did. Allan

Moore, as well as other people, verified that

they could easily have had access to cigarettes

while they were in there and smoked during those

interviews.

At this time I would like to call the Commission investigator, Sharon Stellato, to

talk about the interview that she conducted with 1 2 Ernest Andrews. 3 (MS. STELLATO RETURNS TO THE WITNESS 4 STAND.) 5 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, is she still under oath? 6 7 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes, she is. 8 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 9 10 Ms. Stellato, I'll just remind you that you're Q. 11 under oath. 12 when did you or, Ms. Stellato, were you able to interview Ernest Andrews while working 13 for this Commission? 14 15 We were on August 3, 2009. Α. Okay. And go ahead and tell us a little bit 16 Q. about the set up for this interview: Where was 17 18 it at, who was with you, all of that information. 19 It was myself and Grace Wallace, and we drove to 20 his home in New Bern. He did -- we did not tell 21 22 him that we were coming, we just arrived in the hopes of catching him there. 23 And was he there? 24 Q.

A. He was.

- 2 Q. And who else was there?
  - A. He -- no one that came out; you know, no one that we heard or saw. If there was someone else, I don't know.
    - Q. Okay. Was he willing to speak with you?
      - A. Initially he was not willing to speak with us.

        He told us that he didn't have anything to say.

        Actually, when I got to the door he asked me,

        are you here about the Taylor guy? So he knew,

        I guess, that we wanted to talk to him about the

        case. After a little while it became clear that

        he thought we were a different agency. And when

        he found out that I worked for the State and

        when he found out, you know, that he could talk

        to us, I guess he felt more comfortable talking

        to us, he did. And he let us in and then he was

        happy to be interviewed.
      - Q. Okay, you say he was happy to be interviewed.

        Can you describe the behavior that led you to that conclusion?
      - A. He was -- he didn't, you know, he didn't let us in, he didn't want to talk to us when we first arrived, he wouldn't really answer any

questions. But then after he asked me three or 1 four times if I worked for the State, and after 2 he found out, I think after he was assured of 3 that, he opened the door and, you know, have a 4 5 seat anywhere and was comfortable talking to us 6 and friendly. Okay. Q. 8 MR. BECTON: Ms. Stellato, I thought I recall somewhere that his wife was there. 9 10 Did she -- you just said he was alone. 11 His wife was there in the North Carolina Center Α. on Actual Innocence interview. 12 MR. BECTON: Oh, okay. Now I won't be 13 confused about that. 14 15 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Right. And I'm only asking about the Commission interview. 16 17 However, if Commissioners have any questions about that interview, we've 18 19 provided the summary from the Center's 20 files, I think that's the summary that 21 speaks for itself. But you are welcome to 22 ask Sharon what memory she has. MR. BECTON: No, I just didn't want to 23 be confused. 24

1 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. Okay, 2 yeah. 3 MR. BECTON: I had it in my mind that 4 the wife was there. 5 JUDGE SUMNER: Excuse me, who did he think you worked for initially? 6 7 I believe that he thought that I worked for the Α. North Carolina Center on Actual Innocense. 8 Не 9 asked me, are you here about the Taylor guy? 10 And I said yes. And he said, I've got nothing 11 to talk to you about. And then he said, I've 12 already told you everything. And later on, how 13 I believe that he thinks that is later on during the interview he says, I thought you were 14 15 someone else. Two years ago they came and 16 interviewed me and that's who I thought you 17 were. 18 Q. And you explained to him that we are a State 19 agency? 20 I did. Α. 21 Okay. So go ahead and tell us a little bit or, 0. 22 you know, tell us the highlights of what he told 23 you in that interview. 24 He told me that he was in the cell at the Wake Α.

- County jail with Greg Taylor. He had actually already been sentenced on his case and he was in holding waiting to be transferred and that's why he was there.
- Q. And was that consistent with the things that he had told the police at trial and as far as you could tell from this interview?
- A. It is.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- O. Okay. Go ahead.
- A. He said that Greg Taylor had been taken out of his cell, questioned for he doesn't know how many hours because he was asleep when Greg Taylor first came back in. When he woke up Greg Taylor was sitting there and he asked him, what are you in here for? And Greg Taylor responded, killing someone. And then Mr. Andrews said that he believed it was a prostitute.
- Q. And did he believe that because that's what Gregory Taylor told him or do you not know?
- A. He didn't, he didn't -- he just said, I believe it was a prostitute.
- Q. Okay.
- A. He said that he remembered him -- a 4Runner had come on the TV in the jail, it was a little

black and white TV, and that Gregory Taylor had said, that's my car. He described Greg Taylor on that day as being, his quote is, his eyes looked a little impaired or drunk, he might have been kind of high or impaired.

- Q. And this is what he told you at your interview?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Go ahead.
- A. Then he says that the conversation went on and he asked how the girl died, and Gregory Taylor said, with a smile on her face. Ernest Andrews asked, what do you mean by that? And Gregory Taylor indicated by pulling a finger across his throat.
- Q. Okay. What else did Mr. Andrews tell you?
- A. He went on to say, he said that to this day he has no idea how the girl died, he doesn't know if her throat was cut or if she was shot, that Gregory Taylor did not say that he had killed her, nor did he say that the other guy had killed her. He said that he, he being Ernest Andrews, recalled that his testimony did not include him saying he knew who did it, he just knows that they were with her and then she ended

up dead.

Then we continue, we continue talking, he said that he felt like maybe Gregory Taylor was trying to be, at first he used the word brave. He said that they were in a cell with a lot of blacks, that Gregory Taylor was scared, and that he felt like Gregory Taylor was trying to influence him and making him seem like he was more than he was. When I kind of pressed him on this he said he didn't understand it, he didn't know why he said the things he said, he just felt like maybe he was boasting, bragging is the term.

- Q. Okay. So he, did he tell you if Gregory Taylor said that Gregory Taylor killed the victim?
- A. He said he did not say that, he never said that.
- Q. Did he tell you if Gregory Taylor said that Johnny Beck killed the victim?
  - A. He said he did not, he did not ever hear that or say that.
- Q. He did not hear that?
- 22 A. Or say that.
  - Q. He didn't, he told you that he had not heard
    Gregory Taylor say Johnny Beck killed the

victim? 1 2 Yes. Α. Did he tell you if Gregory Taylor said 3 Okay. 0. who killed the victim? 4 5 Α. No. Okay. And is there anything else that 6 Q. 7 Mr. Andrews told you? 8 The only thing that he said is he remembered Α. testifying saying that things had gotten out of 10 hand and that Gregory Taylor had told him that 11 the three of them were doing drugs together and 12 that they were going to have sex together and that it didn't work out. 13 Okay. Gregory Taylor told him that he --14 Q. 15 Gregory Taylor told Andrews that, yes. Α. Okay. And did Mr. Andrews talk to you about why 16 Q. he came forward to the police or to the District 17 Attorney's office? 18 He made a phone call -- he didn't, he wouldn't 19 Α. 20 disclose the name of the person he called, but he made a phone call to someone on the outside 21 22 and that person called the detective, and then the detective came and interviewed him. 23 there was actually a note in the police file 24

that the detective had received a phone call 1 2 saying Ernest Andrews had information, but it 3 doesn't say who called. Okay. And he didn't say who he called? 4 Q. He actually refused to say. 5 Α. Okay. You asked him and he refused to answer? 6 0. 7 Α. I did. Uh-huh (yes). 8 Q. Did he tell you why he called the District Attorney's office? 9 10 Α. He said that he was hoping to get a deal. He 11 had just been sentenced to five years. He didn't. He says he -- a five-year active 12 sentence that he believes he did nine or ten 13 months on. And by the time he testified at 14 15 trial he was on parole, so he did not get a deal. 16 17 Okay. Did he talk to you at all about who else Q. was in the cell block and who else might have 18 19 heard the conversation? 20 Α. He said in this interview that Gregory Taylor 21 was only talking to him and kind of because he was the white person in there and that there 22 23 were a lot of other blacks in there and that 24 Gregory Taylor was uncomfortable and looking to

brag, which was inconsistent. In some of the 1 2 other interviews he had stated that there were 3 more than one, more than one person sitting around and at times that there were other people 4 5 that asked Gregory Taylor the questions, not 6 him. Okay. But this time he told you that it was Q. 8 just him and Gregory Taylor? 9 He did. Α. 10 Okay. And the words that you've been using, 0. 11 those are his words, blacks and brag and --12 Α. Yes. 13 All right. Is there anything else from his Q. interview aside from, you know, talking about 14 15 coming here and where he is and what he's doing 16 now, any other case fact? 17 Α. The only thing that he says, he does say that the only thing he remembers is that they were 18 19 partying and things got out of hand. He now 20 says looking back hearing about the case that he 21 doesn't understand why Gregory Taylor got 22 convicted, that it couldn't have had anything to 23 do with his testimony. 24 Okay. Is there anything else? Q.

1	Α.	No.
2		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioner,
3		do you have any questions for Ms. Stellato?
4		Yes, Mr. Becton.
5		MR. BECTON: At the time you
6		interviewed him did he discuss whether Greg
7		Taylor said the victim's throat was cut or
8		whether the police told Gregory Taylor that
9		the victim's throat was cut?
LO	Α.	He says that when Gregory Taylor came back in
l1		after being interrogated, he, Andrews, asked
L2		Gregory Taylor how did the victim die. And
L3		Gregory Taylor responded, in quotes, with a
L4		smile on her face. And then he asked, what does
L5		that mean? And he demonstrated with his finger.
L6		So he doesn't say if the police told Gregory
L7		Taylor that or if Gregory Taylor was stating he
L8		had done it and that's how she died; he doesn't
.9		say.
20		MR. DEVEREUX: Gregory Taylor was
21		shown a crime scene photograph, wasn't he,
22		in that first interview?
23	Α.	Yes, he was.
24		MR. DEVEREUX: The ones that showed

```
the injuries to --
1
2
           Yes, he was.
      Α.
3
                     MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any other
                questions, Commissioners?
4
 5
                      (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
                     MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. I'll ask
 6
                that Ms. Stellato be released.
 8
                     JUDGE SUMNER: You may.
                     MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: The Commission
 9
10
                calls Ernest Andrews.
11
12
           THEREUPON,
13
                ERNEST ANDREWS,
           Having first been duly
14
15
           Sworn, was examined and
           Testified as follows:
16
17
      BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:
18
      Q. Hi, Mr. Andrews.
19
      Α.
           Hey.
20
           How are you?
      Q.
21
      Α.
           Fine, thank you.
22
           Thank you so much for coming all this way. I
      Q.
           know you had a very long drive to get here. And
23
24
           thank you for helping us with our investigation.
```

1 As I told you earlier, my name is Kendra 2 Montgomery, and I'm going to ask you a number of 3 questions about what you remember. These are the Commissioners here sitting around the table, 4 5 they're also going to ask you some questions or 6 probably will. If I ask you a question and you 7 cannot remember the answer to it, then the 8 truthful answer is, I cannot remember. Please 9 don't try to tell what you think I want to hear or what you think happened, only what you can 10 11 remember. And if I ask you a question and you 12 just don't know the answer to it, please just tell us, I don't know, that's the truthful 13 14 answer.

15 | A. Yes, ma'am.

16

17

23

- Q. All right. Can you go ahead and tell us your name?
- 18 A. Ernest Andrews.
- 19 Q. And Mr. Andrews, where do you live?
- 20 A. 1404 Helen Avenue, New Bern, North Carolina.
- Q. In New Bern. And where are you employed or how are you employed?
  - A. Well, I'm, I fill in for drivers that can't make a run. I'm unemployed at the present, for the

- 1 last year.
- Q. Okay. So is it for truck driving, is that what you're talking about?
- 4 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Andrews, I'd like to talk about 1991.
  Can you remember where you were living in 1991?
- 7 A. I still lived in New Bern.
- 8 Q. Okay. At any time in 1991 were you in custody?
- 9 A. Yes, ma'am, I was in Wake County jail. I think 10 that was in '91.
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. And North Carolina Department of Corrections.
- Q. Okay. Do you think you were in the Wake County jail on September 27 of 1991?
- 15 A. It would have been in September.
- 16 Q. Okay. What were you in jail for, Mr. Andrews?
- 17 | A. Embezzlement.
- 18 Q. And had you already been sentenced?
- 19 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 20 Q. And you went on to serve your time on that charge in the Department of Corrections?
- 22 A. I did.
- Q. Do you remember meeting a person named Gregory
  Taylor in the Wake County jail?

A. I do.

1

5

6

7

8

9

10

21

22

23

- 2 Q. Okay. How did you meet him?
- A. We were in a bull pen type cell, situation, and
  I think I had been sleeping and woke up.
  - Q. Can you speak just a little bit louder?
  - A. I think I had been sleeping and woke up to -- he was sitting there and I just asked him what he was in there for. And he said they had picked him up for the, either killing or murder of a prostitute, I believe.
- Q. He said they had picked him up for the murder of a prostitute?
- 13 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. Do you remember roughly what time of day this was?
- 16 A. Not really.
- Q. Okay. Can you tell us a little bit about -
  what was this, you said you were in a bull pen.

  What do you mean by that? What did it look like

  in there?
  - A. It's just a, that's just a front part of maybe four or five different cells, kind of like a little space. You got four or five cells here and a little area out in front of them where you

- 1 generally get your food.
- 2 Q. And you were out in that area?
- 3 A. Yes, ma'am. Well, jail was overflowed.
- 4 | Q. Do you know which cell block you were in?
- 5 A. No, ma'am.
- Q. Okay. Do you know how many other people were in this cell block with you?
- 8 A. Probably 20 at least.
- 9 Q. Okay. And this is when you spoke with him and
  10 he told you what he was in for. Did you talk
  11 with him more at that time?
- 12 A. Probably two, maybe two, three hours or so; 13 through that day anyway.
- 14 Q. Okay. Throughout the day?
- 15 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Did he ever leave the cell block and come out, come back, if you remember?
- 18 A. I'm not sure about that.
- Q. Okay. Were other people talking with him or was it just you and him talking?
- A. Well, before I met him I have no idea if he
  talked to anyone else, but I don't recall him
  talking to anyone so, you know, I don't really
  know.

- Q. Okay. What are some of the things that or what did he tell you?
  - A. Well, I asked him what he was there for and he told me they picked him up for the, the murder or killing, whatever, as a suspect to this murder and that -- I said, well, how did the murder happen, I think, something along those lines. Anyway, it came up to where he stated that she died with a smile on her face.
  - Q. Had you ever heard that phrase before?
  - A. No, ma'am, because I asked him, I said, what do you mean, a smile on her face? He said her throat was cut. Well now, I don't know if her throat was cut or not. I've never had any information on this case whatsoever. I have been told that her throat was not cut.
  - Q. Who told you that?
- 18 A. Some lady with some commission that was handling this case.
- 20 Q. How long ago was that?
- 21 A. A couple years.
- 22 Q. Okay.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

23 A. To the best of my -- it was at my home, she came 24 to my house. Which, like I say, I have no idea

- 1 whether it was or not.
- Q. The police, did the police talk to you? The police didn't tell you that?
- 4 A. The police never told me that.
- 5 | Q. Okay. The prosecutor never told you that?
- 6 A. No, ma'am.
- 7 | Q. Okay. That's the first time you'd heard that?
- 8 A. Whether it was cut or whether it wasn't cut.
- 9 Q. You don't know?
- 10 A. I don't know. I don't even know that the lady
- 11 was killed with a knife; I have no idea.
- 12 | Q. I appreciate your honesty with us.
- 13 A. All I was told is that there was a knife
- involved from -- don't get this misconstrued
- now. Mr. Taylor did not say he had a knife.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. He said there was a knife there.
- 18 Q. He said there was a knife there?
- 19 A. To the best of my recollection now.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. It's in the testimony, whatever I said. And
- 22 that things just got out of hand, so --
- Q. He said things got out of hand?
- A. Yes, ma'am. But he never stated and I never

- stated, to the best of my knowledge, that he did 1 2 any stabbing. I'm telling you what he had told 3 me.
  - Right. Q.

- 5 Α. And later on that day the news came on and there was a vehicle there, which he stated, well, 6 7 that's my vehicle. It was a SUV like a Pathfinder or a 4Runner.
- 9 Q. okay.
- Which I don't know if that was his vehicle or 10 Α. 11 not.
- Right. But he told you it was? 12 Q.
- But he said it was. 13 Α.
- 14 Q. Okay.
- well, what was it doing there, you know? I 15 Α. 16 didn't ask him that but the Raleigh Police said they had found evidence. 17
- This was on the news? 18 0.
- 19 Α. No, ma'am. This was when I was talking to the Raleigh Police detective. 20
- When they interviewed you? 21 Q.
- Yes, ma'am. 22 Α.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- That they had found evidence in that vehicle, in 24 Α.

- a vehicle. I'm not going to say the one that
  was showed on TV because, you know, I don't
  know. And basically --
  - Q. Did they say the evidence was inside the vehicle?
- 6 A. Yes, ma'am.

- 7 | Q. They told you that when you spoke to them?
- 8 A. Some detective, I don't remember his name.
- 9 Q. Okay. And when it came on the news and
  10 Mr. Taylor said, that's my vehicle, what else
  11 did he say to you?
- 12 A. I'm not positive from there.
- 13 | Q. Okay.
- 14 A. We're talking 19, 18-19 years ago.
- Q. Sure. Do you remember if he told you if he was with anybody else that night?
- A. Seemed like it was we got -- there was another

  person, I understand, that was arrested, which I

  do not know.
- Q. Now, did you hear this from Gregory Taylor or from the police?
- 22 A. From Gregory Taylor.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. And I also understand that this other person was

- 1 never tried or never got any sentence.
- 2 Q. Who told you that?
- A. The same person that told me that he -- that this lady's throat was not cut.
  - Q. So a couple of years ago?
- 6 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 7 | Q. Okay.

- A. He didn't, you know -- I don't recollect the
  guy's name. It seemed like I had told, I think
  that young lady sitting next to you, it was
  maybe Becton or something like that.
- 12 | Q. Okay.
- 13 A. But I'm not positive about that.
- Q. Do you know if -- you said Gregory Taylor was Caucasian?
- 16 A. Yes, he is -- well, he -- yeah.
- 17 Q. The person that he was talking about, do you
- 18 know if that person was Caucasian or African-
- 19 American or --
- 20 A. My understanding is African-American.
- 21 Q. And did you hear that from Gregory Taylor?
- 22 A. From Gregory Taylor.
- 23 Q. Okay. But you never saw this person?
- 24 A. I never saw this person.

- 1 | Q. What else --
- 2 A. Don't even know if he exists.
- Q. Right. What else did Gregory Taylor tell you about that person?
- 5 A. That they had went there to -- I'm assuming he was talking about this guy --
- 7 Q. Right.
- 8 A. -- meaning they went to party and have a good
  9 time and things just got out of hand; that was
  10 it.
- 11 Q. He said things got out of hand?
- 12 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. So did he say that he was with the victim or with the person who died with the smile on her face?
- 16 A. That he was --
- Q. When he said they went to party and have a good time, did he say that he was with her or just --
- 19 A. No, I can't really --
- 20 Q. You don't know?
- 21 A. I can't say he said that, you know.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- 23 A. I'm just saying that he said they went there
  24 to -- so I'm -- I hate to use that word assume.

- I just have to assume that he meant him and the other guy and her.
- 3 | Q. Okay. And he said things got out of hand?
- 4 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 5 | Q. What else did he say about that?
- 6 A. Basically that was about it, that I can remember.
- Q. Okay. Did he tell you what he meant by things got out of hand?
- 10 A. Arguing.
- 11 Q. Arguing?
- 12 A. That's right.
- 13 | Q. Anything else about that?
- 14 A. I don't want to say that he did or didn't, but it should be in the testimony.
- Q. Okay. Did Gregory Taylor ever tell you that he picked up the woman to have sex with her?
- A. He said he -- I'm not -- the lady was picked up
  to -- I'm not saying that they picked them up,
  but the best I can --
- 21 Q. He told you --

- 22 A. The best I can remember is she was picked up for sex and partying.
  - Q. Okay. And Gregory Taylor told you that?

- 1 A. Told, yes, ma'am.
- Q. And he didn't tell you for sure that it was him that picked her up?
- 4 | A. No, ma'am.
- 5 Q. You just assumed that?
- 6 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. Okay; all right. Do you remember if the lady
  that was killed, was she black or white? Do you
  remember?
- 10 A. I understand she was African-American, which I
  11 do not know.
- Q. Okay. And who did you learn that from? How did
  you learn that, was that from Gregory Taylor or
  somebody else?
- 15 A. No, ma'am, that was -- I don't recall. It could
  16 have been from the news, I'm not positive about
  17 that.
- 18 Q. Okay. But not -- do you know it wasn't from
  19 Gregory Taylor or you just --
- 20 A. I can't say it wasn't, I really can't.
- Q. Okay. And that's -- and when you can't remember --
- A. It does -- wait a minute. I'll say that it's kind of like he said she may have -- that he may

have said this because I do know that the way he 1 was talking, the jail cell was full of African-2 3 Americans and I think maybe only he and I were the only two Caucasians or white, whatever you 4 want to call it, there. And I have no idea why 5 he said, told me this, but I didn't pry it. 6 Just like this person that's supposed to have 7 come forward saying that they did it. If they 8 did, then this Taylor boy needs to be released. 9 I mean, I don't know why either one of them is 10 saying what they did. 11 12 Right. Well, and we understand that you don't Q. 13 know, we just want to ask you what you remember. 14 Α. Right. when he said that she died with a smile on her 15 0. face --16 Yes, ma'am. 17 Α. -- did he tell you who did that to her? 18 Q. No, ma'am. 19 Α. 20 He did not? Q. 21 Α. No, ma'am. 22 Did he ever tell you that he was in the vehicle Q. 23 with her and this other person followed her out of the vehicle? 24

- A. I can't recall that.
- Q. Okay. Did he ever tell you that the other
- person came back into the vehicle and said,
- 4 she's not going to party anymore?
- 5 A. That, that's -- that I'm not real positive
- about, but I think that was said.
- 7 Q. You think that was said?
- 8 A. I think that was said.
- 9 Q. Okay. By?
- 10 A. By Gregory Taylor because I never met this other
- 11 person.

- 12 | Q. Okay. When he told you that she died with a
- smile on her face, do you remember telling
- 14 Ms. Stellato that you felt like maybe he was
- bragging or boasting?
- 16 A. Well, I don't know if it was boasting. I may
- have used the word boast, I probably did use the
- 18 word boasting with her, but I'm -- for a lack of
- 19 really knowing a word of maybe not so much as --
- 20 kind of like maybe wanting you to think that
- he's okay or something. I don't know the word
- 22 I'm actually --
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. But it's kind of like a boast.

- Q. Okay. Do you think that your memory of this
   case is accurate today?
- 3 A. As far as from what I've told you, I do.
- 4 Q. You're telling us the truth today?
- 5 A. I'm telling you the truth today as far as I can 6 recall from 18, 19 years ago.
- 7 Q. Do you think your memory of this was better in 1993?
- 9 A. Well, I'm -- feel probably better, sure, that it
  10 was. I mean, you're speaking a year or two
  11 versus almost two decades.
- Q. Okay. And after Mr. Taylor told you these things you contacted somebody. Why did you do that?
- 15 A. To speak with the Raleigh Police Department.
- 16 Q. The Raleigh Police Department?
- 17 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 18 | Q. How did you contact them?
- 19 A. Through at that time a friend of mine.
- 20 Q. Okay. Are you going to tell us who that friend is?
- 22 A. I just as soon not.
- 23 Q. Okay. And why --
- 24 A. I mean, I see no issue. This person knows

- 1 nothing except the Raleigh Police Department.
  - Q. Right. How did you contact that friend?
  - A. By telephone.

3

4

19

- Q. Okay. And you said what to that friend?
- To contact the Raleigh Police Department, that I 5 Α. didn't remember the boy's first name at the 6 7 time, that there's a murder that happened maybe 8 a day or two ago, I don't remember exactly how 9 long, and that this gentleman has made some 10 statements, which I don't know if he was guilty 11 or not, but why -- you know. And she called and 12 I guess two or three, maybe the next day, I 13 don't know, the Raleigh Police Department came 14 to somewhere over near Garner where there's a 15 holding cell where jail personnel at that time to be transferred to DOC. And carried me to 16 17 over here at the Raleigh Police Department, 18 questioned me, then took me back.
  - Q. Okay. And that's when they told you that there was some kind of evidence inside of the vehicle?
- 21 A. Yes, ma'am.
- Q. And did they tell you a little bit more about the case then too?
- 24 A. You mean like --

- Q. You said they might have been the ones that told you the victim was black, you can't remember.
- 3 A. No, I can't remember that.
- 4 | Q. Okay.
- A. But I mean, the only thing that was stated,
  yeah, we think he did it, you know. I don't -that he's involved. I'm not going to say that
  he did it.
- 9 Q. They told you they thought he was involved?
- 10 | A. Yes, ma'am.
- 11 Q. And why did you want to contact the Raleigh
  12 Police Department?
- 13 A. Well, I had a sentence, at one time I thought it
  14 might would help me, which it did not.
- 15 Q. All right.
- 16 A. And I served my time out and then was paroled.
- 17 Plus I guess you could say that if there is a
- murder involved, the person needs to be found.
- 19 But I'm beginning to wonder now if I saw an eye
- 20 witness deal if I would even want to say
- 21 anything.
- Q. Is there anything that I have not asked you that you can remember?
- 24 A. No, ma'am.

1	Q.	Okay. I don't have any more questions right
2		now, but I think my Commissioners may have a
3		couple of questions for you.
4		JUDGE SUMNER: Mr. Andrews, did
5		Mr. Taylor, did anybody overhear the
6		conversation between the two of you?
7	Α.	All I would say I wouldn't say that they
8		heard or were listening. I would say that
9		people were around.
10		JUDGE SUMNER: Nobody joined in the
11		conversation?
12	Α.	No; no, sir. As I stated, the best I remember,
13		we were the only two Caucasians there and, I
14		don't know, he seemed I don't know, I never
15		saw him talk to anybody else. But shortly after
16		that, I mean like when I say shortly, I mean
17		maybe the next day, I'm not even positive about
18		that, I was transferred out.
19		JUDGE SUMNER: He went into no other
20		details other than what you've told us here
21		this morning?
22	Α.	Sir?
23		JUDGE SUMNER: He went into no other
24		details about this matter other than what

you've just told us about, sir? 1 2 Α. Not to the best of my recollection, sir. 3 MR. BECTON: Were you two whispering or talking in a normal voice? 4 5 Α. Well, probably not as loud as you and I are talking but, I mean, it's kind of like this 6 7 volume here maybe (indicating). Well, yeah, this here happened, about like that, you know. Lower than we're speaking. 10 MR. BECTON: With approximately 20 11 people in the cell who was the closest 12 person to you or he at the time you two 13 were talking? Well, I have no idea about that. I mean, most 14 Α. of the people were at least eight feet away. As 15 far as to place a person, it could be another 16 someone in jail, is all I could tell you. 17 have no idea of the other people name. 18 19 MR. BECTON: Do you recall how long --20 let me ask it differently. Do I understand that you were asleep at the time he was 21 22 brought to the jail? 23 I was asleep or --Α. 24 MR. BECTON: Dozing?

1	Α.	dozing, yes, sir.
2		MR. BECTON: And when you awoke, he
3		was there by your feet?
4	Α.	Yes, sir. The jail was overflowed, did not have
5		a cell. Cells were already taken so I was on
6		the floor like probably five, six more people,
7		which he had perched hisself, you know, right
8		next to where I was at.
9		MR. BECTON: Do you know how long he
LO		had been there before you awoke?
1	Α.	No, sir.
L2		MR. BECTON: And after you awoke, how
L3		long was it before he told you what you've
L4		testified to that he told you?
L5	Α.	Probably within a two-hour range.
L6		MS. GREENLEE: Mr. Andrews.
L7	Α.	Yes, ma'am.
L8		MS. GREENLEE: Approximately how large
L9		was the space in which you were in with the
20		other 20 people?
21	Α.	Maybe the size of the inside part of this
22		perimeter around the table, maybe a little
23		larger. Well, a normal cell was probably maybe
24		10 feet wide because it was double bunk, meaning

on each side of the cell. And I think there was 1 only maybe four bunk cells. I would say 10 feet 2 wide by maybe 20, 25, 30 feet long at the most. 3 I have no idea actually, but that's about 4 basically. 5 MR. BECTON: When the TV streamer came 6 on and you saw the vehicle, was there a 7 discussion on the TV about the murder of a 8 black prostitute? 9 I really don't know, sir. All I remember is 10 Α. seeing the vehicle and he said, and that's my 11 12 vehicle. There was some news, but I didn't hear There's also a lot of chatter that you 13 have, a lot of chatter amongst 20, 30 inmates. 14 15 Okay. Had Gregory Taylor MR. BECTON: already talked to you about when you 16 testified about before that TV streamer 17 18 came on or was this after? 19 That was -- he had talked to me before the --Α. 20 well, the vehicle. I don't know what you mean 21 by streamer. 22 MR. BECTON: Well, I thought that was 23 something on TV you saw. Before you saw the vehicle on the TV had --24

He talked to me before the vehicle appeared. 1 Α. 2 MR. BECTON: Okay. That was my question. 3 Yes, sir. 4 Α. MR. BECTON: Did he talk to you about 5 6 what happened after the vehicle appeared? 7 Just that that was his vehicle. There's my Α. vehicle. 8 MS. PICKENS: During your conversation 9 10 with Mr. Taylor were there other people 11 awake or were the other inmates asleep 12 during your conversation? You said while 13 you were watching television there was 14 chatter going on. But when you woke up and 15 you saw him there, were there mattresses on the floor of the cell? 16 17 Ma'am, I've been to so many jails, I couldn't Α. 18 tell you, to be honest with you. It seemed like 19 there was a mattress, but I'm not positive. do know we had blankets. And I don't say I've 20 21 been to so many jails with honor either, I mean, 22 it's just fact. But as far as other people, 23 there was, like I say, everybody is right there 24 around the bull pen. I'm sure some people were

1		sleeping or in their bunk.
2		MS. PICKENS: But some of the people
3		out in the day area where you and
4		Mr. Taylor were, they were awake
5	Α.	Yes, ma'am.
6		MS. PICKENS: while you were having
7		your conversation, you just don't know
8		whether they heard?
9	Α.	That's true. I mean, it's just like well, I
10		won't say anything because I don't know that for
11		a fact.
12		MR. BECTON: Mr. Andrews, I'm looking
13		at page 403 of your transcript and reading
14		from line 19. And one of them said, well,
15		how did she die? And he said, with a smile
16		on her face.
17	Α.	Yes, sir.
18		MR. BECTON: So were there other
19		inmates also talking to Mr. Taylor and you?
20	Α.	Not to my knowledge, none of them talking to me.
21		I
22		MR. BECTON: Do you recall testifying
23		that as you were there on the floor and you
24		and Mr. Taylor started talking, he said he

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

was charged with murder or had been arrested for murder, that there were several of us sitting around and one of them said, well, how did she die? said, with a smile on her face.

- I think I'm the one that asked him how she died. Α.
  - MR. BECTON: Does what I just read refresh your recollection as to whether or not anyone else participated in any conversation that you and Mr. Taylor had?
- No, sir. I mean, you know, like I say, there Α. were just people there around. What they heard or asked, I don't know. I mean, I just know there was a confrontation -- I don't know that. I know there was a confrontation between him and the inmates later. I don't know that, I was told that by the Raleigh Police Department.
- Mr. Andrews, you told us at the, when I was done 0. asking you questions that one of the reasons you came forward was because of you thought it might help you with your sentence. And you said the other reason was that, you know, if there was a murder, it needs to be solved. But you're also saying that you don't know that Gregory Taylor

- was the person that murdered this lady? 1 2 No. ma'am. I have no idea who murdered the Α. 3 I don't think I ever stated that Mr. Taylor did murder the lady. 4 Okay. So when you're saying if there's a 5 Q. 6 murder, it needs to be solved, you just thought 7 that it might be useful for the police to know that he'd been talking about it? 8 Right, that's all. 9 Α. Okay. And do you ever recall telling a private 10 0. 11 investigator years ago that two people were with 12 you when you talked to Gregory Taylor and they 13 were asking him questions as well? 14 Α. I'm not positive about that, ma'am. 15 Q. Okay. When Gregory Taylor and I were speaking there's 16 Α. 17 other people there. I cannot remember what 18 other people may have asked him. And a private 19 investigator what, six -- when was this, do you know? 20
  - Q. In the '96? (Ms. Montgomery-Blinn examines document.) Oh, in 1991.

22

23

24

A. I don't know, ma'am. I can't recall that. I can't say that today.

1	Q.	Okay. Do you remember a man named Duck?
2	Α.	Duck?
3	Q.	Uh-huh (yes). Does that sound familiar?
4	Α.	I've heard I don't, I don't know. I can't
5		say I know a man named Duck. There was a it
6		seem like there was possibly he could have
7		been another jail mate, I don't know.
8	Q.	You just cannot remember?
9	Α.	No, ma'am, I can't remember.
10	Q.	Okay. All right.
11		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any more
12		questions? Yes, sir.
13		MR. JENKINS: Did I understand you to
14		testify that Mr. Taylor mentioned something
15		about a knife?
16	Α.	Yes, sir. And like I said earlier, I don't even
17		know if a knife was involved, I'm just saying
18		that. I mean, there had to be a knife involved
19		if the lady was stabbed or cut, I would assume.
20		MR. JENKINS: And did I understand you
21		to say that he had mentioned something
22		about the person that was being or the
23		news clip that you saw in the jail, was
24		there a conversation about sex being

involved with anybody?

- A. That was before the vehicle, sir.
  - MR. JENKINS: Okay. Can you tell me again what exactly was said about that?
- A. That this lady was picked up -- I don't know if it's -- when you use the word picked up, if -- if they're on the street, I don't recall picked up on the street, you know, or whatnot, of arranged, prearranged -- was picked up for sex and partying. Now, that's the -- that's all I can recall.

MS. PICKENS: Mr. Andrews, by any chance do you remember when you were interviewed the first time, taken from your jail cell to the Raleigh Police Department and interviewed by the detectives at the Raleigh Police Department, did they share any photographs from the crime scene or of the victim or any case information?

A. No, ma'am. To the best of my recollection, I don't think I've ever seen anything other than the vehicle. I mean, I don't know that that was the vehicle, I'm -- I saw a vehicle on TV he said was his, I don't know. But the police

department or no one has ever showed me any 1 2 pictures, to the best of my recollection. Only 3 the picture I've ever seen was to see if, like is this Gregory Taylor. That was two years 4 later. If Mr. Taylor walked through that door 5 today, I wouldn't know him. 6 MR. BECTON: Do you recall now his 7 size at the time? 8 9 sir? Α. MR. BECTON: How tall he was or what 10 he weighed at the time, do you recall? 11 I would -- I'm probably about 5'7", so I'm going 12 Α. to say he's, he was probably, just guessing, 13 14 somewhere maybe between 5'10", 6 foot. I would 15 say, as far as a weight, maybe 180 or -- he was -- as far as size and proportion to weight, they 16 were not what I would say out of proportion. 17 18 MR. BECTON: Okay. JUDGE SUMNER: Was your sole purpose 19 of contacting the police to solve a murder 20 21 or to get some help for your case? 22 Get some help for my case, sir, hopefully. Α. 23 already been sentenced. 24 MS, MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any other

questions, Commissioners? 1 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 2 3 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Would you like 4 me to show Mr. Andrews a photograph of 5 Mr. Taylor from his arrest file? 6 JUDGE SUMNER: I think that would be 7 fine, yes. 8 May I approach MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 9 the Witness, your Honor? 10 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes. 11 Mr. Andrews, I'm going to hand you a photograph. 0. 12 Ignore this. Does this refresh your 13 recollection about the vehicle and does this 14 refresh your recollection about what Mr. Taylor 15 looked like and, if so, please tell us. 16 Α. (Witness examines document.) The vehicle, like 17 I say, it was a Pathfinder or a 4Runner. That 18 resembles it. And I would say it kind of favors 19 him, but I'm not positive. 20 Right. Okay. Ο. I haven't seen this gentleman since the trial so 21 22 I wouldn't know, but he does favor the picture of what I recall that he looks like. And the 23 24 others, I have no idea what they are.

1		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: May I approach
2		the Witness, your Honor?
3		JUDGE SUMNER: Yes, ma'am.
4	Q.	Thank you, Mr. Andrews.
5		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Does anybody
6		else have any questions for Mr. Andrews?
7		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
8		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any other
9		questions for Mr. Andrews?
10		MR. KENERLY: The person at the trial
11		was the person you had the conversation
12		with, right?
13	Α.	That was
14		MR. KENERLY: Regardless of what he
15		looks like now or how you remember it?
16	Α.	Right.
17		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, I
18		ask that Mr. Andrews be released from his
19		subpoena and allowed to return to New Bern.
20		JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you very much,
21		sir. You're free to go.
22	Α.	Thank you, sir.
23	Q.	Thank you, Mr. Andrews.
24	Α.	And never mind.

1	Q.	No, please.
2	Α.	I was going to say, whatever the outcome of this
3		was, I would really love to know.
4	Q.	We'll give you a call and let you know.
5	Α.	Thank you.
6	Q.	Thank you, Mr. Andrews.
7	Α.	Yes, you all have a good day.
8	Q.	All right now.
9		(MR. ANDREWS IS DISMISSED FROM THE
10		WITNESS STAND.)
11		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, do
12		you have any questions for me to recall
13		Ms. Stellato or any questions for me at this
14		time about Mr. Andrews?
15		MR. BECTON: Do we have a height and
16		weight?
17		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: We do. We are
18		looking at it right now. We'll get that for you
19		in just
20		MR. BECTON: A driver's license or
21		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: We will have it for
22		you in just a second if Ms. Stellato can be
23		excused. I will continue the presentation
24		while she -

MS. PICKENS: You can tell from the tape -1 2 MR. BECTON: I can tell from the tape 3 measurer. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Oh. Is that all 4 5 that you need or would you like more? MR. BECTON: I just wanted to see --6 7 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: We can get it from 8 DOC if you need it. Those photographs that are 9 passed around were the photographs that the 10 police took. 11 All right. Forensic testing. As you 12 already know from your briefs there was quite a 13 bit of testing conducted pre-trial in this case. 14 That was conducted in 1991 and then some more 15 was conducted in 1992 and 1993. It was discussed at the trial. We have analysts from 16 17 1991 here today to answer any questions you have 18 about that 1991 testing and to explain it. The Commissioner also had extensive testing 19 conducted at both the State Bureau of 20 21 Investigation and Laboratory Corporation. 22 results of those testing are not conclusive. 23 They do further our investigation, but the 24 results of the testing are not conclusive in

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

this case. It's important for the Commission to understand what testing was conducted and what it means. And the Commission staff is confident, as are the analysts, that we have exhausted all available testing. However, as your hearing testimony about that, please, if there is something that you would like us to do, talk to us about it or let us know.

I'm going to tell you a little bit about the sequence of testing that was conducted on behalf of the Commission. The first thing that we had tested was that sperm fraction that had been found in the victim's underwear in 1991. It was also -- another one was found in the vaginal swabs more currently. What we wanted to do with this of course was see initially if it did match Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck, we could instantly close our case and would have been able to close it two years ago and refer it to the District Attorney's office. It did not match Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck, it did not match any other samples that we submitted, any other known DNA samples from people that we submitted. It was run through CODIS, which is a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

DNA databank, and did not get any matches there. Those analysts are here and they'll be able to talk to you more about the significance or, you know, what means match, what means excluded, all of that.

The next thing we tested was the hairs that were found on the victim's face. This was testified about at trial and they weren't able to determine anything about the hairs. try to do ABO on the semen at the time, or the sperm fraction at the time of the trial and were not able to get any results from that. hair, again, was talked about at trial, that it was found on her face. Nobody knew -- they weren't able to do any testing to figure out whose hair it was, the discussion at the trial that it was likely her hair. We had that hair tested at, under mitochondrial testing at LabCorp because the State Bureau of Investigation cannot do mitochondrial testing. And LabCorp was able to get a full profile out of that hair and the result was they could not exclude the victim or her maternal relatives. The analyst from LabCorp will be here today to

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

explain all of that to you in more detail and answer any questions you have about what that means.

The next thing we tested was the items that were found inside of Gregory Taylor's vehicle. Gregory Taylor has consistently maintained that the victim was never in his vehicle at any time, as has Johnny Beck. If we could place the victim inside of Mr. Taylor's vehicle, we would close the case, even if that meant that he was simply an accessory, that's not complete factual innocense by our statutory definition. tested the items that the police had collected and preserved that were inside of his vehicle. We were never able to get the victim's DNA on any of those items. The items, the DNA that was located on those items belonged to Gregory Taylor. This included cigarette butts and cans. And again, the analyst that did that testing will be here and they can talk to you more about an answer, more questions about that. were able to be compared to Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck with positive results.

Then we tested the substance found on the

24

outside of the vehicle and this was discussed quite a bit at trial, that blood-like substance that was found on the outside of the vehicle in 1991. The bulk of that substance was able to react positively for blood under preliminary tests, so we tried to subject it to the current testing available today to see if it would help us understand the time line better in this case, if it could further our investigation. And the analyst will be here to tell you all about those results. They really are inconclusive today. we did not get anything that sheds a whole lot of light on our investigation today. And again, you're going to hear all about that with that blood-like substance found on the outside of the vehicle, you know, if we'd been able to test it and it had been, turned out to be the victim's blood, it would not have proven the guilt of Mr. Taylor, but it would have helped us at least further the time line of understanding when she was murdered, and it would have helped us sort of be able to put things in place, and so that's why we tried very hard to get some results out of that.

24

The next thing that we did was test the victim's clothing. So we did all of this sort of sequentially knowing that at any point results could close the case and we wouldn't have to continue on, so this is two years worth of testing. We tested the victim's clothing. The newest, the most current DNA technology is now able to reveal DNA profiles out of very small amounts of skin cells that are left on clothing. So we had the victim's clothing tested with the theory that the killer or killers most likely touched the victim's clothing at some point during the assault that night. And we had portions of her clothing tested that were most likely to be touched, this would be the waistband area of the pants, the shirt that was ripped open, the underwear, the things that were pulled down. And the results were never conclusive. We were never able to get a very good, very strong profile. We got fragments of profiles, fractions of profiles. Sometimes people can't be excluded, sometimes they can. The analysts will be here, this was done at both the SBI and LabCorp, to give you

more information about that, to give you the statistical information about that that I'm certainly not qualified to even attempt to explain to you.

As you hear about the testing from the analysts, be aware that through our investigation we would come across somebody that could potentially be considered an alternate suspect or at least somebody to consider, maybe a person of interest, and we would obtain their DNA. Either they'd give it voluntarily or we would do a motion and had a court order granted to swab them for DNA, and we would send that into the lab to be compared. So you'll be hearing other peoples' names as the analysts are talking about the testing. We're going to talk about all of those people in more detail later on.

The testing -- and again, I want to just let you know that we had testing conducted at both LabCorp and SBI, and the reason is we started with LabCorp because of the hair, we knew we wanted to test the hairs on the victim's face, that's mitochondrial testing that LabCorp

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

cannot do. But then when LabCorp was done with that, we needed to have the SBI test the sperm, or LabCorp had tested the sperm but only SBI can run it through CODIS, the databank. moved it back to LabCorp at SBI's suggestion when we were testing the clothing because LabCorp can do more with very degraded, old So that's why you're going to see this samples. evidence moving back and forth based on what the different labs are able to do. They were really helpful with sort of telling us, try this over at LabCorp, they might be able to get more results, or this needs to go over to the SBI. So you're going to see analysts from both labs here.

And I am now ready to call Special Agent

Dwayne Deaver from the State Bureau of

Investigation. He conducted the 1991

presumptive blood testing. Before he comes in

do the Commissioners have any questions for me?

(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay.

Commissioners, I will tell you as Agent Deaver is coming in that we do not have a CV for him,

1 he does not have a current one. The other 2 experts, we will be passing around their resumes 3 or Cvs for you to look at as I'm qualifying them during their testimony. But Special Agent 4 Deaver has not been in court for a long time and 5 he didn't have one readily available. 6 7 8 THEREUPON, 9 DWAYNE DEAVER, Having first been duly 10 Sworn, was examined and 11 Testified as follows: 12 13 EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 14 Q. Good morning or afternoon, Special Agent Deaver. 15 Am I using the correct title for you, Special 16 Agent? I'm actually Assistant Special Agent in Charge. 17 Α. That's a long title, I will try to get it every 18 Q. time. 19 20 You can just call me Deaver, if you wish. Α. 21 Q. Okay. Thank you. Tell me, how are you 22 employed, sir? 23 Α. I'm presently employed with the North Carolina 24 State Bureau of Investigation. I have been

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

- there for 23½ years. I'm assigned to thebehavioral analysis unit.
  - Q. All right. And can you tell me a little bit about your educational background?
  - A. I have a bachelor of science degree from North Carolina State University in the area of zoology, which is pre-med. I was hired with the State Bureau of Investigation in 1985 to be a serologist. I did the forensic training program to be a forensic serologist at that time and then started doing case work. During that time I was also asked if I would become a blood stain patter analysis expert, which I did.
  - Q. And what time was that when you started blood stain?
- 16 A. It was probably somewhere around 1987.
  - Q. In 1991 what capacity were you working at in the State Bureau of Investigation?
  - A. I was a forensic serologist assigned to the laboratory and blood stain pattern analyst.
- 21 | Q. How many times do you think you've testified?
- 22 A. I have no idea.
- 23 Q. Many times?
- 24 A. Many, many times.

Okay. Do you feel like you're still qualified 1 Q. 2 to talk about testing that you would have 3 conducted in 1991 and blood stain recognition 4 you would have done in 1991? 5 In reviewing my reports some things came Α. 6 back, I may have not remembered specifically a 7 few things, but certainly. 8 Q. Okay. 9 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, I'd 10 ask that Assistant Special Agent in Charge 11 Dwayne Deaver be qualified as an expert to 12 testify in serology and blood stain pattern 13 analysis? 14 JUDGE SUMNER: He's qualified. 15 Thank you, your MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 16 Honor. 17 Do you remember working on the Gregory Taylor 0. 18 case? 19 Α. Yes, I do. 20 Maybe you didn't call it by that title, but you Q. 21 know which case I'm talking about? 22 Α. Yes, I do. 23 Okay. Did you issue two reports or complete two Q. 24 reports on that case?

1 A. I did.

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. And do you have those reports with you or would you like me to provide you with those?
- 4 | A. No, I have them.
  - Q. Okay. Let's talk about the first report, the November 7, 1991 report for the blood stain pattern analysis. And it looks like on that report, it says that you went out to the crime scene on September 26, 1991 between 1:20 p.m. and 2:25 p.m., is that correct?
- 11 | A. That's correct.
  - Q. And can you go ahead and just tell us what you wrote in this report?
  - A. Well, just simply a, just kind of a summary of what, what I did, and that was where I was in the 1500 block of South Blount Street.

    Investigators were present. I remember specifically CCBI crime scene investigators were present and they just showed me around the, around the crime scene at the time. If I remember correctly, I was asked to go out there primarily because of blood stain pattern analysis, and it just seems like from my memory that the people who were there had been trained

in blood stain pattern analysis also and were 1 2 just asking me to see if I saw something 3 different from what they saw. Okay. And what did you see? 4 Q. I just saw some blood stains just to the west of 5 Α. the body, I believe is what I describe. 6 7 Dripping stains were noted to the west of the Q. body? 8 9 Α. That's correct. 10 Q. And then did you write, no stains of interest 11 were noted on the victim's body? 12 Α. That's correct. 13 And does that mean that you saw blood, but that Q. 14 the blood stains didn't further investigation in 15 your mind? 16 Well, what that generally means is that there's Α. 17 nothing I can particularly tell about the blood 18 stains that will provide additional investigative information to the people who are 19 20 working the case. 21 Okay. And is there anything else that you noted Q. 22 that's not in your report for that particular

23

24

Α.

instance?

No.

- 1 Q. Okay. You have nothing to add to that report?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 | Q. Okay. And then did you complete another report
- 4 that was actually dated the same day,
- 5 November 7, 1991?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- 7 | Q. And was this you and Special Agent Taub?
- 8 A. Yes. The reason that Special Agent Taub was
- 9 included in this report was because I apparently
- was not present for some of the typing to be
- read, and so he was the one who did the
- 12 electrophoresis, which is part of the typing.
- 13 | And he read it and so he had to cosign the
- report because he might have to testify to those
- 15 types.
- 16 | Q. And do you feel confident testifying about
- 17 | what's in this report?
- 18 | A. Yes, I do.
- 19 Q. And this is work that you did that's in this
- 20 report?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 | Q. Okay. Now, I'm looking at that report right
- 23 now. Do you have it in front of you as well?
- 24 A. I do.

Okav. And it lists all the items that were 1 Q. 2 submitted, and that takes about a page, I guess 3 a small part of a page and another part of 4 another page, does that sound right? 5 Α. Yes. Okay. And then you talk about the analysis that 6 Q. you conducted. And it looks like --7 8 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And 9 Commissioners, I'll just let you know that 10 this report is in your brief, it was 11 introduced at trial, this particular 12 report. It looks like the first thing you did was looked 13 Q. at a piece of tissue paper and you've noted that 14 that revealed human blood that was consistent 15 16 with the victim's blood from blood typing tests. 17 Can you just tell us briefly, what does that 18 mean? 19 I'm sorry, say that again. Α. 20 Q. The first thing that I'm looking at here is 21 examination of item number 45, which was the, is 22 the, a piece of tissue paper, reveal the 23 presence of human blood. Can you tell me, what does that mean? 24

Α.

Well, the tissue paper I describe in my notes as being blood stained. And what would have happened is that we would have taken cuttings from that and then done typing tests. At the time, this is pre-DNA testing, and what would have happened is a series of proteins and enzymes would have been tested for their particular genetic type. And that's how we would differentiate pieces of evidence at the time to be able to determine who might be the donor of that. It took a great deal of sample to do that at the time and the testing was kind of crude in comparison to what you have now in DNA.

But in that particular case I was able to complete a complete testing procedure on that and it gave me a type all the way across that I could compare. In every area that we tested it was consistent with the victim's blood to a certain percentage of the population, which I really don't even remember what that is at this time.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, if you're looking in your brief, this is

1 page 172.

- Q. And you said that that type of blood typing test is not conducted anymore, it's been replaced completely by DNA tests?
  - A. As far as I'm aware.
- 6 | Q. Okay.

2

3

4

5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 7 A. I have not been in the laboratory since 1993,
  8 I've been assigned to field duties since that
  9 time.
- 10 Q. Okay. And the next thing I see in the report is analysis of a cutting from the panties, item

  12 37D, revealed the presence of semen.
- 13 A. That is correct.
- Q. So you said that this was -- in order to do this you cut a portion of the panty?
  - A. Yes. You visually look, visually and physically look for staining in the panties. Sometimes with a gloved hand you can tell crusted sections or you could see stained sections. And then that would be cut out much in the same way as the blood sample was cut out, but first you would do confirmatory tests to see if semen is present. And the first thing that you would do is look under the microscope to see if sperm is

1 present. In this case there was none. 2 Additional chemical testing was done to look at 3 enzymes and proteins that are specific to semen. 4 The fact that sperm is not present is not 5 indicative entirely that semen is not present. There can be a variety of reasons for that. 6 7 this case no sperm was present, however, I was able to determine through the protein typing 8 9 that the proteins from semen were present, if that makes sense. 10 11 And were you able to get any results from the Ο. 12 ABO blood typing on that? 13 No, nothing at all was able to be typed on that Α. 14 sample. 15 Q. So you were never able to compare that to 16 Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck or anyone else? 17 No. Α. 18 Okay. And again, as far as you know, is this Q. 19 type of testing now replaced by DNA testing? 20 Α. Yes. 21 Okay. Now, it looks like the next thing that 0. 22 you did was examination of a cigarette butt. 23 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 24 this was a cigarette butt found inside of

1 the vehicle.

- Q. And it looks like you tested that one for saliva and got a positive reaction?
  - A. That's correct. To be able to determine that saliva is present an enzyme, amylase, is tested, and I did get a positive result for amylase.
    - Q. And were you able to get any results from the ABO blood typing on that?
- 9 A. Sorry, just a second. (Witness examines document.)
- Q. Sure. Your report says reactions for ABO group
  AB.
- 13 A. Yes.

4

5

6

7

8

22

23

24

- Q. And Gregory Taylor in that chart above it is an ABO group AB?
- A. That's correct. He's also an AB secreter, which what that means is that, that not only would his blood type be found in his blood, but it would also be found in his body fluids so that if you looked for saliva or his semen, you would expect to find his ABO type.
  - Q. The next items that you examine are 16, 18, and 46. And number 16 was the automobile fender liner. And it says in your report that gave

1 chemical indications for the presence of blood. 2 Tell me what chemical indications mean. 3 What chemical was used? A presumptive chemical or a chemical used for 4 Α. presumptive testing for blood is 5 phenolphthalein, very commonly used both in the 6 7 field and the laboratory to test a suspected 8 sample or stain. In this case the plastic piece from the automobile was tested. 9 There were several visible stains on it and I was able to 10 achieve a -- we're talking about 16, right? 11 Yes, the fender liner. 12 Q. -- yeah, a positive result for phenolphthalein 13 Α. 14 on that. 15 Q. And when you say that's presumptive, can you just define what you mean by presumptive? 16 It is a test that is used to -- really what it's 17 Α. used for is if a stain gives a positive test, 18 19 then it would be used to continue testing of 20 that stain. Beyond that you would have to 21 determine if it in fact is blood by a 22 confirmatory test, in this case it's called Takayama. And then you would determine if it 23 24 was human blood, another test, and then you

- would start typing on that. 1 were you able to do that in this case? 2 0. 3 No, I was not. Α. And how come that is? 4 0. well, a sample, a sample was taken and other 5 Α. tests were performed, but beyond the 6 phenolphthalein I got no result. 7 Okay. And that's for the fender liner? 8 Q. That's correct. Α. All right. And then the next one is number 18 10 Q. 11 which is a thread sample taken from the edge of the fender above the tire and the rim. And is 12 13 this the same thing, chemical indications for 14 the presence of blood? 15 That's correct. And I don't know what happened Α. 16 with testing on that. If you'll hold just a 17
  - second.
- 18 Q. Sure.

24

- 19 (Witness examines document.) Same thing on Α. 20 that, Takayama test was negative.
- 21 0. Okay. And when we talk about a thread sample, 22 can you just tell us briefly what that means?
  - At the time one of the methods for taking Α. samples of blood was to take 100 percent cotton

cloth, to boil it to get all the chemicals out of it, and then it was teased into threads. And we would take sterile water and wet the thread, and then we would soak the stain up onto the thread to be used for typing analysis. That was very common to be done by crime scene analysts in the field and also by laboratory technicians.

Q. Okay. And the next one you did was also a stain thread sample. This is item number 17, this is taken from the front passenger A frame. And this one on the presumptive test you've written or noted, failed to reveal the presence of blood.

Can you tell us what that means?

- A. Let me check that very quickly. (Witness examines document.) Testing from the presumptive stage all the way through failed to reveal anything, any positive results. And I have a note here that it actually looked like a portion of insect.
- Q. A portion of an insect?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. The next one I see is item number 46, this is the victim's pants with belt. And it

says that this -- the first thing it says about this is that it did give a chemical indication for the presence of blood. Is that the same chemical you've just been talking to us about?

A. That's correct.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- Q. Okay. And were you able to do any further testing, the Takayama test on the pants with the belt?
- A. (Witness examines document.) No
  - Q. Okay. Now, the next thing you talk about is a blood stain examination of the pants, the item number 46. This says, failed to reveal any stains on the outside of the pants and several small stains on the inside of the left leg.

Is this you now doing the blood stain analysis work that you're trained in?

- A. Yes. I was asked to take a look at those pants for any blood stains and then to make a determination if I could as to how they came to be.
- Q. And were you able to make any determinations about that?
- 23 A. No, I was not.
- Q. Was it just too small of an amount or just not

patterned in any way that was recognizable? 1 Both of those would be correct. 2 Α. 3 Q. Okay. And this was done through a visual examination? 4 5 That's correct. Α. 6 Q. Okay. Do you know if there were any items that 7 were tested that are not in your report, 8 anything else from your bench notes? 9 No. Α. 10 Is there anything else that you need to tell the Q. 11 Commission about the testing that you did in 12 this case? 13 Yes. A couple of things I would just make note Α. of here in reference as I reviewed these reports 14 15 again yesterday. As a blood stain pattern analyst I spend a lot of time teaching juries 16 17 what blood stain pattern analysis is all about. 18 Many times we have a very skewed view of what blood staining is, mainly produced in television 19 20 and movies. In this type of case a lot of times 21 people will look at what they consider to be a 22 bloody scene and feel like that perhaps the 23 individuals who were involved in that should be 24 bloody. I would say from this particular case

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that that would be a mistake. And in most cases, in many times the individuals who have perpetrated the crime do not get blood on them. That's something very different from what people mostly feel. In this case that's what I was particularly looking at, would I feel like the individuals who committed this crime get blood on them, and my opinion would be no. The blood was very slight in comparison to what we see there and in comparison to what we see many I will tell you from my experience that times. many times there have been extremely bloody scenes where the individuals did not get blood on them either. And so in contrast to that, certainly this would be in keeping with my, with my opinion on that.

And the thing to think about here on this is the injuries that occurred to the victim, both beating and also stabbing, that they don't create blood splatter in, what I generally say, an explosive manner. The blood just doesn't come out in that manner. The body has to be injured, those injuries are internal, and unless additional impacts, what I mean by that is some

impact occurs to that bloody area, there will not be blood spatter or blood coming in contact with the individual. And so the -- no one could be excluded from having committed this crime because they don't have blood on them.

The next thing is that blood typing on this, it was my experience when I was in the laboratory that, for whatever reason, sandy materials or materials that had been bloody in sand, and a lot of those down at the coast specifically, for whatever reason, the sand would prevent typing. Generally after phenolphthalein, that's when it would end. All of this material has a great deal of sand on it, that's a very sandy area. And so the reasons for not being able to continue typing probably were whatever the sand causes.

Additionally, it should be noted that at that time our materials or the materials that were submitted to us would be typed as far as we could type them. We would continue typing and we would use up, most of the time we would use up the sample completely. In this case all of the things I had I used up as far as I could,

1		did as much typing as I could. And so the
2		materials were basically gone when I got through
3		with them.
4		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners,
5		do you have any questions?
6		MR. BECTON: What areas of the truck
7		other than the fender were tested for
8		blood?
9	Α.	I don't know that. Just what I received. The
10		CCBI agents would have looked at other areas and
11		did the search, crime scene search on the truck.
12	Q.	But what you tested, Special Agent Deaver, was
13		the fender liner, the thread sample taken from
14		the fender liner, the thread sample taken from
15		the A frame; those are the three areas that you
16		tested, is that correct?
17	Α.	That were submitted to me, yes.
18		MR. BECTON: That was 16, 17, and 18?
19	Α.	I believe that's correct. 16, 17, 19, that's
20		correct.
21		MR. BECTON: And as I understand it,
22		16 and 18 gave a preliminary indication of
23		blood, but you could not do test number
24		two

1	Α.	That's correct.
2		MR. BECTON: to show that it was
3		blood or test number three to show if it
4		was blood, even if it were blood, it was
5		human blood?
6	Α.	That's correct.
7		MR. BECTON: And item number 17, the
8		fender liner, I'm sorry, you could not even
9		find, you didn't even find a preliminary
10		showing of blood, am I correct?
11	Α.	That's right, on 17.
12	Q.	Is that the one that you've noted looked like a
13		portion of an insect?
14	Α.	That's correct.
15		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Are there any
16		other questions?
17		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
18		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners,
19		if you believe that you'll need to recall
20		Agent Deaver, we can keep him under
21		telephone standby; if you don't, I'll ask
22		you to release him from the subpoena?
23		JUDGE SUMNER: I'm going to release
24		him from the subpoena, unless there's

```
objection from any Commissioner?
 1
 2
                      (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
 3
                     JUDGE SUMNER: All right. Thank you,
                sir.
 4
 5
      Α.
           Thank you.
 6
      Q.
           Thank you so much.
 7
                      JUDGE SUMNER: Ms. Blinn, this is
 8
                probably a most appropriate time to take a
 9
                break here.
                      (THEREUPON, THE LUNCHEON RECESS WAS
10
11
                TAKEN FROM 12:50 P.M. THROUGH 1:37 P.M.)
12
                      JUDGE SUMNER: We're gong to resume
13
                this meeting. Ms. Blinn.
14
                     MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right, the
15
                Commission calls Special Agent Russell
16
                Holley.
17
18
           THEREUPON,
19
                RUSSELL HOLLEY,
20
           Having first been duly
21
           Sworn, was examined and
22
           Testified as follows:
23
      EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:
24
           Good afternoon.
      Q.
```

- 1 A. Afternoon.
- 2 | Q. Can you please tell us your name?
- 3 A. My name is Russell Holley.
- 4 | Q. Where are you employed?
- 5 A. I'm an agent with the North Carolina State
  6 Bureau of Investigation.
- Q. And how long have you been working for the State Bureau of Investigation?
- 9 | A. Since June of 1997.
- 10 | Q. And what's your educational background?
- 11 A. I have a bachelor of science degree in biology
- from the University of South Carolina. I
- 13 started working with the State Bureau of
- 14 Investigation in 1997. I went through their
- body fluid identification training in 1997. I
- 16 attended the Special Agents Academy for the
- 17 | State Bureau of Investigation in 1998, and I
- started analyzing evidence in criminal cases for
- 19 the State Bureau of Investigation in 1998.
- 20 | Q. And is your title special agent?
- 21 A. It is.
- Q. Okay. And have you testified before at trial?
- 23 | A. I have.
- Q. I believe we actually have your CV. How many

1 times do you think you've testified before, 2 Agent Holley? 3 Α. Between 50 and 55, somewhere around there. 4 Okay. And when you testify are you normally Q. 5 qualified as an expert? Usually, yes. 6 Α. 7 And what field is that in? Q. 8 Forensic serology. Α. 9 The Commissioners are getting a copy of your CV Q. 10 right now just to take a glance over. I'll be 11 asking you questions and then the Commissioners 12 might ask you questions during my questions or 13 afterwards. 14 Okav. Α. 15 while they're taking a look at those --Q. 16 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: May I approach 17 the Witness, your Honor? 18 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes, you may. 19 Q. Agent Holley, I'm going to hand these to you, 20 and just take a look at them. I'm not sure if 21 you -- and we'll discuss those, I'm not sure if 22 you've seen them before. 23 (Witness examines documents.) Α. 24 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, I

ask that Special Agent Russell Holley be considered by the Commission an expert in forensic serology?

JUDGE SUMNER: He's duly qualified.

- Q. Agent Holley, I've handed you two old reports and I understand that they're not reports that you did, but I'm asking you if you could just take a look at those. The first one is January 6, 1992, and that's a report from Agent Revis. Now, I completely understand that you cannot answer any questions about this, but that report, does it say that Agent Revis examined the suspect's clothing, the inside of the truck, the tapings from the victim's body, the victim's clothing, pubic hair combings from the victim and the two suspects, and that that did not reveal a transfer of hairs between the suspects and the victim?
- A. (Witness examines document.) Yes, that's what it says.
- Q. Okay. The results of the analysis say, examination of the above listed evidence did not reveal a transfer of hairs between the suspect and the victim?

- 1 A. That's correct.
- Q. Right. And you were not the agent that did this testing in 1992?
- 4 A. No.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- Q. You're just looking at these reports?
- 6 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. The next one that I handed you is March 5, 1993.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, this was testified about briefly at trial. It was in your briefs, but the reports were not handed out at trial.

- Q. This one was done by Agent Vendoor. And does this one say that Agent Vendoor examined tapings from the suspect's clothing, both suspects' clothing, floor mats of the vehicle, cuttings from the vehicle, the surfaces in the vehicle, tapings from the vehicle, tapings from the victim's clothing, the victim's clothing, and debris from the victim's clothing?
- A. (Witness examines document.) Yes, it does.
- Q. And does it say that the type of analysis requested was fiber analysis?
- 24 A. Yes.

- Q. And does the result say, examination and comparison of the items submitted failed to reveal a fiber association of apparent significance between the victim and the suspect's clothing and vehicle?
- 6 A. That's what it says.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. And I understand again you didn't conduct this test?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Okay. So let's talk about some tests you did
  11 conduct.
- 12 | A. Okay.
- Q. Do you have copies of your reports or would you like me to hand them to you?
- 15 A. I have copies of my reports, I don't know if
  16 they're exactly what you have, but I've got
  17 mine.
- 18 Q. Okay. If it sounds like it's not, let me know.
- 19 A. Okay.
- Q. The first one I'm looking at when you go through these chronologically says it's May 12, 2008.
- 22 A. Okay.
- 23 Q. And was this testing conducted by you?
- A. The examination as described in this report on

- 1 May 12, 2008 was conducted by me.
- Q. And was this conducted by you at the request of the North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission?
- 4 | A. Actually --
- 5 | Q. If you know.
- A. No. Special Agent Kristin Myer wanted me to assist her. She may have gotten that request from the Commission.
- 9 Q. Okay. You didn't talk directly to one of the members of the Commission?
- 11 A. No; no. She wanted me to assist her in
  12 analyzing something that she wasn't qualified to
  13 do.
- 14 | Q. Okay. And is Special Agent Myer here today?
- 15 A. Yes. Her last name is Hughes now.
- 16 Q. And is it common for her to ask you to assist 17 her with examination and for you to do that?
- 18 A. Me or another serologist, yeah.
- Q. Okay. All right. So it says here that -- I'm looking at your report now and it looks like what you did was an examination of the vaginal smears, a slide prepared from a stain on the victim's blue panties, and that that revealed the presence of spermatozoa? I don't know if I

- 1 said that right.
- 2 A. That's correct.
- Q. And what does that mean that you did? How did you examine those items?
- 5 A. Are you talking about -- you want to start with 6 the panties or the --
- Q. Let's go ahead and do the smears, the vaginal smears, that's items 1 through 2.
- 9 | A. Okay.
- 10 | Q. Tell me what those are.
- A. Okay. The vaginal smears are nothing more than microscopic slides. They would be something contained in the rape kit. They would be prepared by the hospital.
- 15 Q. Is this something that's commonly done?
- 16 A. It's commonly done. Back in 1991 it was a
  17 little bit different than they have today, but
  18 it's the same process.
- Q. Okay. It's something you've done a lot, examined quite frequently?
- 21 A. Yes, it is.
- 22 Q. okay.
- A. And basically, what we did, those slides were already examined previously. I'm not exactly

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

sure who looked at them. So they were already fixed, and by fixed I mean they had already been received from the hospital. They had been fixed, the material had been fixed on the slide, heated so it would stay on the glass, there had been a cover glass on top of that so that the sample that was placed on the slide back in 1991 would be here today. So basically, all I did is got the slide, looked at it under a microscope. And I was looking for sperm and just to see if there was any sperm present. The reason Special Agent Myers-Hughes asked me to do that is she wanted to know if there was any sperm on this sample because that would be a determination in the type of extraction she would do in her DNA analysis. And --

- Q. And what did you find? Go ahead.
- A. I found the presence of sperm on these slides, and they were the vaginal slides.
  - Q. Okay. And the next thing it looks like you examined was a slide prepared from a stain from the victim's panties. Is that the same process and the same results?
  - A. Yes. Let me look through here just a second.

(Witness examines document.) Okay. What I had in the bag as far as the victim's panties, on the report it's item 1-3, actually, the slide that was prepared from those, from the pair of panties, I prepared that myself. And it's prepared exactly like the slide, the vaginal slide was done back in 1991. I identified an area on the panties that I think or thought that may have sperm there. I prepared a slide myself and I looked at that. That's where the slide came from from the panties, it wasn't in the bag.

13 | Q. Okay.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

23

24

- 14 A. So it was something that I prepared.
- 15 Q. And what did you find when you looked at that slide?
- 17 A. There was sperm there too.
- Q. Okay. The next thing you did was, it says,
  examination of the victim's panties, item 1-3,
  the same item gave chemical indications for the
  presence of blood.

Can you tell us what does that mean?

A. Basically what it says, there was indications of blood there on the panties. And what I do is

start my examination, say, on the panties, I'm going to do a visual examination just like you would. I'm going to look for a stain that looks like blood. If I see something that looks like blood, I'm going to chemically test it with a procedure that we use. If it's positive, that gives me chemical indications that it's blood. And that's what I did with the panties.

- Q. And what chemical do you use?
- 10 A. The test is called a phenolphthalein test or a 11 Kastle-Meyer test.
- 12 Q. Okay. And it was a positive indication for blood?
- 14 | A. It was.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

- Q. Okay. And then the next thing that you did was a microscopic examination of a slide prepared from a stain present on the brown pair of the victim's panties and the rectal smears. And just to note, there were two pairs of underwear that were submitted to you as victim's panties, is that correct?
- 22 A. That is correct.
- Q. That's item 1-4 and the oral smears, item 1-5, failed to reveal the presence of sperm, is that

23

24

0.

1 correct? That is correct. 2 Α. 3 And also that the examination of the brown pair 0. 4 of panties failed to reveal the presence of 5 semen? That is correct. 6 Α. 7 And is that the same type of analysis that you Q. just testified about that you did, put it on the 8 slides and then examine the slides? 9 Yes. On the brown pair of panties there were no 10 Α. slides made. The blue pair of panties there was 11 12 a slide made. 13 Okay. You didn't a --Q. There was no areas of interest on the brown pair 14 Α. 15 of panties. 16 Okay. And did you make a slide of the oral Q. 17 swabs? 18 No, that was already made. Α. 19 All right. 0. 20 And also the rectal, the rectal slides or Α. 21 smears, that was already made too.

Agent Myer, now Hughes, for her to conduct DNA

Okay. So once you prepared these items then,

you're saying that you gave them to Special

1 testing on?

- A. Yes. There was a cutting taken from the blue pair of panties that was given to Agent Myers.
- 4 | Q. Okay. And is that all for that report?
- 5 A. I believe so.
- Q. Okay. The next report I have from you is
  February 19, 2009. There's also an April 16,
  2009 that appears to be just an update to this
  report. Can we look at those together?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. I think the second report is just an amended version of the first one, is that correct?
- 14 | A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. In this one it says that you examined the automobile fender liner, item number 9 -- we'll just take it one item at a time -- and that failed to reveal chemical indications for the presence of blood, is that correct?
- 20 A. That is correct.

- 21 Q. Now, what chemical was used?
- 22 A. The process was the phenolphthalein test or the Kastle-Meyer test.
  - Q. Okay. And what does it mean that it failed to

have chemical indications for the presence of blood?

- A. When we conduct that test either we get a positive result or a negative result, and in this case I got a negative result. So that told me that I did not get a reaction that indicated that there was any blood there.
- Q. If another agent had tested that same item in the same way in 1991 and had a positive test then, what do you think that could mean for your results?
- A. It's not going to affect my results any.
  - Q. Does it mean that it's, that the substance might have just degraded over time? Does it mean that it was an incorrect test the first time? And I understand you can't say yes or no, but could it mean all of these things? What could it mean if there was a positive result in 1991 and now in 2009 you have a negative result?
  - A. Well, I knew the, I knew that this item was tested back in 1991, I've read the reports. I know the agent who tested the items, I know the results that they got. I knew that before I retested anything that had come into the lab.

There's a couple of reasons why I may get one result and the other agent got another result. The most common thing that I have seen in the laboratory, in particular this fender, talking about it, he may have tested this item in '91 and got a positive reaction with the phenolphthalein test and then by reading the report, looking at the results, I mean, everything looked fine. Now, the reason I tested it and it did not give a positive result, there may not have been anything there or anything left, and there may not have been much of a sample on the liner to start with. That's probably the most common reason that I got a negative result, he got a positive result.

- Q. Would that be saying that the sample was consumed in 1991?
- 18 A. It very well may have been.
- 19 Q. Okay.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

- 20 A. Now, there --
- 21 | Q. And what was left was just not enough?
- 22 A. That's correct. And I have tested, I don't, I
  23 can't even count how many items in a laboratory
  24 where I would get a positive reaction trying to

locate an area, and I could go right back two 1 minutes later and test the same area and get a 2 negative reaction. If you use up everything 3 4 that is there, you're just not going to get 5 another reaction to match that. Okay. 6 Q. That's just one possibility. 7 Α. Right. Another possibility is that the item, 8 0. that the substance degraded over time, is that 9 10 right? I haven't seen anything like that degrade over 11 Α. time to not give you a, you know, a positive in 12 '91 and a negative now. And I haven't tested 13 that many items that, you know, that old either. 14 15 Q. Okay. 16 So I wouldn't feel comfortable saying that. Α. 17 Could it have gotten rubbed off in the packaging, people handling it, yeah, it could 18 19 have. 20 So you could never give an opinion about whether 0. there's blood on that fender liner or not? 21 The only thing I can testify to and tell you is 22 Α. 23 that the reactions, the process that I did on

the fender, I did not get a positive reaction

for chemical indications of blood.

Q. Okay.

A. And whatever was done in '91, I know it was the same procedure, I know what the results were, that was in '91.

Q. All right.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- A. That's all I can testify to.
  - Q. Okay. It looks like the next thing you tested was item number 10, stained red sample from the automobile fender liner, and that failed to reveal a chemical indication for the presence of blood.

If I ask you the same questions to this, would that be the same answers, how you did it, phenolphthalein, what that failure to reveal means?

- A. Somewhat. There's a little bit of a difference with these samples, I think 10 and 11.
- Q. I think it's 9, 9 and -- 9 is the fender liner, 10 is the thread sample from the fender liner.
  - A. Okay. Let's see, item 10. But item 11 was also a --
  - Q. Right. We haven't gotten to item -- we have not gotten there yet.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- A. Oh. It was tested in the same way, yes, and there was a, there was a negative result for the chemical indication reported there.
- Q. Okay. And knowing that that test had a positive test in 1991, are your answers the same as to the earlier questions that I asked you about it?
- It is, however, in this particular sample there Α. was a thread collected from a suspected blood stain. I don't know the policy and procedures of '91, I know how I would collect that now with a thread if I had to. I don't know if that's how they did it in '91. What we would do now -and we don't use threads anymore, we use cotton swabs instead of threads. But what you would do is place sterile water on that piece of thread, you would run it through the suspected stain to transfer it onto the thread. You would do all of your testing by what's on the thread, your phenolphthalein testing or any other testing that you might do. I'm just assuming that's what they did in '91.
- Q. Right. I think that's what --
  - A. Now, that threaded sample was not in the packaging when we opened it up. I don't know if

it was consumed in their testing back in '91, but the only thing that was left in the package were two slides, two glass slides. And what they had done is put the thread in between the slides just to preserve it, that's all that was left. So the only thing that we could test was the residue left on the glass, and that was negative.

- Q. Okay. And then -- go ahead.
- A. I don't know if that makes any sense, but that's all we had left were two pieces of glass to try to test.
  - Q. Right. Well, you've explained it to me so many times, it makes sense to me, but maybe not to the rest of the Commissioners.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Does anybody have any questions about that, the thread sample?

## (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)

- A. And I have a picture of one of them here.
- Q. All right. The next thing that you tested was a paper overlay used to plot tire impressions on pavement, that's item number 12.
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. Can you tell us a little bit about what that item looked like first?
- 3 Oh, let's see, item 12. (Witness examines Α. document.) Item 12 was basically a roll of 4 butcher paper, and it was probably 20, 30 feet 5 long by probably 3 or 4 feet wide. I don't know 6 what it was used for exactly. I was asked to 7 test it for phenolphthalein, doing the 8 9 phenolphthalein test. I was looking for chemical indications of blood. We rolled this 10 11 piece of paper out on the floor in the hallway 12 and we rolled it out in a way where we tested 13 the side that was actually rolled in on itself, 14 if that makes any sense.
- 15 | Q. Uh-huh (yes).
- 16 A. And we actually flipped it over and tested the 17 other side. I got negative indications for 18 chemical indications of blood on that.
- 19 Q. Okay.

- 20 A. I don't know exactly what it was used for. I
  21 don't know if tires were rolled on it, I don't
  22 know if it was placed on the ground.
  - Q. You just know we gave it to you and said test this?

- A. And there was no indications on there.
  - Q. Okay. And that item was not tested in 1991 as far as you know, is that correct?
- A. I don't know.

Q. Okay. All right. The next thing that you tested or the next thing that's on here is item number 11, and that's stained thread sample from the automobile. And it says, was not chemically analyzed, however, swabbing was taken for DNA analysis.

Can you tell us about that?

A. Yes. Like I described the item number 10 where I had two pieces of glass, two slides, back in '91 that contained a threaded sample that was collected, I believe, from the vehicle, somewhere on the vehicle. When we opened that up there was no thread in there, it was just two pieces of glass together. There was a residue on the glass and we did test that chemically and it was chemically positive for chemical indications of blood. The glass slide itself was not sent for DNA testing. I collected a sterile cotton swab with sterile water, collected the residue that was on the glass,

- that was transferred to Agent Myers for her
  testing the DNA.

  Now, you said for that one that it did test
  positive for blood under chemical indications?
- 6 A. (Witness examines document.)
- Q. Oh, no, but then the updated report says gave chemical indications.

It says here was not chemically analyzed.

- 9 A. Right. That's the --
- 10 Q. That's the update, okay.
- 11 A. That's right.

5

- 12 Q. And that was the phenolphthalein that you said?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 | Q. And you sent it off to be DNA tested?
- 15 A. Yes, I did. That was the update from -- this
  16 report was actually released too early, the
  17 first report here where it just says, second
  18 report, at the top. And the other report that
  19 goes with it, the amended report, and it's got
  20 second report in parentheses, that's the correct
- 21 report.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. And Agent Holley, is that the extent of the work that you did on the testing

in this case?

1	Α.	On this report, yes.
2	Q.	Okay. Are there any other reports that you did?
3	Α.	Yes.
4	Q.	Oh, there are? Okay. Which one are you
5		referring to?
6	Α.	July 21, 2009.
7	Q.	Was that also signed by Special Agent Hughes?
8	Α.	Yes, it was.
9	Q.	Okay. And was that DNA testing that Special
10		Agent Hughes conducted?
11	Α.	Yes, on the pants, I believe, and the belt.
12	Q.	Okay. And were there any other reports that you
13		did?
14	Α.	No.
15	Q.	Okay.
16		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And
17		Commissioners, Special Agent Hughes is
18		going to testify. Commissioners, do you
19		have any questions?
20		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
21		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: The Commission
22		would ask that Special Agent Holley be
23		released from his subpoena and call Special
24		Agent Hughes?

```
JUDGE SUMNER: He's released. Thank
 1
 2
                 you very much, sir.
 3
                      (SPECIAL AGENT HOLLEY IS DISMISSED
 4
                 FROM THE WITNESS STAND.)
 5
 6
           THEREUPON,
 7
                 KRISTIN HUGHES,
 8
           Having first been duly
 9
           Sworn, was examined and
10
           Testified as follows:
11
      EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:
12
      Ο.
           What is your name?
13
      Α.
           Kristin Hughes.
           And have you also had Kristin Myer as a last
14
      Q.
15
           name?
           That was my maiden name, yes.
16
      Α.
17
      Q.
           Okay. And you were married during the time that
18
           you were doing testing for the Commission so
19
           will some reports show Myer, some show Hughes?
20
           Correct.
      Α.
21
           Congratulations.
      Q.
22
      Α.
           Thanks.
23
      Q.
           Is your title Special Agent?
24
      Α.
           Yes.
```

- Q. Okay. Special Agent Hughes, where do you work right now?
- A. I'm a forensic analyst with the DNA section of the crime lab here in Raleigh, the State Bureau of Investigation.
- 6 Q. And how long have you been working there?
- 7 A. Five years.
- 8 Q. And where were you before?
- 9 A. Before that I was in graduate school obtaining my master's degree.
- 11 Q. And what's your master's in?
- 12 A. Forensic science, a master's in forensic science.
- 14 | 0. And where is that from?
- 15 A. George Washington University.
- 16 Q. And what is your undergraduate degree in?
- 17 A. I have a bachelor's of science in biology from
  18 Northeastern University.
- 19 Q. Have you testified before in court?
- 20 A. Yes, I have.
- 21 Q. About how many times?
- 22 A. I believe I'm up to 18 times.
- Q. Okay. And when you testify are you usually qualified as an expert?

In forensic DNA analysis, yes. 1 Α. Forensic DNA analysis. The Commissioners are 2 Q. 3 looking at copies of your CV right now. Is that your most updated one that you sent me? 4 5 Α. Yes, it is. 6 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, I'd 7 ask that the Commission accept Special Agent Hughes as a forensic DNA analysis 8 9 expert? 10 JUDGE SUMNER: She's duly qualified. 11 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Thank you. 12 All right. Agent Hughes, did you conduct Q. 13 testing in 2008 and 2009 at the request of the 14 North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission? 15 Α. Yes, I did. 16 Q. And was that in the Gregory Taylor case? 17 Α. Yes, it was. 18 Okay. I'm going to go through your reports with Q. 19 you. The first one that I have in sequential 20 time is June 13, 2008. Is that the first report 21 that you have? 22 Yes, it is. Α. 23 I would like to just walk through that report Q. with you. It looks like before you got this 24

- report Special Agent Holley extracted some DNA
  for you from vaginal swabs and panties, is that
  correct?

  A. I extracted the DNA, he identified -Q. I'm sorry, he identified, you extracted it?

  A. He identified areas of interest for me, yes.
- Q. Okay. All right. The DNA that you extracted, what did you do with that?
- 9 A. The DNA that I extracted from cutting from the
  10 blue panties as well as from the vaginal swabs
  11 from the victim, I analyzed those and did DNA
  12 comparisons to those profiles I generated to the
  13 DNA profiles of the victim, Jacquetta Thomas,
  14 and the suspects Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck.
  - Q. Were you able to get full profiles from the panties and the swabs?
- 17 A. Yes, I was.

- Q. Can you tell whether those two profiles were from the same individual or the same donor of DNA?
- 21 A. Yes, I can. They were the same.
- 22 Q. The same person?
- 23 A. The same.
- Q. Okay. And you said you compared it to the

- 1 victim. What was the comparison to the victim?
  - A. The unknown male DNA profile that I obtained from the sperm fraction of the cutting from the blue panties as well as from the vaginal swabs did not match the victim nor did it match Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck.
- Q. When you say did not match, can you tell us exactly what that means?
- 9 A. That means that they were excluded from having been present in that sample.
- Q. Does that mean that it could not possibly be their DNA?
- 13 A. Not in those samples, no.
- Q. Okay. Were you later sent other profiles by the Commission to compare that DNA to?
- 16 A. (Witness examines document.)
- Q. We'll talk about those when we get to the reports.
- 19 A. Okay.

3

4

5

- 20 Q. Just do you know if you did --
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. -- do more comparisons with this particular sample?
- 24 A. Yes, I did.

- 1 | Q. Now, did you run that DNA through a databank?
- 2 | A. Yes, I did.
- 3 Q. And what is that databank?
- It's called CODIS, that stands for the Combined 4 Α. 5 DNA Indexing System. CODIS is a federally maintained database of DNA profiles. Those 6 profiles are entered by state crime labs, for 7 They come from casework, it comes from 8 certain convicted offenders, and they are 9 uploaded and they are searched on a weekly basis 10 at the federal level. 11
- Q. And were there any results when that was queried?
- 14 A. I received no matches to this profile.
- 15 Q. Okay. Is it continuing to be queried?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Is there anything else on this report, any other testing that you did on this report?
- 19 A. Just those two items, that's it.
- Q. Okay. The next report that I have for you is
  March 17, 2009; does that sound correct?
- 22 A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Okay. And it looks like here what we're looking at is swabbings taken from a thread sample or a

- slide that once contained a thread sample, does that sound correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And it says that there was no DNA profile obtained from that swabbing?
- 6 A. Correct.

8

9

10

11

- 7 Q. What does that mean?
  - A. That means I did not detect any DNA from that sample, which means either there was not any DNA material on that to begin with or there was, our technology just isn't sensitive enough to pick up any that may have been there.
- Q. If there was blood, if it was human blood would you have gotten DNA out of it? If there was enough for you to get it, can you get DNA out of human blood?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And I understand what you're saying that there might not have been enough or it might have been too degraded, is that what you --
- 21 A. Or a third possibility is it may not have been 22 human blood.
- Q. If it had been insect blood would you have been able to get DNA out of it?

- 1 A. No. Our testing is human specific.
- 2 Q. Okay. Is that the extent of this report?
- $3 \mid A$ . Yes, it is.
- Q. The next report I have is June 29, 2009, does that sound correct to you?
- 6 A. That's correct.
  - Q. Okay. It looks like here you've got items submitted from three different places, some from LabCorp, some from Sharon Stellato, and some from CCBI, the City/County Bureau of Identification; does that seem right?
- 12 A. Yes.

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. And it says that you did examination on those items through autosomal STR. What is autosomal STR?
  - A. Autosomal STR is -- STR stands for short tandem repeat. It's the type of DNA that we're looking for when we conduct DNA, forensic DNA analysis at the laboratory. Autosomal DNA is a type of DNA that all of us have, males and females. There's another type of testing that we can do called Y-STR testing, Y as in the Y chromosome, it's male specific.
  - Q. Okay. So this is just the most common form of

1 DNA testing that people think of? 2 Α. Correct. 3 Okay. And it says here the first thing you did Q. 4 was prepare a swabbing submitted from a person 5 named Craigory Taylor? That's correct. 6 Α. 7 I mean the swabbing, I'm sorry, was submitted by Q. Sharon Stellato, but the person whose DNA was on 8 there was identified to you as Craig Taylor? 9 Correct. I did receive a DNA standard from a 10 Α. 11 Craig Taylor. 12 Q. I'm sorry, I don't know if I said that name 13 right. Craig, C-r-a-I-g Taylor. 14 Correct. Α. I'm not sure what I said the first time. 15 0. says then you looked at the victim's belt and 16 17 the left waistband of her pants, is that correct? 18 19 Correct. Certain areas of her pants and belt. Α. 20 Q. And were you able to obtain any DNA profiles 21 from there, or any full ones? 22 I was unable to obtain any full DNA profiles Α. from any of those areas that I tested for 23 24 autosomals, autosomal STRs.

- 1 Q. Okay. What about then, it says that you 2 received a partial profile from the top right waistband of the victim's pants. 3
- Correct. 4 Α.

6

11

23

- And you compared that and had a -- when you Q. compared it to the victim what was the result?
- The partial DNA profile that I obtained from the 7 Α. 8 swabbing from the top right waistband area of 9 the pants was a match to the victim.
- 10 Okay. And then did you compare it to Gregory Q. Taylor -- was it a mixture?
- 12 That particular DNA profile was not a mixture. Α.
- 13 0. Okay. And you also did compare it to Gregory 14 Taylor, Johnny Beck, and Craig Taylor, and 15 whoever's profile is that sperm, correct?
- 16 Correct. Α.
- 17 And no matches there? Q.
- 18 Α. Correct.
- Okay. It says here that you compared the 19 Q. 20 unknown male sperm profile that you had earlier 21 obtained to the swabbing submitted from Craig Taylor. What was the result of that? 22
  - That unknown male DNA profile from the underwear Α. did not match Craig Taylor.

- Q. Okay. And the next thing you did was the Y-STR analysis that you just told us isolates only the male DNA?
- 4 A. Correct.
- Q. Is the reason to do this so that you could exclude the victim's DNA?
- 7 A. It's sort of a way of trying to screen out
  8 female DNA so it doesn't interfere with my
  9 ability to potentially identify male donors in
  10 the sample.
- Q. Okay. And you were unable to obtain a male DNA profile from the victim's belt, zipper, or the left waistband of her pants?
- 14 A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. And it says a partial DNA profile was obtained from the right waistband of the pants, is that true?
- 18 | A. That is correct.
- 19 Q. And is this consistent with a mixture?
- 20 A. Yes, ma'am.
- 21 | Q. Tell me what that means, please.
- A. A mixture exists when there's a presence of more than one individual's DNA present in the sample.
- Q. Does that mean there's more than one male DNA

since this was Y-STR?

- A. Correct. For this particular sample there's at least two or potentially more male individuals in this sample.
- Q. Okay. Two or more?
- 6 A. Correct.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. And then it says, no conclusions could be rendered from a comparison with Gregory Taylor, Johnny Beck, Craig Taylor, or the sperm, the profile from the sperm, is that correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. What does that mean?
  - A. It means the nature of the results that I obtained for this particular sample, it was a partial profile so I'm not working with a full deck, so to speak. A mixture, it also implicates there's more than one individual so that makes things more difficult in order to make a solid interpretation or conclusion. And in this case the results that I obtained at the areas that I obtained results at, there was not enough discriminating evidence or result for me be able to discern definitively who is here and who is not here in this sample.

1 Q. So you couldn't draw conclusions one way or 2 another about those --3 Α. Correct. 4 Q. Does it mean you did get some DNA material off there, just not enough? You said not a full 5 6 deck, not enough to compare? Correct. Α. 8 Can you compare when you have a partial deck? Q. 9 Α. Yes, I can. 10 Q. Okay. But was this not enough to do in that instance? 11 12 Α. Correct. 13 Okay. And does the SBI have standards about how Q. 14 many you have to have in order to compare? 15 Yes, we do. Α. 16 Okav. And those are alleles? 0. 17 Α. Yes. 18 Okay. Is that the last report that you did? Q. 19 Yes, it is. Α. 20 Q. All right. I don't have any more questions. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners? 21 22 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 23 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: No questions? 24 MR. DEVEREUX: Why did you choose the

1 belt and the zipper, is that just an area 2 where people likely have touched? 3 Based on my discussions of the crime scene and Α. the theory of the case with Ms. Stellato, those 4 5 are areas that perhaps somebody may have placed 6 their hands for movement of those pants, of 7 those items of clothing. So I was looking for was what we call touch DNA, which is exactly 8 9 what it sounds like, it's you touch something 10 and possibly maybe we might pick up your profile. 11 12 MR. DEVEREUX: Try to summarize any 13 connection, however tenuous, or no 14 connection between the victim and Craig 15 Taylor. Can you say anything about him at 16 a11? 17 Α. From the evidence that I worked in this 18 particular case I did not find his DNA 19 definitively anywhere on the evidence that I've 20 worked. Did you find Gregory Taylor's DNA definitively 21 Q. 22 anywhere in the evidence? No, I did not. 23 Α.

Did you find Johnny Beck's?

24

Q.

A. No, I did not.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. Did you find anybody other than the victim's and the contributor of the male sperm?
- A. Well, the unknown profile and the victim, and that's it definitively.

MR. DEVEREUX: How hard is it to leave a touch DNA?

- A. Touch --
  - MR. DEVEREUX: How hard do you have to touch somebody or how often or how much?
- Α. It's highly variable. Some people will shed their DNA or their skin cells more readily than others. This evidence is not new or fresh, in a sense, it didn't happen just a few days ago. Age could have impacted the DNA, it could have degraded over time. I'm not aware of what the storage conditions of the evidence were. DNA is best under cool and dry conditions. It's not a defined set area for me to look at, I'm kind of trouble -- I'm just kind of taking a guess at where perhaps somebody may have touched something. It's not an easily identifiable stain such as from semen or saliva or blood where I know exactly where I'm going to look for

1		DNA. Touch DNA is pretty much an educated guess
2		for DNA testing.
3		MR. DEVEREUX: So the presence of a
4		match would mean something, the failure to
5		find a match doesn't necessarily tell us
6		much at all under these, under these
7		circumstances?
8	Α.	It's equivocal.
9		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
10	Q.	Somebody could have touched the victim's pants
11		back in 1991 and you wouldn't be able to locate
12		their DNA today?
13	Α.	That's possible.
14		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Questions,
15		Commissioners?
16		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
17		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. I would
18		ask that Special Agent Hughes be released
19		and thank her for coming today.
20		JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you very much,
21		you're excused.
22	Α.	Thank you.
23		(MS. HUGHES IS DISMISSED FROM THE
24		WITNESS STAND.)

1		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And I'm calling	
2		forensic biologist Meghan Clement.	
3			
4		THEREUPON,	
5		MEGHAN CLEMENT,	
6		Having first been duly	
7		Sworn, was examined and	
8		Testified as follows:	
9	EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:		
10	Q.	What is your name?	
11	Α.	Meghan Clement.	
12	Q.	Where do you work?	
13	Α.	I work for Laboratory Corporation of America	
14		Holdings, Incorporated, which has trademarked	
15		the name LabCorp.	
16	Q.	Okay. And what is your position there?	
17	Α.	I'm the technical director in the forensic	
18		identity testing department.	
19	Q.	What does that mean?	
20	Α.	LabCorp is actually a medical diagnostic testing	
21		company. They offer a whole range of testing	
22		options dealing mostly with medical diagnostics,	
23		but there is a forensic identity department that	
24		tests evidence for criminal court cases as well	

as some medical specimens for identification of 1 who the specimen actually came from. 2 3 Does that include DNA testing? 0. Yes, it does. 4 Α. It is more than just DNA testing though, is that 5 0. 6 right? The entire company is more than DNA testing, but 7 Α. in the forensics department we utilize serology 8 9 and DNA testing. Okay, serology as well. And tell me about your 10 Q. 11 work history. I have been employed at LabCorp since November 12 13 of 1994. Prior to that I worked at the Tarrant County Medical Examiners office in Fort Worth, 14 Texas. I had been employed there just under 15 four years working in their forensic biology 16 17 department. And prior to that I worked at the 18 City of Police, or excuse me, the City of 19 Albuquerque Police Department in Albuquerque, 20 New Mexico. I was employed there for six years. 21 I started in their serology section and also was 22 instrumental in initiating a DNA section in that 23 department. Can you tell us about your educational 24 Q.

background?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

- A. I have a bachelor of science in biology from
  Westfield State College in Massachusetts and a
  master of science in forensic sciences from the
  University of New Haven in Connecticut. I've
  also attended graduate level courses at the
  University of New Mexico and the University of
  Virginia, who has an agreement with the FBI
  Academy, so I actually took the courses at the
  FBI Academy, but was granted credits through the
  University of Virginia.
- Q. Have you testified before?
- 13 A. I have, yes.
- 14 | Q. How many times do you think you've testified?
- 15 A. I stopped counting after about 305, so more than that.
- Q. Okay. And when you testify are you usually qualified as an expert in forensic biology?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- Q. And the Commissioners are looking at a copy of your CV that you provided me. Is that a recent copy?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Okay.

```
MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I would ask
 1
                that Ms. Clement be --
 2
 3
      0.
           Clement, am I saying it right?
 4
      Α.
           Clement.
 5
           Clement, I'm sorry.
      0.
      Α.
           That's --
 6
 7
                      MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: -- be accepted
                by the Commission as an expert in forensic
 8
 9
                biology.
                      JUDGE SUMNER: She's deemed qualified.
10
11
                      MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:
                                              Thank you, your
12
                Honor.
           Now, have you been working with the North
13
      Q.
14
           Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission?
15
      Α.
           Yes, I have.
16
           And have you been working on -- one case that
      Q.
17
           you've been working on is the Gregory Taylor
18
           case?
           That's correct.
19
      Α.
20
           And how long do you think you've been working on
      Q.
           that case?
21
22
           Almost two years.
      Α.
23
           Is that your file on the case right there?
      Q.
24
      Α.
           Yes, it is.
```

- Q. We won't go through that page by page. Have you issued a number of reports based on the results of your testing?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 | Q. And is the first report dated January 14, 2007?
- 6 A. If I may refer -- yes, it is.
- Q. Do you have copies of your reports or would you like me to provide them for you?
- 9 A. I do have copies.
- Q. Okay. But I'm looking at the January 14, 2007 report and it looks like you have a number of items that were submitted or maybe that you actually obtained from the Raleigh Police Department, does that sound correct?
- 15 A. That's correct. I actually went to the police department to pick up the evidence.
- Q. Okay. And it says here that the first thing
  that you did was a chemical analysis of item 1,
  which is a smear from a, I think this is the
  fender, from a fender above the wheel of a
  vehicle. And it says that revealed positive
  results for the presence of blood.
- 23 A. That's correct.
- Q. Can you tell me what does that mean?

- A. Yes. A presumptive test was performed and it's a simple chemical analysis that will indicate whether something could be blood or not. If it gives a positive result it simply means it might be blood. There's no way of knowing at this point with just a presumptive whether it truly is or whether it's human blood or animal blood, simply that it gave a positive chemical presumptive test and, therefore, could be blood and it's worth further exploration.
- Q. Okay. And what chemical is used for that one?
- 12 A. We used a phenolphthalein test.
  - Q. Okay. And were you able to conduct any further testing of this item?
    - A. We did attempt to obtain a DNA profile from it.

      We extracted the sample, we obtained upon
      quantification what we call zero quantitation.

      We still attempted to concentrate the sample
      down as low as we could get it and amplify it,
      but we did not obtain any results on this
      particular sample.
    - Q. Then the next thing that you tested says that this was a sperm fraction from vaginal swabs.

      Does that sound like the next thing that you

tested?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

- A. We did test vaginal swabs. And what happens in that analysis is we use chemicals to attempt to differentiate the sperm DNA from non-sperm DNA. So although we start with one vaginal swab, we actually end up with two different fractions that are analyzed separately.
- Q. And what was the result of that analysis?
  - A. The vaginal swabs, we did end up with results from both the sperm and the non-sperm fraction.

    The non-sperm fraction revealed a profile which was consistent with the victim, and the sperm fraction revealed a mixture of DNA from at least two male or two individuals, and at least one of them had to have been a male.
  - O. Could the other one have been the victim?
- 17 A. The other one could have been the victim, yes.

  18 We could not exclude the victim as being a
- 19 contributor to that mixture.
- Q. Okay. And you said at least one profile was male?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- 23 Q. And what did you do with that profile?
- A. We compared the reference samples or the

- profiles we developed from the reference samples of Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck to that mixture to determine whether they could be included or excluded, and they were both excluded from that mixture.
- Q. Excluded here, does that mean that they are not the contributors of that DNA?
  - A. Yes, they could not be the contributors of that DNA.
  - Q. And then the next thing you did was a sperm fraction obtained from the victim's panties.
    Was this the same result of that?
  - A. From the panties we again did perform an analysis. We separated it into sperm and nonsperm fractions. On the sperm fraction we had to have -- well, we obtained a mixture of at least three individuals and, again, at least one of them had to have been a male. And we compared those to both Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck and they were also both excluded from that mixture.
  - Q. Could you tell if one of the profiles from that sperm fraction from the panties was the same profile as the one from the vaginal swabs?

- A. Let me look really quickly. (Witness examines document.) It appears that there is at least one different male in that particular mixture, so it doesn't appear that it is from the same male.
- Q. Okay. Now, in order to run this profile that you obtained through the DNA databank known as CODIS, would it have to go to the SBI to do that?
- A. Yes. As a matter of fact, it's not even an option for us to hand them our notes to have them review it. They actually have to perform the analysis again independently.
- Q. So they have to repeat the same test that you just did?
- A. That's correct.
  - Q. Okay. All right. The next thing I have on your report is a slide with a smear from the fender, a slide with a smear from the A-frame and the fender liner. And it says for these three items that they did not yield sufficient quantity of DNA to develop a profile.
  - A. That's correct. We did attempt to extract the DNA, concentrate it down, and develop a profile,

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

but none of those samples revealed any genetic information to make comparisons.

- Q. What might it mean that you could not get a profile out of that?
- A. Well, there are a number of reasons why I may not obtain a profile. One possibly is that the DNA is too degraded. One is that even if there is blood on it, it may not be human blood, it may be animal blood or insect blood. It could be that there is a chemical or environmental agent which is inhibiting the replication of the DNA in order to determine what characteristics are present. It could be just that there are such low levels to begin with that our technology is not able to use the small amounts that were present to develop a profile.
- Q. All right. Now I'm on page 4 of your report and it says that you tested the hairs that were submitted to you as found on the victim's face.
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And you submitted these for mitochondrial DNA testing?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And tell us really briefly what is

2

3

4

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

mitochondrial as opposed to normal DNA testing or typical DNA testing?

If you think of a cell in your body as a fried Α. egg, the yellow portion or the yolk of the egg is what's called the nucleus and that's where the DNA is housed that we inherit from our mothers and our fathers. In the white section of the egg called the cytoplasm there are these organelles that are called mitochondria which house its own type of DNA which is inherited only from our mothers. This mitochondria is what gives us all of our energy. And so within this cell, even though there's only one nucleus or one egg yolk, in the external portion where the mitochondria are found there may be hundreds of mitochondria in one particular cell and each one of those may have multiple copies of the mitochondrial DNA. So there are literally hundreds and potentially thousands of copies of mitochondrial DNA per cell versus one copy of nuclear.

As I said earlier, the mitochondrial DNA is inherited only from your mother so that is passed on through the maternal lineage. Every

1 sibling will have the same mitochondrial 2 sequence as their mother, so it's not a unique 3 DNA, it's more like a class characteristic of 4 the maternal lineage. 5 So my sister and I, if we have the same mother, Q. would have the same mitochondrial DNA profile? 6 Α. That's correct. 8 0. Okay. 9 And so would a brother if you had a brother. Α. 10 Q. Okay. Now, when you have a fragment of a hair 11 that does not include a root, is mitochondrial 12 DNA testing the common type of testing for that? 13 Α. Yes. 14 Okay. And what were the results of testing that 0. hair? 15 16 When we tested the hair --Α. 17 On the hair, I'm sorry. Q. Yes, there were multiple small fragments that we 18 A. 19 tested. And it resulted in a sequence which 20 matched the sequence of the victim, Ms. Thomas. 21 All right. Now I'm on the May 26, 2009 report. Q. 22 Is that the next one that you have? 23 Α. Yes.

All right. At this point I see the first thing

24

Q.

- you do on this report was you were submitted a
  swab with DNA obtained from somebody named James
  Gist.
- 4 A. That's correct, yes.

6

7

8

- Q. And you compared that to the sperm fractions?
- A. We compared the reference profile that we developed on Mr. Gist to the sperm fractions and the non-sperm fractions, the mixtures that we obtained from the vaginal swabs and the panties.
- 10 | Q. And what were the results of this?
- 11 A. He was excluded as being a contributor to any of the DNA in all of those mixtures.
- Q. Okay. And then the next thing that you tested was a cigarette butt that was found inside of the vehicle.
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. And you said that -- what was the result of this?
- 19 A. The cigarette butt that was obtained from inside 20 the vehicle matched the profile that was 21 connected to Gregory Taylor.
- Q. Okay. And then you tested a cigarette wrapper and a beer can and found that those had a mixture of DNA on them?

2

3

4

5

6

11

12

13

14

15

21

22

23

- A. That's correct, they were mixtures.
- Q. And these were located, found inside of Gregory Taylor's vehicle. I don't know if you know that, but they were. Gregory Taylor was not excluded, but Jacquetta Thomas was, is that correct?
- 7 A. That's correct. Gregory Taylor could not be
  8 excluded as a contributor of the mixtures.
  9 Jacquetta Thomas, well, Jacquetta Thomas, Johnny
  10 Beck, and James Gist were excluded.
  - Q. Okay. Then you tested two cigarette butts that were found from miscellaneous debris in the culde-sac and you said that they had a female source on them but it was not the victim's DNA, is that correct?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And you were not able to get any more results from that?
- 19 A. No, we were not submitted any additional females 20 to compare to.
  - Q. Okay. Then you tested a cigarette butt that came from miscellaneous debris in the cul-de-sac and found that it had a male source, but it was not Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck?

- 1 | A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And did you later on compare this to other males' DNA that was submitted to you?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Okay. And you never were able to match this?
- A. That's correct. It never matched any of the known reference samples.
- Q. Okay. And then you tested a seal and an empty
   cigarette pack and there was not enough DNA to
   develop a profile, is that correct?
- 11 | A. That's correct.
- 12 Q. All right. Is that it for that report?
- 13 | A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Now I have July 13, 2009, did we just --
- 15 A. (Witness examines document.) Yes.
- Q. Okay. All right, and this is combined with an
- August 21, 2009 report, is that correct, if
- 18 that's a supplement?
- 19 A. The August -- yes, that's correct.
- 20 Q. Okay. So we'll just talk about those together.
- 21 A. Okay.
- Q. It looks like at this time you, this is the time
- where you now have Craig Taylor's profile and
- 24 Andrew Manuel's profile, is that right?

- 1 A. That is correct.
- 2 | Q. And now you compare them to the sperm?
- A. Yes, to both the vaginal swabs and the panty mixtures.
- 5 | Q. And what's the result of that?
- A. They were both excluded as contributors to any of the DNA on the vaginal swabs or the panties.
- Q. So now you've excluded Gregory Taylor, Johnny Beck, James Gist, Craig Taylor, and Andrew Manuel?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And the cigarette wrapper and the beer can you tested to Andrew Manuel and Craig Taylor and they were excluded as well?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- 16 Q. Okay. And the same thing for the cigarettes
  17 that we just talked about?
- 18 A. Correct.
- Q. And now you test the victim's tan underwear, is that right?
- 21 A. That's correct, except we perform a different 22 type of testing on the tan underwear.
- Q. Now you do Y-STR?
- A. That's correct. We performed what's called Y-

- 1 STR testing on these items next.
- Q. Okay. And is Y-STR what isolates the male chromosome?
- A. Yes. Y-STRs are found only on the male Y
  chromosome, so we are basically ignoring any
  female DNA that may be present and concentrating
  only on the male DNA.
- Q. And this helps you when there's a mixture of DNA to sort out what to look at?
- 10 A. Absolutely, yes.
- Q. Okay. So the first time that you do -- you've tested these panties multiple times, is that correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. This is the first time now that we're talking about?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. Okay. The first time that you test them you do
  19 swabbings of the underwear, is that right?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- Q. And are you swabbing around the waistband of the panties?
- A. The first time we were swabbing the sides of the panties and the waistband areas.

- Q. And what you're looking for now is skin cell
  DNA?
- 3 A. That's correct.
- Q. Or whatever is there, but that's what you're,
  where you're expecting to see where somebody
  might have touched that underwear?
- 7 A. Exactly.
  - Q. Okay. And your result is a mixture?
- 9 A. That's correct. On the tan panties we obtained a mixture of at least three males.
- 11 | Q. Okay.

- 12 A. And we only obtained -- we look at 17 different
  13 areas on the Y chromosome. We only obtained
  14 results at 5 of those 17 areas.
- Q. And you test these panties again later on too, right, so we're still just talking about the first time?
- 18 | A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. Okay. And at this time who's excluded and who 20 is not excluded?
- A. At this point in time, in reference to the results of the Y chromosome from the tan panties, Gregory Taylor and James Gist cannot be excluded. And I have to say with Y chromosome

1 DNA, whenever we name an individual we also 2 include their paternal relatives because every 3 paternal relative is going to have that same Y chromosome profile. 4 5 Okay. So they're not excluded out of the 5 of 0. 17 markers or alleles that you look at. 6 7 The combination of those five, yes. Α. 8 Okay. Now, I had talked with you a lot about 0. 9 statistics and I'm going to -- well, let me first say, Craig Taylor, Johnny Beck, and Andrew 10 Manuel are excluded? 11 12 Α. That is correct, yes. 13 Out of the reportable DNA? Q. Out of the reportable DNA. 14 Α. 15 And there is other DNA on there that just Q. 16 doesn't meet the reporting requirements? 17 That's correct. There's weak additional peaks, Α. 18 but we have a threshold and these peaks did not 19 rise above that threshold so therefore they 20 could not be reported. 21 Q. Now, looking at the statistics for the part of 22 the DNA that did not exclude Gregory Taylor or 23 James Gist, if there were eight men in front of you, how many of them do you think would be not 24

excluded?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- A. From a mixture of three males it would be very difficult to determine. I would anticipate, just based on the fact that we only got five out of the seventeen areas, it would not be unlikely to match at least one of those eight, if not more than that.
- Q. Okay. So if you had eight men in front of you, you wouldn't be surprised if at least one of them could not be excluded even if they were twelve-year-olds who weren't even alive at this time?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So it's not what you'll call very strong DNA at this point?
  - A. Not with a mixture of three. You're going to include a lot more individuals just by circumstance when you have a mixture of three different men contributing.
- Q. And you do try again later on the panties, and we'll get to that.
- 22 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. All right. Now, and you have something called a Y-STR database that you have sometimes

- run DNA through, but you were not able to run
  this DNA through it, is that right?
  - A. That's correct. When you have a mixture, unless you have a major profile that you know all of the characteristics are contributed by one person and there is a majority of the DNA from that individual, you can't search the database to see whether there are matches in it.
  - Q. And what the database does really is just helps you get statistical numbers and say this many out of this many people might be a match, something like that?
  - A. That's correct.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- Q. Okay. All right. Now let's talk about the blouse. The next thing you did was test the blouse, and you swabbed sections of the buttons and around the button holes, is that right?
- A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. And you got no results?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- Q. Later on you do test the blouse and get some different results, is that right?
- A. That's correct. It was an ongoing type of analysis and through the -- this is the first

set of testing of these items and we 1 2 subsequently did additional testing. 3 Q. Okay. And then the blue panties, you tried those, and at that time you don't get any 4 results? 5 That's correct. 6 Α. 7 Later on you test the blue panties and get some Q. results? 8 That's correct. 9 Α. 10 Is that it for that report? Q. 11 Α. Yes. Now I'm on August 6, 2009, the last 12 Q. report. Okay. And again, now you're doing the 13 14 Y-STR testing again that we talked about on the 15 victim's clothing trying to get small amounts of skin cells off of there where somebody might 16 17 have touched her clothing? 18 Α. That's correct. How did you obtain these profiles, was it 19 Q. swabbings and cuttings? 20 There was a combination of some swabbings 21 Α. and cuttings and some just swabbings. 22 23 Okay. And did we essentially tell you, you Q. 24 know, swab greater areas, keep trying?

- $1 \mid A.$  Yes.
- 2 | Q. Okay.
- 3 At this point for the underwear we swabbed Α. 4 literally from about the first third portion, front, the entire front panel all the way around 5 6 to the back just trying to figure out where 7 somebody would grab to pull the items down. So 8 we have tried to encompass much more. And we 9 did that for both pairs of panties and then also 10 testing some additional items that were 11 submitted.
- Q. Okay. And what -- well, let's see, the brown, the tan panties you never got anything on, is that right?
- 15 A. The second testing we did not obtain results on the tan panties.
- Q. Okay. And in the first testing the results of the tan panties had been?
- 19 A. A mixture of at least three males.
- Q. And that was the one that originally could not exclude --
- 22 A. Gregory Taylor or Mr. --
- 23 | Q. Andy Manuel? No, James Gist.
- 24 A. Gist.

- Q. So this time you don't get enough to tellanything?
- 3 A. That's correct.
- 4 Q. Okay. And now you also swab the blue panties?
- 5 A. That's correct.

9

- Q. And at this point you do the same thing with those and you exclude everybody that you've got?
  - A. On the blue panties -- (Witness examines document.) -- yes, they're all excluded from the blue panties.
- Q. Gregory Taylor, Johnny Beck, James Gist, Andrew Manuel, and Craig Taylor are all excluded from the blue panties?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- Q. And again, you're not getting whole profiles off of these, you're getting just enough to exclude somebody?
- 18 A. That's correct. From the blue panties we obtained results at six of the seventeen locations.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- A. But it was enough information that we could exclude those individuals from the reportable profiles.

Okay. Now the blouse, you do the same thing, 1 Q. 2 you test the blouse, swab a whole lot more of 3 it, do some more cuttings on it. How many profiles do you get off of that? 4 5 On that particular sample we obtained a mixture Α. of two males. 6 7 Okay. And again, not very good quality Q. 8 profiles? That's correct. We only obtained results at 9 Α. four out of the seventeen locations or loci. 10 11 Q. Okay. And who's excluded from that, what you 12 got out of that? 13 Gregory Taylor, James Gist, Andrew Manuel, and Α. 14 Craig Taylor are all excluded, however we 15 include Johnny Beck as a possible contributor of that particular sample. 16 17 Okay. And again, you're not saying that you can Ο. match it because it's only four out of 18 19 seventeen, but he's not ruled out? 20 Α. That's basically --21 Q. All right. And now you try to do some numbers 22 and run this through the Y-STR database and come 23 up with the results that about one out of every

33 males would be not excluded from that blouse.

So the same thing as Johnny Beck, one out of 1 2 every 33. If you lined up 33 men, you would 3 expect that at least one of them would have, you'd be able to say it could be his DNA even if 4 5 they were 12 years old? That's correct. 6 Α. 7 Q. Okay. And then when you break that down further to African-American males, it's one out of 14? That's correct. 9 Α. Okay. And then we talked about the underwear. 10 Q. Okay, now you're testing the victim's pants? 11 12 Yes. Α. 13 And you do swabbings and cuttings here? 0. 14 Α. We do. 15 Same thing all over the waistband where anybody Q. 16 might have grabbed? Yes, that's correct. 17 Α. 18 Okay. What do you get here? 0. 19 Here we ended up with a profile, a major profile Α. 20 of a single individual. There were only 3 out 21 of the 17 locations. With that particular 22 sample Gregory Taylor, Johnny Beck, James Gist, Andrew Manuel and their paternal relatives are 23

excluded, but we could not exclude Craig Taylor

- as, as being the source of that major profile.
- 2 Q. Okay. So now Craig Taylor is not excluded?
  - A. That's correct.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

- Q. So everybody gets a turn at being not excluded on the clothing. And for him, the numbers for him are kind of the same of what we talked about before. If you lined up eight people, you'd expect one out of every eight of those men to maybe not be excluded?
- A. That's correct. There was a database of 10,286, there were 1221 matches to that profile. So that, if you perform the calculation, is approximately one in eight individuals would be included as having that combination of characteristics.
- Q. And if you break it down to African-American men, it's one out of every nine?
- 18 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And you're not able to get any DNA off of the victim's belt or any other parts of the clothes?
- 22 A. No.
- Q. Okay. And you try to do what the SBI did with
  the samples that they had and you can't recreate

1 those, right? 2 That's correct. Α. 3 They've been consumed or most likely consumed? Q. Correct. 4 Α. 5 Okay. Do you feel that, based on working with Q. 6 Sharon and I, that you've exhausted all the 7 testing of the physical evidence that you can do based on what we know right now in this case? 8 9 I believe so, yes. Α. 10 0. Okay. Multiple times. 11 Α. 12 You feel exhausted. Q. 13 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 14 do you have any questions? MR. BECTON: Ms. Clement, I've been 15 taking notes on several pages, but I'm 16 17 going to focus only on the car. What 18 connection is there to portions of the car, 19 the fender of the car which contained blood from the victim? 20 21 There is no connection of anything on the car Α. 22 that we made through DNA of any potential blood 23 to the victim. The sample that we tested that 24 did give a positive result for blood actually

gave us a zero quantitation. The quantitation method that we use looks specifically for human DNA so we can't even say that if that was blood, that it was even human. It could have been an animal, it could have been a bug's blood. So we can make no connection of anything from the car to the victim.

MR. BECTON: Is there anything you tested in the car that puts the victim in the car?

## A. No, nothing.

MR. DEVEREUX: I guess this is in the form of a hypothetical. If you assume that after this -- I mean, I'm sure you know some of the underlying facts. The woman is assaulted and either dead or dying, and at some point somebody removes portions of her clothing. So if you assume that happened and you assume that you have three individuals that that could be and you have samples from those three individuals, would you expect to find touch DNA, identifiable touch DNA if it was one or three of those people? Or is it just a shot in the dark

or, you know, what are the odds of finding 1 2 it? 3 Α. Well, I can tell you whenever I'm posed that hypothetical, the first answer I give is I don't 4 5 ever expect anything when it comes to evidence. MR. DEVEREUX: Sure, I understand. 6 Certainly we've seen situations where there has 7 Α. been what I would consider minimal contact and 8 we've gotten great profiles, and other 9 situations where you would think there would be 10 a lot of DNA from someone. 11 But it kind of 12 depends on the person, depends on the 13 environment. If it's hot and people are sweaty, 14 they're going to release more DNA if they're 15 touching someone or yanking on something than if 16 it's a cool evening. Or some people are what we 17 call shedders or greater shedders than others, 18 and a lot could depend on their hygiene. It's 19 really difficult to say. I don't find it unusual when we obtain profiles when two people 20 21 come into contact, but I certainly am not 22 surprised if we don't see it. 23 MR. DEVEREUX: How about degradation 24 when it's 18 years later?

Absolutely. Degradation plays a very big role 1 Α. 2 in this type of testing and looking for this 3 amount of, you know, amount of evidence, especially with touch DNA or handling DNA. 4 MR. DEVEREUX: What we know for sure 5 is some -- we know sexual assault is 6 unclear, but we do know that somebody took this young woman's, some of her clothes 8 off. 9 That's correct. 10 Α. 11 MR. DEVEREUX: The State says that there were two people involved in that, and 12 we now have another individual who 13 14 maintains that he had something to do with it. And you can't shed any light on who's 15 telling the truth and who's not? 16 And in all honesty, the DNA that we did 17 No. Α. identify isn't necessarily from this incident at 18 It could have been from encounters earlier 19 in the afternoon or whether there's a boyfriend 20 21 or, you know, whatever the circumstances are, these things, these particular profiles could be 22 23 from previous situations.

24

MR. DEVEREUX: And when you -- the one

2

3

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

in eight and one in fourteen numbers that you were asked that, those are just eight randomly selected, out of a population of eight selected randomly, one of them could -- when you say one in eight, one of them could yield a, the result in a match that you have?

Yes. And I'm getting that number from the Α. actual database that we looked at. The database that we looked at for the, this one is for the pair of pants. There were 10,286 individuals. And when we say somebody is consistent with or can't be excluded, all we can do is, because the Y chromosome is inherited as a single entity, we look in the database to see whether it's been seen before or not. So out of this database of 10,286, it had been seen 1221 times. And so if you just divide that and apply a statistical calculation called a 95 percent upper confidence limit, which is just saying that this is only based on this database size. With 95 percent confidence applying this statistical calculation I can say that I would expect 95 percent of the time with any database to see this in

approximate -- or one in every eight people 1 2 would not be excluded from this as well. So it 3 is based on a statistical database and statistical calculations, but it -- you know, if 4 5 you just picked eight arbitrarily, I would expect that at least one of them would also not 6 be able to be excluded. 7 MR. BECTON: You mentioned DNA 8 9 degradation. Did you review any of the reports that were done when the tests were 10 originally done back in 1991? 11 12 I did not, no. Α. 13 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any other 14 questions, Commissioners? 15 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 16 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. 17 would ask that Ms. Clement be released from 18 her subpoena. 19 JUDGE SUMNER: Thank you very much, 20 ma'am, you're excused. 21 (MS. CLEMENT IS DISMISSED FROM THE 22 WITNESS STAND.) 23 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Thank you. 24 Commissioners, do you need a break before I

continue on? We are done with DNA.

JUDGE SUMNER: Let's get through one more witness.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. Well, I don't have any more. The next witness is going to be, for the rest of the afternoon is going to be Ms. Stellato talking about the investigations that she did. Well, I told you that the DNA was going to be exhaustive, but it was important for you all to understand what we tried so that you know what's left or not left out there.

All right. We did a lot of, what I call good old fashioned investigation in this case, just getting out and talking to people, talking to witnesses, looking at other theories, looking at what the Defense attorneys had developed, looking at what the State had developed. And we're going to go through most of the rest of that this afternoon. One of the things that we did, we did a lot of witness interviews. We subpoenaed Ernest Andrews and Eva Kelly to testify here for you because they had testified at trial. We have not subpoenaed any other civilian witnesses to come and testify. We have

some more experts coming tomorrow, not DNA experts, other experts coming. And we're going to summarize interviews of the other witnesses for you. If there's anybody that you hear that you want to have subpoenaed, please just let me know and we can reconvene and subpoena them for you.

The interviews were conducted by our staff investigator, Sharon Stellato, usually accompanied by our case manager, Grace Wallace. I will be calling Ms. Stellato in a minute to testify about those interviews. Ms. Wallace is available as well if you have any questions for her.

One of the first things that we focused on or part of what our investigation was focusing on was a number of sort of alternate theories or alternate suspects that had been developed by the Defense at the time of trial, although they did not present evidence at trial or the Defense during the Motions for Appropriate Relief or other agencies that looked at the cases, the case, or us as we were going through the case and saying, well, here's, you know, could it be

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

other people or here's some other ways

potentially that could be there. And we tried

to investigate those out and through their

completion.

The first one is called John Williams or I'll refer it to as John Williams. When we received this case he was somebody that had been, I guess maybe a person of interest for the Defense or the groups that were working on it. So he was considered an alternate suspect. is a serial killer that killed three people, was convicted of killing three people in Raleigh, and is suspected of killing nine people in Raleigh in 1996. The types of crimes and locations were extremely similar. One of the victims was actually found in the road coming out of the cul-de-sac. So it's very similar. The killings almost always though did involve either attempted or an actual sexual assault. So in this case the theory, the State theory was that she was not actually sexually assaulted, but his did involve sexual assaults. They were usually, the victims were usually women that he was able to get as prostitutes or women who were

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

looking to trade sex for drugs.

What we were able to obtain and ultimately learn was that he was in Georgia around the time of this murder. He was released from prison on March 4, 1991. Again, this murder was September of 1991. We've been unable to tell for sure from the Parole Board in Georgia whether or not he was on parole or if he was straight released and not required to check in on parole. arrested right before or three months before this murder on June 8, 1991 in Georgia, and he was arrested again on October 23, 1991 in Georgia. So it's possible, you know, that he could have been here in September and gotten back down to Georgia. His first arrest and the first evidence of him being in North Carolina is October of 1996, so we're off about five years later that we are aware of him being up here. His DNA is in CODIS, that state DNA databank that you heard about, and it did not match the sperm -- the sperm fraction was run through CODIS with no hits.

So that's as much as we've been able to tell about him. Here is his record for you if

you would like to take a look at it. As I said, 1 he has been convicted of three different 2 3 murders, and most of those were accompanied by a sex offense. 4 5 The next alternate theory is that the victim could have been out confronting people 6 who dealt drugs to her that she might have 7 gotten drugs that were bad or drugs that caused 9 her to have bad side effects, and that she was 10 out looking to talk to those people. And at 11 this time I'm going to call Commission 12 Investigator Sharon Stellato to testify about 13 this theory and the work that she did on this 14 theory. 15 (MS. SHARON STELLATO TAKES THE WITNESS 16 STAND.) 17 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Your Honor, is 18 Ms. Stellato still under oath? 19 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes; yes. 20 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. 21 22 Examination by Ms. Montgomery-Blinn: 23 All right. Ms. Stellato, can you tell us a Q. 24 little bit about where this theory came from?

- A. When we got the Defense files, in the Defense files were the private investigator files from 1991. There was a private investigator who found an informant at a hotel and was provided information that the victim had OD'd on, the quote was, some bad stuff that was given to her by two black male drug dealers. The informant also said that the victim was alleged to have had tubes placed in her neck because she had overdosed. And the person --
- Q. Was this supposed to be prior, just a couple days prior to the murder, do you know?
- A. Yes; yes.
- 14 Q. Okay.

- A. And then when she was released from -- the story went when she was released from the hospital, she was going to confront those drug dealers and that she was killed by two black males that had given her the bad drugs.
- Q. Okay. And what did you do to investigate this theory?
- A. The private investigator who worked on the case in 1991 had found a woman at a hotel who knew the person that came up with the story, and that

- person's name was Sharon Ricks. She is in federal prison in Florida for possession.

  Did the 1991 investigator speak to Ms. Ricks.
  - Q. Did the 1991 investigator speak to Ms. Ricks or did you mean you found out --
- 5 A. The 1991 investigator spoke with an informant who knew Ms. Ricks.
- 7 | Q. Who said it was Sharon Ricks that said this?
- 8 A. Yes.

- 9 Q. Okay. And you found Sharon Ricks or actually
  10 somebody from the Commission staff found Sharon
  11 Ricks?
- 12 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 13 0. And who found Sharon Ricks?
- 14 A. Michael Epperly.
- 15 Q. Okay. And where was she?
- 16 A. She was in federal prison in Florida.
- 17 Q. Okay. That's where she was -- is right now?
- 18 A. That's where she is now, yeah.
- 19 Q. Okay. And were you able to speak with 20 Ms. Ricks?
- 21 A. Uh-huh (yes). We set up a telephone conference 22 where we mailed her pictures. What we did is we 23 mailed her pictures of really everyone involved 24 in the case, from, you know, witnesses to

alternative suspects to Greg Taylor, Johnny
Beck, just anyone we knew or talked to about the
case that we could find photographs of,
especially on the Department of Corrections' Web
site, we sent to her and we asked her to review
the photographs before I talked to her on the
phone.

I did talk to her. She has confirmed knowing everyone involved in the case with the exception of Gregory Taylor, and she is not sure if she's ever seen Johnny Beck. She did know the victim. She doesn't remember -- at that time period she said a lot of people were murdered in that area, a lot of women were murdered in that area in 1991. She says she's never given a theory about two men and bad drugs and that she doesn't know anything about that murder.

- Q. So she denied everything that the 1991 Defense private investigator had found?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And did she indicate, was she honest with you about her criminal record and her past drug dealing?

1	Α.	She was. And for most of the witnesses, when I
2		would ask her how she knew them, she could tell
3		you which ones had purchased drugs from her when
4		she was in the Raleigh area. She was, I feel
5		like she was pretty honest about what she had
6		done when she lived here.
7	Q.	You mean when you compared that to her record
8		she was giving you correct answers about that or
9		what she was telling you was matching her
10		criminal record?
11	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
12	Q.	And is there any more to that theory from your
13		investigation?
14	Α.	The only because we had such limited
15		information, in the beginning we only knew that
16		it was a woman named Sharon and we only knew
17		that it was two black males, I don't think,
18		unless someone came forward with more
19		information, that we could go any further with
20		it.
21		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners,
22		do you have any questions about this
23		particular piece of the investigation?
24		JUDGE SUMNER: Any check made of area

1 h

hospitals to corroborate the fact that she might have been in the hospital a couple days before?

Volume I

A. Actually, yes. We got -- and this was a little bit before I came, but we got all, all the medical records. She had been in the hospital not for a drug overdose, but she had been in the hospital -- and probably Mr. Epperly will have to talk about that -- but not, with nothing to do with that and it wasn't immediately prior to her death. It was -- she actually had an STD that she had gone to the doctor about a month prior to her murder.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And if you'd like me to call Mr. Epperly to answer more of those questions.

- Q. All right. Tell us about the Virginia car theory and where that came from and what it is.
- A. The Virginia car theory was another, another part done by the private investigator. And this was actually the private investigator who worked for the trial attorney in 1991. He spoke to someone who was familiar with the drug area and familiar with a bunch of people in that area.

And that man said that he would, he would go down and find out all the information he could find. So basically there was an informant who went down there and started talking to people in the area to try to find out if anyone had seen the victim or if anyone had seen Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck particularly near the victim.

The first informant asked all around and came back and said that someone that he knew had said the victim got into a dark colored car with at least two people around 1:00 or 1:30 a.m.

There was another informant who said that the person who was on the passenger seat side of the car was a guy named George Murray. We looked for George Murray, but because of it being a common name we just can't, we don't have any way to narrow it down and we're not really sure who that would be.

They then went back and paid that person to provide the license plate number of the vehicle that she was supposedly seen in that night.

When they came back they came back with four possible numbers, four possible tag numbers, and they're all the same numbers just in different

The first three numbers were not in the orders. 1 file, and then the last registration plate 2 belonged to a 1984 Chevrolet, it belonged to a 3 white female who had lived in Raleigh and had 4 5 moved to Virginia with the vehicle. The informant and, I should say informant one and 6 informant two are now deceased so there's no way 7 to obtain more information from them. 8 9 And the other two we don't have enough 0. 10 information to locate? 11 Uh-huh (yes). Α. 12 And is that the extent of the investigation for 0. 13 the Virginia car theory? 14 Yes. Α. 15 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 16 are there any questions about that? 17 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) Okav. Let's talk about Andrew Manuel. 18 Andrew Manuel was a man that was interviewed by 19 Α. 20 police in 1991. He had been seen with the 21 victim that night approximately 9:30 or 10:00. Many different Witnesses had stated that he was 22 23 with the victim that night. And he was 24 interviewed by police. He told police that he

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

did pick up the victim, they rode around together. Eventually he dropped her back home about 11:00 p.m. And then the reason that he dropped her home is because he had to go to work that night. He worked the late shift at a trucking company. So when we found the Andrew Manuel interview the first thing we did was contact Observer Transportation, which is where he was working, to see if we could get time records. When he was interviewed in 1991 he provided the police with his manager's name and a contact name for the police to call and prove that he was working, but there were no notes in the file as to if they did call and just, you know, confirmed he was working or if the call was never made.

So we called Observer Transportation, which has been bought out now and is in Charlotte, and we got them to provide his work records. But at that time he was a temporary employee and, as such, he didn't have, they didn't keep time records on him, they merely kept the date that he was hired and how long he worked there. We do know that he was hired a week before the

murder so he could have very well been working that night.

- Q. We just don't know one way or the other?
- 4 A. Right, we just don't know one way or the other.
- 5 Q. Okay.

- A. The only issue the reason that we wanted to go and talk to him is that in his interview he had stated that he had seen the victim that night and dropped her off at 11 o'clock, and then he later said that one of his coworkers came back to work in the morning and told him that there was a girl who'd been murdered in the cul-de-sac. We wanted to talk to him just because it seems a little odd that he was with the person who ended up murdered in the cul-de-sac and he found out about it right away. So we did go and interview her. Actually, Mike Epperly went with me on this interview.
- Q. And what did he tell you during that interview?
- A. He was extremely nervous to talk to us. He was really frightened and scared. We told him why
- Q. What made you draw the conclusions that he was frightened and scared, what behaviors?

- A. He was very shaky, he was stuttering a lot, just, you know, nervous movement. He just kept saying, you know, he didn't do it and things of that nature, and just on the first interview it was a little bit off for him to be so concerned because we had told him we just wanted to talk to him.
- Q. okay.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

So when we did talk to him his story was Α. different. He did say that he was, that -- he said in the first interview he'd known the victim about two years, that he'd picked her up several times, that that was something that he did frequently. When we interviewed him again he actually said he didn't know the victim, he'd only seen her once or twice. He said that he gave her a ride home that night but he was only with her for about 15 or 20 minutes and that he didn't take her all the way home, he'd dropped her off at a street corner, and that he actually didn't know where her home was because he'd never been there. Her roommate, I interviewed her roommate and her roommate said that he had, he had been to her home before.

So as we were talking it seems more and more apparent he has no criminal record, he was known for picking up drug users, sometimes prostitutes in the area, but none of the prostitutes or the drug users that we've talked to state that he did anything other than treat them well, sometimes buy them cigarettes, sometimes buy them a gift, never had sex with them, just spent time with them.

- Q. Did you obtain a DNA sample from him?
- A. We did. We asked him for a DNA sample and he was happy to give us one. He said, I believe that whatever it took so that people would know that he wasn't involved. He gave us a DNA sample that day without --
- Q. You didn't need a court order?
- 17 | A. No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

21

22

23

24

- 18 Q. He willing provided it?
- 19 A. Yes, he did.
- 20 Q. Okay.
  - A. And as you know, the DNA didn't come back matching him. But more importantly, he also made several, well, three phone calls to me the next week changing his story a little bit and

admitting that he did know some of the 1 2 prostitutes in the area. I feel like some of it 3 was he was trying to cover up what he had been 4 doing. But he called, you know, to tell the 5 truth. Okay. Well, let's leave your impressions out of 6 Q. 7 it. 8 Α. Okay. 9 Q. So he never admitted to you any involvement in the murder? 10 11 Α. No. 12 And nobody that you interviewed ever linked him Ο. 13 to violence or anything that had to do with the 14 murder? 15 Α. They linked him to the victim, but not 16 to --17 In a friendship-type capacity with the victim? Q. 18 A . Yes. 19 Ο. Okay. And you were never able to conclusively, 20 I guess, resolve whether or not he's an 21 alternate suspect? 22 Α. No. 23 Okay. And did you feel like you've done about Q. 24 all that you can on investigating him?

1	Α.	Yes.
2	Q.	Okay. James Gist is the next person that we're
3		going to discuss.
4		MR. DEVEREUX: Can we ask questions
5		as -
6		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I'm sorry, yes.
7		Commissioners, do you have any questions
8		about Andrew Manuel?
9		MR. DEVEREUX: Did he say, Sharon,
10		where he gave her a ride home from?
11	Α.	Uh-huh (yes). The street corner. In his in
12		the police interview? Are you asking
13		MR. DEVEREUX: Well, that first, I
14		guess, yes. From the street corner to the
15		boarding house where she lived?
16	Α.	She did not live at the boarding house, she
17		lived with a roommate. Eva Kelly lived at the
18		boarding house.
19		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
20	Α.	He says that (Witness examines document)
21		he picked her up on the corner of E street and
22		gave her a ride home.
23		MR. DEVEREUX: E street. And did he
24		put a time on that in his testimony? I

1		know he got her home about 11 o'clock, you
2		said.
3	Α.	8:30 is when he picked her up. Excuse me, 8:30
4		to approximately 9 o'clock.
5		MR. DEVEREUX: And dropped her off at
6		11:00?
7	Α.	He states in the first interview, I imagine it
8		was 11 o'clock. And they continued asking why,
9		and he says that he had to be to work at
10		12 o'clock that night so he would have had to
11		have dropped her off around 11:00.
12		MR. DEVEREUX: And what did he tell
13		you about those same time
14	Α.	He told me that on the night of the he knew
15		his shift and that on the night of the murder he
16		had to be to work at 10:00, 10:00 p.m. He said
17		that he knew he had picked her up and taken her
18		and dropped her off on a corner, but not at her
19		home.
20		MR. DEVEREUX: And so his times were
21		pretty much significantly different than
22		what he had said before?
23	Α.	Significantly different.
24		MR. DEVEREUX: If he did drop her off

1		at 11:00, how does that tie in with Eva
2		Kelly's time?
3	Α.	If he dropped her the reason that we spoke to
4		him is all of the people who were interviewed
5		originally were talking about a man in a dark
6		car, and many of them could identify him as Andy
7		Manuel. So we, in the beginning we were trying
8		to get a time frame on how things happened. If
9		he dropped her off at 11:00 p.m. and you go with
LO		Eva Kelly's first, second, or trial testimony,
L1		it's still, that would be the right time frame.
L2		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
L3	Α.	I mean, she would have been free after
L4		11:00 p.m.
L5		MS. GREENLEE: Do you know what type
L6		of vehicle he drove?
L7	Α.	Uh-huh (yes). He drove (Witness examines
L8 <sub>.</sub>		document) Grace, could you pull his file for
L9		me? A 1991 Malibu Classic.
20	Q.	Was it black in color?
21	Α.	Yes.
22		MS. PICKENS: Sharon, how far would it
23		have been from he says he dropped her at
24		her home. How far was it from her home to

1		the boarding house where Ms. Kelly saw her?
2	Α.	It's less than a mile. I can
3		MS. PICKENS: So it's basically in the
4		same neighborhood?
5	Α.	Uh-huh (yes). In the same vicinity.
6		MS. PICKENS: Was she my brain is
7		was she seen between the time he dropped
8		her off what was the next time she was
9		seen? Do we have a time line?
10	Α.	She was seen. She was seen by her roommate who
11		that interview is actually coming up. She was
12		seen by her roommate and she was home and then
13		left at 1:00 a.m. that morning. Her roommate's
14		story puts her at home right at 11 o'clock.
15	Q.	So the roommate confirms what he said, that she
16		came home and then went back out later on on her
17		own. And I know we're going to get there.
18		MS. PICKENS: But the roommate did
19		the roommate see him letting her
20	Α.	The roommate did not see him that night, she did
21		not. She
22		MS. PICKENS: And you're going to go
23		over that testimony?
24	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Uh-huh (yes). 1 2 MR. BECTON: And where we stand now, Kelly said she saw her around 11:00 p.m. 3 the first police statement, 11:00 or 12:00 4 5 the second police statement? 6 Α. Uh-huh (yes). Does the roommate have 7 MR. BECTON: her home between 11:00 and 1:00? 8 The roommate has her walking toward her on a 9 Α. sidewalk at 11:00, and then they use drugs, and 10 she was home until 1:00 a.m. 11 12 All right, James Gist. Q. 13 Α. James Gist was a boyfriend, probably the most 14 significant boyfriend at the time that we've been able to find of the victim. He was 15 interviewed also by a private investigator in 16 1997. Based on that interview we've -- well, 17 first of all, the interview had put them being 18 together for approximately six months. He had 19 heard rumors that the victim was a prostitute 20 and that the victim used drugs, but he had never 21 known her to do that. He also never knew her to 22 23 be in the E Street location. In the 1997 private investigator interview he states that he 24

was supposed to meet her tonight, that night, the night of the murder, and that she paged him between 9:00 and 10:00 p.m. and that he didn't return her phone call. And the next morning he went to the victim's home and her roommate's mother told him that she'd been, that the victim had been murdered.

So based on that interview we contacted him and he was -- we actually got a court order for his DNA. And he was in the Wake County Jail and we interviewed him. He does remember the victim very well. He at that time had a long-term live-in girlfriend named Michelle Alston. That was in 1991, and he and Michelle Alston are still together today. Michelle did know that he was having an affair with the victim. He states that while they didn't like each other, it wasn't, they weren't fighting each other, they just both knew about each other. He lived with Michelle Alston while he was dating the victim.

He can't remember the last time that he saw the victim. He thinks it was maybe a day, a day or so earlier. And he later says in his second interview that we do with him that it could have

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

even been the same day. He still kind of maintains that he never knew if she was prostituting or if she was using drugs, but he had heard rumors about that. He states if he knew for sure, he would not have been dating her.

He says he was a D.J. at the time in an area called The Block, which was right, also right at this area where several clubs were, and that he would go over to the victim's home when he got off of work and spend time with her. The only significant thing that he let us know -two significant things: one, that there was an occasion where he was with the victim and his girlfriend, Michelle Alston, found them and followed them in a vehicle. But he said that that incident was funny and that he was, you know, pulling around and turning around just trying to joke with Michelle Alston. The other thing he says is that -- I asked him about any STDs or the victim being menstruating at the time that he last saw her, and he said if she was, he would not have had sex with her because he's never had sex with a woman who was

menstruating. And I think it's in the medical 1 2 report, some of you may know that she, blood was 3 found in her underwear and we don't know that 4 that means she was definitely menstruating. But 5 that's what he said about that. 6 And you later talked to Michelle Alston and Q. 7 we're going to get to that in a minute, right? I did. 8 Α. Q. And how did you obtain Mr. Gist's DNA? 10 Α. By court order. 11 Q. And was he in custody at the time? 12 Α. He was. 13 Q. Okav. 14 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 15 questions about -- well, actually, let me 16 pull up Mr. Gist's record for you. 17 MS. PICKENS: And he did not know 18 Taylor or Beck or any of the other people 19 involved, or did you --20 Α. He does not know Gregory Taylor or Johnny Beck. 21 He does know Craig Taylor. 22 what did he say about Craig Taylor? 0. 23 Craig Taylor had a relationship with Michelle Α. 24 Alston's sister, whose name is Tanika Stewart.

- 1		
1		He didn't know Craig Taylor by name, he only
2		knew him by a photograph. When we showed him he
3		said, you know, that's my sister-in-law's
4		ex-boyfriend. And we also talked to her just to
5		kind of get some more information about Craig
6		Taylor.
7		MR. DEVEREUX: We're going to hear
8		about that, I assume?
9	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
10	Q.	Yes. And is that Mr. Gist's record?
11		MR. BECTON: Before we leave, did
12		Craig Taylor have a relationship with
13		Michelle Alston while James Gist was living
14		with her?
15	Α.	No. He had a relationship with her sister. No.
16		Is it I'm sorry, can you repeat
17		MR. BECTON: I thought I saw something
18		in a file that Craig Taylor had a
19		relationship with Michelle Alston.
20	Α.	Craig Taylor maintains that, yes, that he had
21		sex with Michelle Alston and with Tanika
22		Stewart. Michelle Alston denies that.
23		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: More Commission
24		questions about Mr. Gist?

1		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
2	Q.	All right.
3		MS. PICKENS: Just a minute. The
4		assaults, I saw some assaults, they were
5		the victim male or female?
6	Α.	Female, the victim is Michelle Alston.
7		MS. PICKENS: Serious injury both
8		times, three times.
9		MR. BECTON: '86 and '87?
10		MS. PICKENS: Yeah, and one unknown up
11		above.
12		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: An '86
13		conviction we couldn't find the data with
14		that.
15		MS. PICKENS: Then the most recent,
16		communicating threats, was that also
17		domestic related?
18	A.	It was. The communicating threats is actually
19		from 2001, and somehow I guess he had just got
20		served with it when we found him, so I'm not
21		sure.
22	Q.	No, the date of offense is 2005. He was having
23		a probation violation, wasn't he?
24	Α.	He said it was communicating threats.

Q. Oh, okay.

A. I mean, I'm not sure if he just had that information wrong or --

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: We're going to talk a lot more about Craig Taylor after we get through the rest of the Witness interviews, but as Commissioners already know, he was interviewed by the police in 1991, he was a drug dealer in the area. He told the police that he saw the victim with a white man at 12:30 p.m. who he identified from a photograph as Gregory Taylor. And we've conducted much more lengthy interviews with him so we're going to do him after the rest of the other witness interviews. And you already have transcripts of the Commission interviews of him and his police interview.

Q. Michelle Alston. And we're just going to go through the Witness interviews in alphabetical order. We did interview, the Commission interviewed over 23 Witnesses, so we're going to -- you've already heard a bunch of them, and we're going to go through the rest. There's a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

couple of people that just didn't have anything to say and didn't end up being connected that we'll talk about if you want us to.

> JUDGE SUMNER: Excuse me, let's take a break here, about 15 minutes or so.

> (THEREUPON, A SHORT RECESS WAS TAKEN.) JUDGE SUMNER: All right, ladies and gentlemen, we're going to resume this hearing.

- All right. Ms. Stellato, you are still under Q. oath. And it looks like we were getting ready to start going through the other Witness interviews in alphabetical order starting with Michelle Alston. Please tell us about her.
- We interviewed Michelle Alston based on what Α. James, our interview with, our first interview with James Gist. She told us that she had actually grown up with the victim. Her family and the victim's family were old friends. states that she did know that James Gist and the victim were seeing each other. She was actually, Michelle Alston was actually pregnant at that time. She states that he's never hit her, that she calls police because she gets

angry with him, that she hits him and that things escalate and get out of control. And she — when I asked her about the time that she followed the victim and Gist she did remember it. She said that Gist was laughing about it, you know, kind of weaving in and out of roads. And it was the neighbors that told her that the victim had been murdered, not James Gist. But she confronted him and asked him about it and he admitted it and went to the funeral.

- Q. Admitted what?
- A. Admitted that she had been murdered.
- 13 | Q. Okay. Not that he was involved?
  - A. No, no, no, no. He didn't talk about -according to Michelle, he never -- Michelle
    Alston -- he never would bring up the victim's
    name because it would make her angry, and so he
    would hide things from her and she would have to
    ask him direct questions. So she asked him
    directly, did you go to the funeral or did you
    know that Jacquetta Thomas was murdered, and he
    said yes, and did you go to the funeral, and
    yes. And she was upset and said, it hurt me
    because I knew that he cared and was still in

with her. 1 2 That's really all the information that 3 Michelle Alston was able to provide in that phone call or in that interview. We did end up 4 calling her back later after the second 5 6 interview with James Gist. We called her to ask 7 her if it was true that her sister dated Craig Taylor at one time. She said that it was true, 8 9 that he was a drug dealer, that -- and then she 10 provided Tanika Stewart's phone number for us to 11 contact her directly. 12 And did she ever deny romantic involvement with Q. 13 Craig Taylor? 14 Yes. Α. 15 And did he say that he did have involvement with 0. 16 her? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. Okay. 19 Commissioners, MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 20 questions about Michelle Alston? 21 Michelle denied MR. DEVEREUX: romantic involvement with him? 22 23 Α. Yes. 24 MR. DEVEREUX: But not -- does

1		Tanika –
2	Α.	Tanika does not deny it.
3		MS. PICKENS: Did she have any did
4		she say anything about her sister,
5		Michelle, having any kind of relationship
6		with Craig Taylor?
7	Α.	No. She said that they, at that time, long ago
8		when that was going on, that they had all kind
9		of hung around each other, but she didn't know
10		any information about Michelle Alston and Craig
11		Taylor.
12	Q.	All right. Johnny Beck.
13		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Mr. Beck's
14		record is in your briefs.
15	Q.	Did you speak with Mr. Beck?
16	Α.	We did.
17	Q.	Okay. And tell us just briefly who Mr. Beck is.
18	Α.	Mr. Beck was the co-Defendant in the Greg Taylor
19		case.
20	Q.	And was he ever prosecuted?
21	Α.	He was not.
22	Q.	Okay.
23		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And
24		Commissioners, the information about that

and the dismissal and the reasons why are all in your brief.

- Q. Were you able to interview Mr. Beck?
- A. We were on May 28.

- Q. And tell us what Mr. Beck had to say.
- A. He said he remembered, you know, he remembered the case well. He -- I asked him to tell me what had happened that night. He said that it was unusual for white guys to hang out in that area because most of the people in that area will either think they're a cop or they will rob them or they will beat them up. He said that he had been -- he had seen Taylor before, they had purchased drugs together before. And when Taylor drove up, he got into his car and then they drove around. He stated that he would go out and buy the drugs, that Greg Taylor would stay in the car because he knew the dealers and he knew the safe areas to go.

I asked him if he'd ever heard anything over the years, especially because he was on the street for a lot of that time, regarding other theories of the crime or --

Q. When you say on the street, what do you mean?

- A. On the -- in the drug area.
- Q. Uh-huh (yes).

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

A. He said that the only theory he had ever heard was the theory about bad drugs, and that that theory had come up by the private investigator when he was locked up at the same time as Greg Taylor. So he doesn't know who got that theory, but that was the time he heard about it.

He still maintains that they saw the body when they were walking out. First he says that he didn't want to go back in the woods because it was so dark. Greg Taylor was driving him back there. They saw the body when they were walking out. They didn't touch the body. He only had a vague memory of what happened after that. When I was interviewing him he stated that they walked out and then he didn't remember what happened. And I refreshed his memory and asked him if he remembered Barbara Ray picking them up and driving them around, and he said he did but he couldn't remember much about it, it had been so long. He maintains his innocence and Taylor's innocence and he said he'll testify if the Commission would like to hear from him.

- Q. And have you tried to interview him again since then?
- A. We have.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- Q. And how has that gone?
- A. We tried to interview him -- at the time, the first time that we interviewed him he was looking for a job and was out of work. He was asking us if we could help him get him a job, and we said we couldn't. When we called back he was not available one day, I believe, because he was working, another day because he had an interview. He did set up two appointments with Grace Wallace for us to go out there, and on both days that we went out there he was -- he set up a meeting at a Food Lion and on both days he wasn't there.
- Q. Okay. And you've been talking about we on the interviews. Who is it that went with you on these interviews?
- 20 A. Grace Wallace.
- Q. Grace Wallace. And did she go with you on almost all of these interviews?
- 23 A. All but Andrew Manuel and a phone interview.
- 24 Q. Okay.

1 And again, MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 2 Commissioners, if you need to speak with 3 Ms. Wallace, she's back there and present and available if you need to ask her 4 questions too. 5 Okay. Any more information about Johnny Beck 6 Q. 7 that you have for us? 8 Α. No. 9 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 10 questions? 11 MS. PICKENS: Sharon, Mr. Beck, does 12 he still maintain that they did not pick up 13 the victim? 14 Α. He does. He maintains that they did not know 15 her, they did not pick her up, he had never seen 16 her, they didn't see her until they were walking 17 out. At that, at the time that I interviewed 18 him we were still doing DNA testing and we were heavily looking into the touch DNA. And I 19 20 questioned him a lot about, you know, could you 21 have touched her, did you walk up to her, things 22 like that just explaining DNA to him to try to 23 see if anything would change, and he said he still maintains his innocence and that they were 24

never near the body.

MS. PICKENS: What about the claim that he was in Ms. Kelly's, the house, the boarding house that she was in, does he deny that?

A. He, when he was interviewed in 1991 he did not deny that. He didn't know, he didn't know that it was Ms. Kelly's house. It was -- and actually, she lived there, but it was a guy named Jesse Walker's home. He knew that they had gone to a rooming house, he knew that there were several, he testified that there were several people there doing drugs. He didn't deny or confirm that Eva Kelly was one of the people that he had seen there. When I talked to him in this interview this year, he did not remember what they did after they left the culde-sac, and he asked, he said, you know, can I look at my testimony and refresh, and I said no.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: More questions?

MR. DEVEREUX: Sharon, Craig Taylor

seems to say that his involvement or his

reaction was to seeing her with these guys,

and I can't remember in July what he says.

1		But isn't that the gist of it, is that even
2		if you put Craig Taylor as the person who
3		did it, he puts Jackie together with Beck
4		and Greg Taylor?
5	Α.	He puts the
6		MR. DEVEREUX: I know we're getting
7		ahead here.
8	Α.	He puts the victim in the same location, which
9		is a, at that time in 1991, was a drug street
10		where it was common for people to pull up and
11		purchase drugs. He puts the victim there at the
12		same time that Johnny Beck and Gregory Taylor
13		were there.
14		MR. DEVEREUX: But Craig doesn't claim
15		to have seen the two of them, that is Beck
16		and Greg, at the cul-de-sac?
17	Α.	No; no; no.
18		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay. And I'm sure you
19		asked him about Craig Taylor. What does he
20		remember about Craig?
21	Α.	Johnny Beck?
22		MR. DEVEREUX: Yes.
23	Α.	I asked him about Craig Taylor first to begin
24		with. As I'm sure you guys have read the

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

interviews, actually Craig Taylor states in one of them that he and Johnny Beck had an incident at the jail. I showed him the photograph and asked if he recognized him. (Witness examines document.) He didn't know him by name. him the photograph, he stated no, he looks familiar, but I can't remember him. I asked him, you don't remember him? He said, no, not just to see him. Then I asked him if he had ever, when he was in -- when he was arrested after the murder if he had ever been approached, jumped, beaten, or in a fight with anyone. I kept asking him and kept asking stated no. him. He thought that was funny. He went on to say that he'd been to federal prison, to state prison twice, to county jail numerous times and that he's never gotten in a fight, no one has ever put their hands on him. And he said that he has never bought or sold drugs from that guy, but it's possible he's seen him.

- Q. He says it's possible he'd seen --
- A. Oh, yeah, he does say it's possible; yeah.

  Because I said, I said Craig Taylor knows you.

  And he said, a lot of people know me.

1		MR. DEVEREUX: What does he say about
2		does he confirm, Beck, that is, does he
3		say that they talked to her, he and Greg
4		talked to
5	Α.	To the victim?
6		MR. DEVEREUX: (No audible response.)
7	Α.	Does Johnny Beck say that he and Greg Taylor
8		talked to the victim?
9		MR. DEVEREUX: Does he say anything
10		about speaking with her that evening?
11	Α.	No. He still maintains he's never seen her and
12		he didn't see her that evening.
13		MR. DEVEREUX: Okay. So Craig Taylor
14		is wrong about that, Whether it's he
15		says something different than what Beck
16		says about that?
17	Α.	(No audible response.)
18		MR. DEVEREUX: Craig Taylor says what
19		made me mad or what I saw Beck and Greg
20		with her on the street at some point that
21		evening. That's he that's not
22		confirmed by Beck?
23	Α.	He does say that in the beginning, but as you
24		keep going he actually changes it a little bit

to he saw her following them out after Johnny 1 2 Beck had purchased the drugs. And in talking to another Witness and also to him, that was 3 something that was common to do in that area. 4 5 If a drug user saw someone who bought drugs, they would follow them out. Johnny Beck and 6 7 Gregory Taylor do not remember the victim ever 8 talking to them, following them, talking, no, so 9 I would say that's correct. 10 MR. DEVEREUX: Okay. I'm just trying 11 to mesh Craig's story with theirs. And it 12 could have been she saw them buy drugs, she 13 saw an opportunity, they weren't aware of 14 that? 15 Α. Right. 16 MR. DEVEREUX: Okay; all right. 17 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: More questions? 18 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 19 Ο. All right. How about Shelia Crowder, did you 20 interview a person named Shelia Crowder? 21 I did. I interviewed Shelia Crowder on June 9. Α. 22 And was she somebody that was originally Q. 23 interviewed by the police? 24 Α. She was. She was interviewed by police on

10/1/1991.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Q. And what was it that she told police roughly?

Her interview, I believe, was the longest Α. interview that they did, it was 30 pages. they spoke to her and then they actually took her out to the area to try to get her to show them where she had seen the victim as well as Johnny Beck and Gregory Taylor. During the interview she says that she did not know the victim to do drugs or to ever prostitute, that she saw the truck, a white Pathfinder, in 1991 and that a black guy was asking for drugs and that a white guy was driving. They rode up to her and asked her where they could get an eight-She stated in the interview that the ball. police officers ask her if they were asking her for sex as well, and she says no.

After they get that information they get her to narrow down the time line. And she says she saw them three times. The first time was at 426 E Street when they stopped and asked her for drugs. The second time she was walking up the street and they were driving by. The third time she was walking down the street and this is

where she said that she saw the victim get into their vehicle. She states that she was at the cab stand when she saw the victim get into the vehicle. And she puts the timing on this that she saw them the first time beginning at 12:30, and that the victim would have gotten into the vehicle between 1:00 and 1:30 a.m.

- Q. Was she consistent or inconsistent with what Eva Kelly told the police?
- 10 | A. Inconsistent.

1

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

14

15

16

- 11 Q. And what did she say the victim was wearing?

  12 What did she tell the police the victim was

  13 wearing?
  - A. A short black skirt, and then she can't identify

    -- she said she had on a short black skirt, but

    she's unable to identify the rest of it.
- 17 Q. Okay.
- 18 A. She just says that it was too dark, I can't remember.
- 20 Q. Okay. And you were able to interview her?
- $21 \mid A$ . We were.
- 22 Q. Okay. Go ahead.
- A. When we first met with her she had no memory of the murder, the victim, the incident whatsoever.

And she went on to tell us at this time that she has been clean since 1996, but that she had, that she's diagnosed as bipolar and that because of that, she has no memory prior to 1996. When I continued asking questions to her, she said that she doesn't think that I'm the one she's looking for, so we went over her date of birth and her mother's name and her workplace and things of that nature. And she finally does agree that it's her and she says it's coming back to her.

So a lot of her interview I had to read her, obviously not all 30 pages, but a lot of it I had to read her to refresh her. Now she states that she is still confident and does maintain she saw the victim get into the car, the back seat on the passenger's side. She says that that night she saw the two men and that they asked her for both drugs and sex, that she always knew the victim was a prostitute, that she's never known Eva Kelly, and that Craig Taylor is a drug dealer. She states that she never knew the victim in any way but she saw the victim get into the car between 2:00 and

1 4:00 a.m.

- Q. So she changes the time, that whether or not she knew that the victim was a prostitute, and whether or not Eva Kelly was there?
- A. And whether or not they asked her for sex and the -- yes, and that's all.
- Q. Okay. And her police interview was on October 1, 1991?
- 9 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
  - Q. And this is after -- and I know we're going to get there in a minute, but Phyllis Edwards says that everybody has been talking about it on the street and knew the police were looking for information, is that right?
  - A. The police canvassed the area right after the murder and they did so many interviews and reported the majority of them. I believe that if, it looks like from the way that the interviews start, that they only started recording if that person had some information. When the -- after they interviewed Eva Kelly, Eva provided them with four names. And so they went out and interviewed those four Witnesses on 10/1/1991.

So after they interview Eva Kelly the first 1 Q. 2 time, a couple days later they're out interviewing those Witnesses and one of those is 3 Phyllis Edwards, right? 4 5 Α. Yes. And she says, and I know we're going to get to 6 Q. her, but she's the one that says --7 8 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And this is in 9 your briefs, Commissioners. 10 -- everybody has been talking about this truck, Q. 11 the police keep, have been talking about it, or 12 something like that, is that --13 She says that, and she also says that she and Α. 14 Eva did not ever hang around together, that Eva 15 was worked during the day and Phyllis Edwards 16 worked during the night and that they were never 17 together. And we'll do her in a minute, I just was to 18 Q. trying to establish that. So the Shelia Crowder 19 20 interview is a couple days after the murder, after the first Eva Kelly interview? 21 22 Yeah. Α. 23 okay. Q. 24 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: **Questions** 

1		Commissioners?
2		(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
3	Q.	Okay. I think Phyllis Edwards actually is next.
4		So talk to us about Phyllis Edwards.
5		MR. BECTON: (Inaudible.)
6		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I'm sorry?
7		MR. BECTON: Let me go back to
8		something before I forget it. You
9		mentioned earlier that her, that Jackie's
10		roommate said she was there between 11:00
11		and 1:00.
12	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
13		MR. BECTON: And you just finished
14		telling me that Shelia said that she had on
15		a black dress.
16	Α.	She had on a black miniskirt.
17		MR. BECTON: Miniskirt?
18	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
19		MR. BECTON: Does her roommate talk
20		about Jackie changing clothes or what
21		Jackie had on?
22	Α.	She, she does remember that Jackie went up and
23		took a bath before she left, that was the last
24		thing that happened. She does not remember if

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

she put on the same clothes that she had on or changed her clothes, she does not remember at all.

- Q. Okay. Phyllis Edwards.
- Phyllis Edwards we did not interview because we Α. could not locate her. The only information that I can give about this, she was interviewed on 10/2/1991, that the police contacted her and asked her about the vehicle, and she stated, everyone is talking about this vehicle but I didn't see it. The police kind of help her by showing her pictures of the victim. At first she doesn't recognize and they show her another one she still doesn't recognize. And then, as I said, she stated that she -- let's see, that she does not recall Eva being there and that she did, that she, Phyllis Edwards, did speak to someone, but she didn't pay any attention to who it was.

She stated that when they showed her further, showed her the pictures, she does believe that she recognized Johnny Beck. She stated that one day she was walking and that someone drove by in a smaller car and that they

were hollering at her. She thinks it might have 1 2 been him the week before. And that's -- she -oh, I'm sorry. She did see the victim, she's 3 not sure of the day. The victim had on a white 4 5 sweater and biker black bikers; bikers. Biker 6 shorts maybe. 7 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And 8 Commissioners, it's in your brief, this 9 interview. And the reason that she's in 10 your brief is she's one of the people that 11 Eva Kelly said was there when Eva Kelly saw 12 the victim. Okay. Any questions about 13 Phyllis Edwards? 14 JUDGE SUMNER: What are bikers, are 15 they shorts or what? 16 MS. PICKENS: They're a type of pants, 17 almost Lycra like. 18 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: We assume that 19 she means like bicycle shorts, but it's not 20 defined. 21 JUDGE SUMNER: I apologize for my 22 ignorance, but female clothing is something 23 I don't know very well. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 1991 female 24

1 clothing. 2 MS. GREENLEE: Men wear them too. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: That's what we 4 assume. 5 MS. PICKENS: Yeah, they do. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Oh, and this is 6 Phyllis Edwards' record. And as you can 7 see, at some point she was up in 8 9 Pennsylvania and we have tried everything under the sun to locate her. Okay, 10 everybody seen it? 11 12 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 13 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. 14 Let's talk briefly about Charles Henderson. 15 I understand that this person is now deceased so they could not be interviewed, 16 but the police did interview --17 will you tell quickly about that interview? 18 0. Yes. They interviewed him 9/26/1991. His name 19 Α. 20 was Charles Henderson, he went by Charlene. 21 was actually a transvestite in the area who knew 22 the victim. And he states that at 8:50 p.m. on the night of the murder he saw the victim 23 getting out of a black car. She came up, talked 24

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

to him, they walked down the street together, and that at approximately 9:45 she left with Andrew Manuel. He does state that the first black car he sees is not the same car that Andrew Manuel drives. The victim had told him that she had turned a profit getting out of that car and that she had \$50. He did see a Pathfinder driving through. He states the reason he remembers it is that he and the victim were both on the corner and he thought that they were going to have to fight over which one would get the vehicle. He wanted the vehicle, but the vehicle kept going and didn't stop and talk to And he -- the only other -- he confirmed that the victim, in the police interview, did crack, and he died in 1997.

- Q. What clothing do you say he saw the victim in, was that a burgundy and maroon walking suit and boots?
- A. He does say burgundy-maroon-like outfit, but he's called back right after that interview and he states that he remembers a walking suit, it looked like it was brown and flowery like, and it was tucked in the boots she had on. They ask

him what kind of pants, and he says they were 1 2 jean pants, they were jean-like pants and some boots that were black. 3 4 MS, MONTGOMERY-BLINN: **Ouestions** Commissioners? 5 6 MR. BECTON: The jeans were tucked in the boots or the flowery shirt tucked in 7 8 the pants? I didn't understand. 9 The pants tucked into the boots. Α. 10 Cassandra Renee Lawrence. Tell us about Q. 11 Ms. Lawrence. 12 Ms. Lawrence was interviewed by a private Α. 13 investigator in 1991. 14 1996? Q. 15 Α. 1991. 16 Okay. Q. 17 11/25/1991. Α. 18 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: That's a typo 19 on the slides, Commissioners, I apologize. 20 She knew Johnny Beck and on that night she saw Α. 21 Greg, Greg Taylor and Johnny Beck at Stanton's, which is when a lot of people are talking about 22 23 standing on the corner, they're actually 24 standing out in front of a place called

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

23

24

Stanton's Restaurant, and it's off of Bloodworth She's not sure of the exact day that Street. she saw them but she knows it was between a Wednesday and a Sunday that weekend. She knew the victim very, very well, they're actually close friends. She stated that the victim was a drug user and that the victim would trade sex for drugs. She stated that on that night she and the victim were together and that the victim left at approximately 9:00 p.m. with Andy Manuel and told her that she was going home to change and would be back in 30 minutes later. states that she never saw her again that night and she was unsure of her clothing and that she did not see Eva Kelly or Tex that night.

- Q. And were you able to interview her?
- A. We were. She is at Raleigh Correctional for Women.
- 19 Q. And what is she in prison for?
- 20 A. It is a murder case, I can't remember if it's second degree or first degree.
- 22 Q. Okay.
  - A. She's actually very consistent with many of the same facts. She states what she remembers is

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

the victim did leave with Andy Manuel around
that time, that she never came back, that she
would have come back, it was unlike her not to
come back. She also states that if the victim
had I've asked a lot of people about the
theory of bad drugs, if they ever knew that the
victim had received bad drugs during that time
period, and she states that she would have known
because they often purchased drugs together or
they were close enough that the victim would
have told her about it. She went on to say that
Eva Kelly is not trustworthy, that Eva lies to
save her face.

- Did she tell you anything else? Q.
- She -- I also spoke with her -- James Gist, when Α. I interviewed him, had told me that he believed the victim was showing signs of trying to clean up and stop drug use. And she stated that, Renee Lawrence stated that she never saw any sign that that was true, that they had actually smoked drugs earlier that day.
- Q. Okay.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioner questions?

I've got a guestion and 1 MS. PICKENS: 2 if I don't ask it now I'm going to forget 3 it. 4 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. 5 MS. PICKENS: Anybody that you have 6 interviewed or any interviews that you have 7 read, has anyone placed Beck and Taylor in 8 this neighborhood previously buying drugs, 9 hanging out, picking up ladies, anything? 10 The only person who places Greg Taylor, Α. No. 11 Gregory Taylor ever having been in that 12 neighborhood is Johnny Beck, because there were 13 at least two prior incidences somewhere between 2:00 and 4:00 where Greg Taylor would come down 14 15 there for drugs, find Johnny Beck, and the two 16 would go out together. Other than that, they 17 don't, the interviews don't recognize Gregory 18 Taylor or his Pathfinder from a previous drug 19 interaction. 20 MS. PICKENS: Was this neighborhood a 21 place that John Beck normally purchased 22 drugs? He was a frequent visitor to this 23 neighborhood? He lived there. He lived there and he was also 24 Α.

1		a dealer himself.
2		MS. PICKENS: So his house is actually
3		located in the vicinity or he had lived
	ı	·
4	_	there previously?
5	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
6		MS. PICKENS: He lived there at the
7		time?
8	Α.	He lived in Halifax Court, which was a close
9		area to all kind of the E Street area that we're
10		talking about. And he, yes, he lived there at
11		the time.
12	Q.	Was it Halifax Court or was it
13	Α.	Kentwood, I'm sorry; Kentwood.
14	Q.	Kentwood?
15	Α.	Kentwood, I'm sorry.
16	Q.	Okay.
17		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Yes, sir.
18	1	MR. JENKINS: Did when you were
19		interviewing Lawrence, did she she
20		stated that she saw the victim leave with
21		Andy Manuel?
22	Α.	Manuel.
23		MR. JENKINS: Manuel. Did she
24		corroborate the earlier statement about a

1 vehicle or the type of vehicle by other 2 Witnesses? 3 She stated, we were standing on the corner Α. talking and Andy came up in a black Cutlass. 4 5 The two left. She asked Andy to take her with them and he said no. He said -- and then the 6 7 victim said, I've got to go home but I'll be back in 30 minutes. 8 9 Does that answer your question? 10 MR. JENKINS: Yes, it does. Thank 11 you. 12 MS. PICKENS: Was that a prearranged 13 meeting? 14 Α. No. 15 MS. PICKENS: Or just a chance meeting 16 that Manuel just came up on them and Jackie 17 got in the car with him? 18 It was a chance meeting, unplanned, but it had Α. 19 happened. As I said, Andy Manuel befriended a 20 lot of women down there and, you know, would 21 pick them up and drive around. And so it wasn't uncommon for her to be seen with him or for many 22 23 other people to be seen with him. 24 Ruth Martin. Q.

Ruth Martin was also uncovered by a private 1 Α. investigator on 11/7/1995. She was in prison 2 for solicitation to commit murder at the Raleigh 3 Women's Correctional Center. How Eva Kelly --4 or, excuse me, how Ruth Martin came about is 5 6 that Ruth Martin, while she was in prison in 1993, she met Eva Kelly. In 1994 she met a 7 woman in the Bible study that, an outside Bible 8 study that came into the prison and that woman 9 turned out to be Gregory Taylor's mother. 10 11 she first met Eva Kelly in August of 1993 she 12 states that Eva Kelly told her lots of stories 13 about prostitution and it began, and that she 14 began bragging about how she had got a time cut to get out. Kelly told her that her, that the 15 time -- that she received a time cut for her 16 testimony and she ended up with five years. She 17 18 went on to tell several of the people who were in the prison that they could do the same thing. 19 And all that she remembers about that is that 20 21 she always talked about a man named Greg and a 22 man named Johnny.

23

24

In 1994 when the Bible study class came in she was befriended by Gregory Taylor's mom and

she began writing to Gregory Taylor at that time. In this interview she states that she didn't know anything about the murder, she didn't know any of the facts of it. They were actually writing about God and that Taylor mentioned to her, if you ever meet a person named Eva Kelly, don't talk to her because she is the one that testified against me. Eva Kelly, after three months — or Ruth Martin realized after three months that Eva Kelly was someone she had met. And then she contacted Gregory Taylor's mother and they used a private investigator to interview her.

- Q. Were you able to interview her?
- 15 | A. We were.
  - Q. And what did she say?
    - A. We interviewed her on July 13, 2009. When we spoke to her, when I spoke to her on the telephone she stated that she didn't remember any of the people that I asked her about, any of the names, Gregory Taylor, his mother's name, things of that nature. And I had to call her a couple of times to set up the interview, but we went out to Fayetteville to interview her. She

states that she -- I showed her a picture of Eva 1 2 Kelly and she states that she did not remember Kelly. When I went on to kind of tell her what 3 the private investigator's report said and 4 showed her the private investigator's report, 5 her quote is, I'm not disputing that I did not 6 7 say this at all. I did hear her say that. 8 does not recall telling anyone, from Gregory 9 Taylor's mother or the private investigator, 10 that Kelly ever lied to her. However, she would 11 not have lied in her statement to the private 12 investigator and she thinks the reason that she 13 doesn't recall this information is because she's 14 tried very hard to forget that part of her life. 15 MR. BECTON: Did she sign the 16 statement that was given to the private 17 investigator? 18 I'm sorry, she did not sign it, it was 19 transcribed, it was taped. 20 MR. BECTON: Have you heard the tape 21 recording? 22 I have -- we have the tape recording, I've Α. 23 actually not heard it because I have a 24 transcription.

1		MR. BECTON: Did the private
2		investigator or the Defense lawyer
3		transcribe it, or do you know who
4		transcribed it?
5	Α.	The private investigator transcribes it.
6		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: But we do have
7		the recording available if the Commission
8		wants to hear it.
9	Α.	We do.
10		MR. BECTON: But you didn't play it to
11		Ruth Martin to see, is this your voice?
12	Α.	No, I didn't. As I was interviewing her she
13		MR. BECTON: I'm not worried about
14		why, I was just asking the question.
15	Α.	No, I didn't; I did not.
16		MS. PICKENS: And this private
17		investigator was hired by the Taylor
18	4	family?
19	Α.	He was.
20	Q.	Tell us about Parley Pate a.k.a. Tex.
21		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And
22		Commissioners, the police interview of
23		Parley Pate is also included in your brief
24		because, again, she's one of the people

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that Eva Kelly testified about having been there during trial.

Parley Pate is another Witness that we've never Α. been able to locate. The only thing that I can tell you about her is from her 10/2/1991 interview. She stated that she did see Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck in what she calls a Blazer -- but she's shown a picture of it, I believe she's just referring to it as a Blazer -- right around 12:00 a.m. That she and Shelia Crowder were talking. That she does not know the victim but she had seen her once or twice around the area but never at that particular home on E Street. When the truck drove away she says that she saw the door open and someone got into the truck on Cabarrus and E Street and she thinks it was a female.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And you have those in your briefs, Commissioners. Any questions about Ms. Pate?

MR. BECTON: Refresh my recollection.

Does she talk about who was in the vehicle
that she saw? One person, two people,
race, driver, passenger if there was one?

She is shown pictures. It says, I'm showing you 1 Α. 2 a picture of Johnny Beck and of Gregory Taylor, do you recall seeing them last Wednesday night 3 4 or early Thursday morning? Yes. Where did you see them at? When I first seen them they come 5 6 up E Street where we were sitting at and Eva was 7 talking to them. They then show her a picture of the vehicle. 8 9 MR. BECTON: Okay. And is that the 10 time that she saw someone get in the car or 11 did she -- does that happen later?

A. (Witness examines document.)

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

MR. BECTON: I realize Eva said she did not get in the car --

- A. It was at that time. It was -- she saw them at, right around 12 o'clock, the best she can remember. And after they talked to Eva they drove off toward East and Davie Street, and -- when she saw them pick up -- they pulled up to Cabarrus and East and she saw someone get in, the door open and somebody got in the truck.
- Q. Laurnette Perry, this is the victim's roommate, will you please tell us about her?
- A. Laurnette Perry, the victim lived with Laurnette

21

22

23

24

Perry. She had lived there for about three months, but she had lived with her prior and had come back. The two were very close. Laurnette Perry saw the victim on that night. She walked up to her on the sidewalk and the two of them walked into the house together. At that time Laurnette Perry also lived with her boyfriend named David Bordeaux. As I said, the two of them, they had a home inspection the next day for public housing, somebody was coming to look at the house and they had to have it cleaned, so they spent some time cleaning the house after 11:00 p.m. The victim went upstairs and took a bath and she came down back stairs and said that she was leaving, that she was going uptown. Laurnette Perry states that that was pretty common for the victim to do, that she would often leave the home between 1:00 and -- or around 1 o'clock in the morning and come home around 3 o'clock in the morning. When I asked what she did at that time, she said that was normally the time that she would go out and trick, when she would trade drugs for sex.

Volume I

Q. When Laurnette Perry said that the victim was

- going uptown, did she ever clarify to you what she meant by uptown?
  - A. No, that's just what -- I asked her and that is just what they referred to it as.
  - Q. So it doesn't mean across Raleigh, it means uptown within that neighborhood?
- 7 | A. Yes.

- Q. okay.
  - A. Laurnette Perry stated that she was upset when she was talking to me. Actually, she was very hard to track down and I ended up giving my card to a bunch of people and she contacted me. But she wouldn't meet with me, both of the interviews were done over the phone. She stated that she had been shown pictures of the victim and that the victim had been murdered with a stop sign, that they had told her this for several years, and so she was very upset to talk to anyone about the case.

The week prior to this happening, the victim had gone out around 1 o'clock in the morning and she had not come home until the next day. And Laurnette Perry had gotten upset with her because she worried about the victim a lot.

The victim had heart problems, had asthma, she was concerned about her safety so she made the victim promise that she would never do that again. The victim promised that she would be home by 3:00 p.m. that or, excuse me, 3:00 a.m. that night or she would call her to at least let her know that she wasn't coming home. She never came home.

Laurnette Perry states that she fell asleep that night finally and that she woke up in the middle of the night having a dream that there was, that she was — that she could see the victim being beaten with a baseball bat, that there was a train and two men between her and the victim and that she couldn't get to her to help her. When she woke up she was screaming and told her boyfriend she felt something was wrong. And then the next morning she saw the murder on the news, she stated she immediately knew it was the victim and that shortly thereafter the police came to the door.

- Q. Did she talk to you about a vehicle that dropped the victim off regularly?
- A. She did. She -- I talked to her about a lot of

different people that the victim knew or who she 1 She did know Andy Manuel. Andy Manuel 2 knew. would sometimes come in and stay downstairs for 3 about 15 minutes waiting on the victim while the 4 5 victim would go up and get ready. I asked her if she knew anyone who drove a black Mustang and 6 she stated that when they were staying in 7 Halifax Court, which is here, there was a black 8 Mustang GTO. She never knew who drove it, the 9 10 guy never came in the house. 11 And that was someone who dropped the victim off? 0. 12 Yes. Α. The victim would get out of that black car? 13 Q. 14 Α. Yes. 15 And which -- who did you interview that told you 0. 16 they drove a black Mustang? 17 Craig Taylor. Α. 18 Anything else that Laurnette Perry told you? Q. 19 Α. No. Commissioners? 20 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 21 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 22 MS, MONTGOMERY-BLINN: No? MR. DEVEREUX: She said that she or 23 Laurnette said that she'd heard that the 24

victim was struck with a sign? 1 2 Uh-huh (yes). She said that police had told her 3 that the victim had been, that her throat had 4 been cut with a street sign and that it was 5 laying next to her. MR. DEVEREUX: And that's the only 6 7 time that's ever -- have you ever -- has 8 anybody ever suggested anywhere else --9 Α. No. MR. DEVEREUX: And the police didn't 10 11 think -- was there any indication that the 12 police thought that initially? Not in -- I have the 1991 interview and I don't 13 Α. 14 -- there's no mention of them telling her that. 15 Barbara Avery Ray. She was interviewed Q. Okay. 16 by the police and by you as well. Will you talk 17 with us about that? 18 Barbara Ray was the person -- when Gregory Α. 19 Taylor and Johnny Beck walked out of the cul-de-20 sac they stated that they caught a ride with a 21 woman that they met at the service station on 22 Blount Street. That was Barbara Ray. And the 23 police eventually found her and interview her on 24 10/1/1991. She stated that approximately

1 3 o'clock in the morning she did pick up a white 2 guy and a black guy. She stated that they told 3 her they would give her money to ride around with them. She describes their demeanor as 4 calm, she didn't see blood on their clothing or 5 6 their shoes, she didn't think that they seemed 7 upset. She does say that their car had been 8 stuck but she doesn't know where. Eventually 9 they go out that evening or that morning and the 10 three of them continue to a house on E Street to 11 get drugs. And they stay in that house, which 12 is the rooming house that Eva Kelly lived in, 13 from 3:30 until quarter to 6:00.

- Q. And she denies her role in doing any of the drugs, is that right, or did?
- 16 A. She does; she does.

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. Okay. But she confirms picking them up and taking them to that house after they walked out of the cul-de-sac?
  - A. She does. She states that, you know, she was there to play cards. She maintains that she does remember picking them up, that she doesn't remember, you know, the same, pretty much the same stuff about them. And that's really all

1		the information she provides.
2	Q.	And that's from your interview now?
3	Α.	Uh-huh (yes).
4	Q.	And she says that they did tell her that their
5		vehicle was stuck when they came out and she
6		picked them up?
7	Α.	Uh-huh (yes); uh-huh (yes).
8	Q.	And that they did she tell you did you
9		talk with her in 2009 about whether they had
10		blood on them?
11	Α.	Yes.
12	Q.	And what did she say in 2009?
13	Α.	No. Actually, she said, do you think I would
14		pick up someone with blood all over them? No.
15	Q.	And what about the acting calm, did you ask her
16		about that in 2009?
17	Α.	I did.
18	Q.	And what did she say about that?
19	Α.	She said they seemed fine; fine.
20		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commission
21		questions?
22		MR. BECTON: Do you have information
23		where Eva was, if this is the same boarding
24		house, at the time that Barbara Ray says

1		she is there with Taylor and Beck?
2	Α.	I have information from other people regarding
3		that, but not from Eva Kelly.
4	Q.	Does Barbara Ray remember seeing Eva Kelly
5		there?
6	Α.	No. She saw a bunch of people. She does say
7		she saw a white girl with blonde hair.
8		MR. BECTON: Do we have a photograph
9		of Barbara Ray? My question is, does she
10		look like Jackie?
11	Α.	She I have a photograph of Jacquetta Thomas
12		at the time. I can't say they didn't look alike
13		then. I think she is older.
14	Q.	Wasn't Barbara Ray pregnant?
15	Α.	Yes, she was seven months pregnant and she was
16		born in 1956.
17	Q.	And Jacquetta was not pregnant?
18	Α.	No.
19		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Any more
20		questions about Barbara Ray?
21		MR. DEVEREUX: But she does put Beck
22		and Greg at that boarding house, Kelly's
23		boarding house sometime in the early
24		morning hours of the 27th?

She does. She says that both of them got out of 1 Α. 2 the car and went in and she, you know, she's 3 denying that she went in. MR. DEVEREUX: Right. 4 But she does put them -- well, they say at a --5 Α. I carried them over to a house on E Street. 6 They, Gregory Taylor maintains that she knew the 7 house and was the one that took them there to 8 9 get the drugs, but she doesn't indicate that at all and still doesn't. 10 MR. DEVEREUX: But she also says at 11 that time when she's with them and they go 12 to that house, that the car, the Pathfinder 13 has already been stuck? 14 15 Α. Yes. 16 MR. DEVEREUX: They're coming out of 17 that part of the story? 18 Α. Correct. MR. DEVEREUX: They may be consistent 19 20 with what Kelly's saying in that they're together in the early morning hours at that 21 boarding house, but it's after they're 22 23 stuck anyway. After 3:00 a.m. 24 Α.

MS. PICKENS: And when they came out

24

1		did they leave together, the three of them,
2		Barbara and the two men?
3	Α.	Yes; yes.
4		MS. PICKENS: So she claims that she
5		took them there
6	Α.	To the
7		MS. PICKENS: they were in the
8		house 10, 15 minutes, came out, the two men
9		stopped to talk to a blonde, white female,
10		then they got back in the car with her
11	Α.	Yes.
12		MS. PICKENS: and left the
13		residence?
14	Α.	Yes. And then they went to Kentwood, which
15		is
16		MS. PICKENS: Another
17	Α.	where Johnny Beck lived, where she had a
18		friend, Barbara Ray had a friend that lived
19		there; they went to Kentwood at that time.
20		MS. PICKENS: And stayed there a
21		while?
22	Α.	They did, they stayed there. Johnny Beck was
23		going to go home. Actually, he ends up walking
24		home because he's in that neighborhood. And

	ſ	
1		then later that morning around 6 o'clock she
2		takes Gregory Taylor to a Crown station on Wake
3		Forest Avenue so that he can call his wife. She
4		drops him off there.
5		MS. PICKENS: So she was with them
6		until Johnny Beck walked home, and she was
7		with Taylor until she took him to Wake
8		Forest Road, wherever that was, about
9		6 o'clock?
10	Α.	She, yeah, she says
11		MS. PICKENS: But she was with him
12		from like 3:30 in the morning, she says?
13	Α.	She says from 3:00, and then she originally
14		she says till 6 o'clock, and then later she says
15		it was probably 7 o'clock, so in the morning.
16		MS. GREENLEE: And what type of car
17		does she have?
18	Α.	She has a gray Honda
19		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: A Honda Civic.
20		MR. BECTON: Civic.
21		MS. PICKENS: Civic.
22	Α.	A Civic.
23	Q.	Okay. Can you tell us about Gerald Smith?
24	Α.	Gerald Smith was an employee at a warehouse that

was right near the crime scene. It was Security 1 2 Bond Warehouse. It was on -- if you're going 3 into the cul-de-sac, it is on the lefthand side. He worked there in 1991 and he didn't provide a 4 transcribed interview, but police interviewed 5 6 all of the people in that area that worked for 7 the trucking companies and the plants and some notes were taken from him, from one of the 8 9 officers talking to him that he had been there that morning between 3:30 and 3:45 because the 10 alarm went off. He lives really close to 11 12 Security Bond Warehouse so he was the one to come over and check on the alarm. 13 He states it 14 wasn't that unusual for the alarm to come off, 15 for the alarm to go off and for it to be a false alarm. When he was interviewed by police, the 16 statement, the notes that they took indicated 17 that he saw two black men walking down South 18 Blount Street. When I interviewed him to ask 19 20 him about that, he stated that he knows that --21 he says, I took for granted, you see, my mind plays tricks on me. I told them it was two 22 23 black guys, but I never really did see the one on the other side. 24

So he's saying now that or he's stating 1 2 that he's positive one of them was black, he 3 cannot state for sure whether the other person was black or white. He does identify them in 4 5 jeans and t-shirts. And he's the person that the police refer to 6 Q. 7 when they're interrogating Gregory Taylor, 8 right? 9 Α. Yes. 10 And they say, he can identify you? Q. 11 Α. Yes. 12 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioner 13 questions? 14 MR. BECTON: He described them as 15 having on jeans and white --MS. PICKENS: T-shirts? 16 17 MR. BECTON: -- t-shirts? 18 Yes. Α. 19 MR. BECTON: What do other people 20 describe Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck as 21 wearing? 22 Α. The majority -- I don't remember any of the 23 other Witnesses who stated specifically what Taylor or Beck were wearing. And I can go back 24

and look, but I don't believe any of them recalled specifically what they had on. I know a couple of them asked if Johnny Beck had on a hat and I do know a couple of them said yes.

But it does -- I know that in the interviews that police were doing, they indicated in their notes that Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck did have on jeans and t-shirts, so that, I think that's where they were.

- Q. Well, what does Craig Taylor say that Gregory

  Taylor had on? What did Craig Taylor say to the

  police that Gregory Taylor had on?
- A. When he was interviewed he stated that he, that Gregory Taylor had on a red tank top and what he calls jam shorts that were multicolor blue, yellow, and red.
- Q. Okay. Almost done. Tanika Stewart.
- A. You may remember that Tanika Stewart is Michelle Alston's sister. We were contacting her to see any information she had about Craig Taylor, whether or not they used to date, you know, what his personality was. She was angry about being called. She stated the reason she was angry is that the phone call had caused her problems

between her and her husband. Her husband has legally adopted her son, who is, I believe, 19 or 20 years old. Over the years it's been brought up that Craig Taylor is the father of her son. As such, the husband didn't appreciate a phone call regarding him because he legally adopted the son and feels as if the son is his father.

when I continued talking to her and kind of explained why we were calling, she did eventually agree to talk to us. This was a phone interview. She stated that she never dated Craig Taylor, that it wasn't quite like that. She said that she had met him at The Block and that they had sex once or it could have been twice, but no more than that. Again, The Block was an area known for a few different clubs and it was on the corner of East and Davie Streets.

She stated that a few years after her son was born Craig Taylor came over to her house stating that he had heard that the boy was his. She states Craig Taylor saw the baby, agreed it wasn't his, and agreed to leave. She has heard

over the years that Craig Taylor goes both ways, 1 is gay and also a stripper, and that's about all 2 the information that she can provide about Craig 3 Taylor. 4 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioner 5 questions? 6 7 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 8 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. At this time I would ask that Ms. Stellato be 9 10 allowed to step down at least temporarily. 11 I've got some information to cover that 12 does not involve her testimony. 13 JUDGE SUMNER: Certainly. Thank you. (MS. STELLATO IS DISMISSED FROM THE 14 15 WITNESS STAND.) MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: One of the things 16 that I will pose to all of you to be thinking 17 about and maybe discuss in your break room 18 before you leave and let me know is I did depose 19 20 Gregory Taylor for three-and-a-half hours in the 21 prison and asked him in a lot of detail to go 22 through every single thing that happened that

night. There's a portion of the interview that

I must play for all of you. He is consistent

23

24

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

with what he told police and continues, continued to be consistent with that. So think about whether you want me to play that deposition for you or summarize it for you Just mull that over and we can, you tomorrow. can discuss it and let me know before you leave today. JUDGE SUMNER: You say the deposition is

three hours?

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Three-and-a-half. JUDGE SUMNER: Three-and-a-half.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: There is a portion that I do definitely need to play for you. think that he is consistent with everything that he said before. I do think that I could summarize it for you, but I will leave that up to you to decide if you'd like to ask me to give you a summary of it or just play the whole thing. I mean, a lot of it is a lot of details from earlier in the evening before he ever even went out when he was at friends' houses, that type of things. He does talk about every single place that he went with Johnny Beck that night to do drugs and we even had him draw them on a

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

map. So I can summarize that for you or I can play that for you, and why don't you think about that and just we'll see how you feel at the end of the day. I will definitely play a portion of it for you. There are -- there is at least one portion of it that you do need, that I cannot summarize for you, that you do need to see.

But in the meantime while you're mulling that over, the Commission staff also interviewed law enforcement officers in this case, the main ones that had been involved in the investigation of this case. And I think that the sort of short answer for all of them is that their memory is very vague. It has been a long time, it's been 18 years. They were cooperative, they were willing to meet with us. Detective Howard and Detective Bissette from the Raleigh Police Department are working together now in an investigative firm or private investigative I'm sorry, Blackman and Bissette are working together now in Detective Blackman's investigative firm. They met together and their memories are just really hazy, really vague. When they met with Sharon they at first were

saying, you know, different details of the case. 1 2 And when she said, no, it's this, then they indicated that they could not recall. 3 thing with Detective Howard, he said he just has 4 absolutely no memory of the case. He just 5 cannot remember at all. Marty Ludas, the CCBI 6 agent that testified at trial and did most of 7 the processing of the crime scene, said that he 8 has little recollection of the case details, 9 that he's done so many crime scenes that he just 10 really cannot recall, which we didn't 11 12 necessarily expect that they would, but we 13 thought it was important that we talk with them. If anybody has any questions, any more 14 questions about that, those are all recorded 15 interviews. All of our interviews are always 16 17 recorded. They're all recorded, we can play 18 them. The investigator, Sharon and Grace, can testify about them or Mike Eppley can testify 19 about the one he did. 20 Any questions about those? 21 22 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 23 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: All right. possible that we can break for the day today, 24

1 however, we have a lot to cover, it's really, 2 really packed tomorrow. If you have the energy and want to start some of the things that were 3 scheduled for tomorrow, it would put us on a lot 4 safer ground for tomorrow. But if you've had 5 all that you can possibly take, we've reached a 6 7 point that we might be able to --8 JUDGE SUMNER: Let me poll the Commissioners as to what their preference is, 9 10 with all due respect to my friend, Bill Kenerly, 11 who's driving. 12 MR. KENERLY: Are you asking me? JUDGE SUMNER: Yes. 13 MR. KENERLY: As far as I'm concerned, we 14 15 ought to go on for a while. It's quarter of 16 5:00, but --17 JUDGE SUMNER: Sean? MR. DEVEREUX: That's fine with me. Yeah. 18 that's fine. 19 20 MR. BECTON: I can stay. 21 JUDGE SUMNER: It's look like we 22 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: You are brave souls. 23 would you like to take a couple of minutes 24 recess before we go on? I'm about to recall

1	Sharon and have her testify.
2	JUDGE SUMNER: I've got an overwhelming no.
3	Let's go.
4	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. All right,
5	we're going. We are ready to begin our
6	discussion about Craig Taylor. I've got a
7	couple of things to cover.
8	Ms. Stellato. Oh.
9	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: You've got a minute.
10	All right. This is Mr. Craig Taylor. This is
11	Craig Taylor's criminal record part one. When
12	you're ready for me to switch to the next slide,
13	please let me know. And if anybody needs me to
14	read these out loud, I know they're tiny, and
15	I'll be more than happy to.
16	(COMMISSIONERS EXAMINE POWERPOINT.)
17	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Ready for slide two,
18	part two?
19	(NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.)
20	MR. BECTON: Do you know the longest period
21	of time he stayed in jail following any
22	conviction?
23	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I don't, but I'm
24	sure that we can find that out. Do you know the

1	longest period of time he stayed in jail
2	following any conviction?
3	Ms. Stellato: It might take me a minute to
4	look it up.
5	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. Do you want
6	to look for that while I keep talking, is that
7	all right?
8	MR. BECTON: Not a problem.
9	MR. DEVEREUX: Quick question while you've
10	got that up. He was on the street, at least
11	when
12	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: He was not in
13	custody at the time of the murder.
14	MR. DEVEREUX: Okay.
15	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Is that what you're
16	asking?
17	MR. DEVEREUX: Yeah.
18	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Yeah, he was not in
19	custody at the time of the murder.
20	MR. JENKINS: Do we know anything at all
21	about the assault with a deadly weapon case?
22	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Yes, he talks about
23	it in his interviews and, Sharon, please correct
24	me, this is the one that he describes as

1 assaulting a Mexican, right? 2 Ms. Stellato: Yes. MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And he does talk 3 about that one in interviews. Okay, here's his 4 5 prison infractions since 2003, since he's been in this time. 6 7 MR. BECTON: He was in prison in June of 8 this year? 9 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Yes. He's been in 10 prison for six years. 11 MR. BECTON: Oh, that's right. 12 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Are everybody's eyes 13 sufficiently strained? 14 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 15 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. All right. 16 So as you all know, Craig Taylor has become the 17 most significant portion of our investigation recently. We've had this case, we've been 18 19 working this case for right around two years and 20 most of the time we were not looking at him. Не 21 was on a list of people to be interviewed. 22 been interviewed by the police in 1991 when they 23 were canvassing the area. He was a local drug 24 dealer. The police interview with him, the

transcript of that is on page 275 of your brief, and you've all had a chance to look at that.

When Ms. Stellato and Ms. Wallace went out to interview Mr. Taylor, Craig Taylor, they did not suspect that he was going to become an alternate suspect. They were just going out to interview him just like all the other interviews that you have seen that they interviewed everybody, re-interviewed everybody that the police had interviewed. And they were going just to see if he remembered and what he remembered.

One of the things that — the interviews were conducted at Lumberton Correctional Institute. One of the things that we had discussed in a previous case, and the Commissioners may remember this case, was when we were going out to interview somebody who we actually did think was an alternate suspect and was in custody, our staff attorney, Mr. Epperly, did a lot of research about Miranda warnings and we had ultimately come to the conclusion that, based on the Nation's case and a couple of other cases, that while our Commission was a State

agency, as long as we were not working for the law enforcement, we were not required to give Miranda warnings, but that we must disclose our status as a State agency and that we had an obligation in our status as having an obligation to turn over any evidence of wrongdoing. In the Nation's case a DSS worker was interviewing an inmate who was arrested pretrial, interviewing him about a child molestation case, he confessed, and that was used against him at his trial.

And the question here -- and I don't want to spend any more time on that than you want to. The question here is one of reliability, not admissibility, however, I did want to just mention that to you and the research we had previously done on that.

MR. DEVEREUX: I do want to ask --

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Yes.

MR. DEVEREUX: What did you conclude about what obligations there are, ethical and otherwise, when somebody in his position asks, repeatedly asks for an attorney?

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I think that -- I

mean, it was not something that we went in ahead 1 2 of time thinking about what to do in that 3 situation. So afterwards we've all looked at it and I can't say that we have any clear 4 conclusions about what to do with it. I think 5 6 it is a question of admissibility should it come 7 to have these interviews used against Craig 8 Taylor in court, we're, you know, prepared to go 9 in and testify if needed and talk about our 10 interviews and what we did and why we did what 11 we did and what things meant and all the 12 conversations he had about attorneys. But we 13 don't have -- you know, I can talk to you about 14 the Nation's case and I can guide you on that, 15 but I don't have any clear answer for you on 16 that. 17 MR. DEVEREUX: I think it's a discussion 18 that we, as an institution, need to have, 19 although it really doesn't go to the question of 20 the primary issue of Greg Taylor's --21 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I agree with you 22 completely. I think it's an important 23 discussion. It's one that we just, we never

really foresaw that we were going into interview

him and he was going to become an alternate suspect. However, I have plans to make sure that the Commission staff is fully trained on this now in the event that this situation should come up again, and we've got a lot of discussions going on about that, what do we do in the future. You know, will it ever happen again? Probably not. But now we're going to be prepared for it. We thought it only happened on TV.

Okay. What I'd like to do at this point is call Ms. Stellato back up to the stand to go through those interviews. Grace Wallace was on all of those interviews so if you have questions as well that you want to ask her, she is available to testify. Do you need a second to look, to continue trying to answer

Mr. Becton's -

Ms. Stellato: I actually have Grace looking for it.

MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. So we're still working on the answer to your question about the longest period of time he'd served. We will have that for you soon.

1	Ms. Stellato: Were you looking for jail
2	time or prison time or both?
3	MR. BECTON: Prison time.
4	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, you
5	have the transcripts of all of these interviews.
6	We are planning to play a portion of the fourth
7	interview for you for sure. If there are any
8	other portions that you would like to have
9	played, we'll be more than happy to cue them up
10	and play them for you, just let me know.
11	(Ms. Montgomery-Blinn examines document.) All
12	right, let me hand this up. It looks like five
13	years, but if I may approach Ms. Stellato and
14	hand this to her because this is her memo and I
15	don't want to summarize it incorrectly.
16	MR. BECTON: I don't need to hold us up, we
17	can go on with the other stuff.
18	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I think we have your
19	answer right here.
20	Ms. Stellato: (Examines document.) Five
21	years.
22	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And now he's
23	currently been in for six years, is that
24	correct?

1	Ms. Stellato: Yeah.
2	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: He's been in since
3	2003.
4	MR. BECTON: 2003.
5	Ms. Stellato: 2003.
6	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, I do
7	think that I may need to ask for a brief recess
8	because I, I'm so excited that we get to do this
9	today, but I think I have my notes for it in my
10	office because I didn't think we'd get to it
11	until tomorrow. Can we have just a few minutes,
12	your Honor?
13	JUDGE SUMNER: Sure, let's take five
14	minutes.
15	MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Five minutes? Thank
16	you.
17	(THEREUPON, A SHORT RECESS WAS TAKEN
18	AND MS. STELLATO RESUMES TESTIMONY ON THE
19	WITNESS STAND.)
20	
21	EXAMINATION BY MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN:
22	Q. All right. Ms. Stellato, I will remind you that
23	you are under oath. Why did you decide or how
24	did you first hear about the name Craig Taylor?

- There was a police interview that came in the 1 Α. 2 RPD. Actually, it came from the discovery at 3 the District Attorney's office. And the Commission had made motions and were granted 4 5 court orders to get all files from the DA, 6 Raleigh Police Department, and CCBI. 7 Okay. And that was when you first read about Q. him? 8
- 9 A. Yes.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. And why did you want to interview him?
  - A. We were interviewing everybody that spoke to the police, just anyone that we found an interview with with the police, we wanted to go back and interview them and see, you know, what information they may have or may remember today, so we were interviewing everybody.
  - Q. Okay. And the information that he had given to the police, was there anything particularly consistent or unusual about that compared to what the other Witnesses had said?
  - A. There was. He had stated that he had seen the victim that night at 12:30. And in his interview with the police, which is 9/27/91, he stated that he was pretty sure of the time

because the store had closed earlier, so he 1 2 knew, he knew that -- there was a grocery store and it had closed at 12:30, so it was shortly 3 thereafter. And he stated that a white guy --4 Well, according to Laurnette Perry where was the 5 Q. victim at 12:30? 6 She was still home. 7 Α. Okay. Go ahead. 8 Q. 9 He stated that a white guy with a red tank top Α. and some jam-like colorful shorts wanted three 10 11 rocks for \$50, and he asked the victim who was 12 this guy. She didn't never say he was cool or 13 nothing so he ended up not buying the drugs or 14 not selling the drugs to him, and he bought the 15 drugs from another guy named Jay. 16 Okay. Q. 17 He also said in his interview, a couple of the Α. other interesting things were that he had not 18 seen the white Pathfinder and that he did not 19 20 identify the picture of Johnny Beck that the police had showed him. So we just wanted to 21 22 talk to him, see what --23 And when you went to interview him where was he? Q.

Lumberton Correctional.

24

Α.

- 1 Q. And was he incarcerated?
- $2 \mid A$ . He was.
- 3 Q. And what was he incarcerated as?
- 4 A. Habitual felon.
- Q. And how long had you been investigating the case
- 6 or how long had the Commission had the case
- 7 before you interviewed him, if you know?
- 8 A. The Commission got the case 7/23/2007.
- 9 Q. Okay. So a little less than two years?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 | Q. Okay. And the first interview was on May 14,
- 12 2009?
- 13 A. It was.
- 14 | Q. And who was with you for that interview?
- 15 | A. Grace Wallace.
- 16 | Q. And tell us about, when you got there tell us
- about the setup inside the prison, what was the
- room like, what was the atmosphere; go ahead and
- 19 set all of that up for us.
- 20 A. When we got there they had a table set up in a
- 21 hallway. To the left of the hallway the
- prisoners were coming in, checking in from going
- out on the work crew, whatever their jobs were,
- they came in there with the guards. And so they

- had us kind of in like a large hallway area at a table with three metal chairs. But after when we, after we started sitting there for a while it was obvious the prisoners kept coming out and they were causing a disturbance and the guards were getting concerned, so we were moved, and then later we were moved again.

  O. So during the course of the first interview you
  - Q. So during the course of the first interview you were moved three times?
- 10 | A. Yes.

- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. I'm sorry, two times.
- 13 | Q. Two, to three different locations?
- 14 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 15 Q. Thank you. And were the guards present during the entire interview?
- 17 | A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. During all three locations the guards were present?
- 20 A. All three.
- 21 Q. In later interviews were the guards present?
- 22 A. Never.
- Q. Okay. And was Mr. -- was Craig Taylor
- handcuffed or shackled or both?

A. Both.

- 2 Q. All right. So in the first --
- 3 A. In the first interview.
  - Q. In the first interview. What was in the other interviews, was he --
  - A. No. It -- I mean, it will show in here, but he was not always handcuffed, no. In the fourth interview he was not handcuffed or shackled. In the third interview he was handcuffed and they were taken off of him, and in the second interview he was handcuffed.
  - Q. Okay. So the first part of the interview you're in that sort of hallway room and you said that there was a lot of noise and people around?
  - A. It was loud. The prisoners were excited that we were there and there were, you know, there were windows everywhere and they were banging on the glass and just kind of standing up and looking out. And so then the guards were having a hard time with them and they were just, the guys were being kind of rowdy. We had a tape recorder and you can hear on it, but it's pretty loud.
  - Q. Okay. And what were the subjects that you covered with Mr. Taylor, with Craig Taylor?

- when he came in I asked him if he remembered the 1 Α. 2 murder and if he remembered the police 3 interviewing him for the murder, and he said yeah. And I said that I wanted to go ahead and 4 go over what he had told the police that night. And he stated that he had seen a white 6 7 Pathfinder, that he last saw the victim that 8 morning when she came through asking three for 50, which is crack, and that he sold it to her 9 10 and that she was with a black dude along with a 11 white guy. He went on to say the black guy was 12 with her, out with her, and the white dude was already inside the white Pathfinder. And the --13 14 he said this was exactly between 3:00 and 15 4 o'clock in the morning.
  - Q. Okay. And is that consistent or inconsistent with the police interview?
- 18 A. Inconsistent.

17

20

21

22

23

- 19 Q. What are the inconsistencies?
  - A. (Witness examines document.) He stated in the first interview that he had never seen the white Pathfinder. He stated it was at 12:30. He never mentioned a black male and he also stated that he did not sell them drugs.

- Q. Okay. Did you show him the photograph of Johnny Beck?
- 3 A. I did show him a photograph of Johnny Beck, yes.
- 4 | Q. Okay. And did he identify him?
- 5 A. Yes.

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

- Q. And what was Craig Taylor's demeanor like at this time?
  - A. He was calm, he was a little, I think a little bit surprised. He reacted a little surprised when I asked him, when I said Jacquetta Thomas' name, you know, he was kind of taken aback.
- 12 | Q. What do you mean?
  - A. Sat back of his chair. But he answered all the questions and was, his demeanor was fine at that time.
  - Q. Okay. Now I'm on page 329 of the brief and of that first interview. Is this the time when you were moved to the, to another part of the prison for the rest of the, for the interview?
- 20 A. I'm sorry, if I can just go back one second.
- 21 Q. Please do.
- 22 A. I forgot to tell you, he stated that when police 23 interviewed him, it was before 6 o'clock in the 24 morning on the day that she was found.

1	Q.	Okay.
2	Α.	And we knew that she wasn't found until after
3	ı	approximately 7:25.
4	Q.	Okay.
5	Α.	329?
6	Q.	Uh-huh (yes). Are you ready for that?
7	Α.	Yes.
8		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And
9		Commissioners, as we I'm just going to
10		go through the interviews and ask these
11		kinds of questions about demeanor, where
12		they were. Please just interrupt with
13		questions as we go if you have anything you
14		need to have clarified.
15		MR. JENKINS: I have one.
16		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Sure.
17		MR. JENKINS: So when he stated he
18		the police came around 6 o'clock, was that
19		with your interview or were you referring
20		back to a previous interview?
21	Α.	He stated that the police came and interviewed
22		him that morning.
23		MR. JENKINS: Around 6 o'clock?
24	Α.	Around 6 o'clock and showed me the pictures.

1 MR. JENKINS: That's what he told you 2 or that's what --Yes, that's, I'm sorry, that's what he told me. 3 Α. MR. JENKINS: Okay. Thank you. 4 They, when they did the interviews they put the 5 Α. date of transcription on them, and they put the 6 date of the interview but not the time of the 7 8 interview, they put the time of the 9 transcription. 10 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 11 can all of you hear okay? Can everybody hear okay? 12 13 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 14 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: If you can't, 15 please just ask us to speak up or come and move closer. 16 17 Okay. So on page 329, is that when you move? Q. 18 Α. (Witness examines document.) Yes. Okay. And this is when you start asking him 19 Q. about that police interview and he, does he deny 20 what he told the police in 1991? 21 22 To begin with he just states that he doesn't Α. 23 recall saying that, that he didn't remember saying that. He did know that they, that he --24

he did remember being interviewed. He said the 1 2 conversation had lasted about three to five minutes and, again, he was talking that he 3 4 definitely knows Johnny Beck and that he knew the victim was with him. 5 6 Q. Okay. And on page 330 there's a part in the 7 middle where you try to show him a picture of 8 Jacquetta Thomas, the victim, is that right? 9 Α. Page, I'm sorry? 10 Q. Page 330 now. 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. And what picture is it that you're trying to 13 show him, is it the same one the police showed? (Witness examines document.) When we showed it, 14 Α. 15 we -- it, yes, it is --16 The same one? Q. 17 The police showed two. When we showed pictures Α. 18 we folded this over and showed (indicating) --19 Q. And does he look at the picture, is he willing 20 to look at the picture? 21 Α. No; no. 22 So he doesn't even turn and look at it? Q.

No. I mean, he -- when I start to put it in

front of him, he turns and he keeps saying,

23

24

Α.

- that's her, that's her, you can't trick me.
- Q. Okay. So he does not look at the photograph you showed him?
  - A. Not, not that time or not the other -- I'm sorry, I was speaking in general about all the times that I had tried to show them, he would not look at her.
- 8 Q. Okay.

5

6

7

- 9 A. That time he says, that's her.
- 10 | Q. Okay. But he doesn't look at it?
- 11 | A. No.
- Q. Okay. All right. On page 331 he talks about a picture that the detectives showed him with blood inside of the Pathfinder?
- 15 A. Uh-huh (yes).
  - Q. And to your knowledge does such a picture exist?
- 17 A. To my knowledge they never found blood in the Pathfinder.
- Q. Okay. And it looks like you're showing him a map on page 331. What is that?
- A. (Witness examines document.) Actually, I'm sorry, that's a typo. It should say, right there. I'm not showing him a map.
- 24 Q. Oh, okay.

- A. He's telling me where he's standing, and I'm
  saying, right there, but it's typed as, right
  here. I think it appears I'm showing him a map,
  but I'm not.
  - Q. Okay. You're not showing him a map there?
- 6 A. No.

7

8

9

10

17

18

19

- Q. Okay. What's his demeanor like now at this point where you're talking to him about the police interview, has it changed or is it the same?
- A. He -- at this point he's just not looking at me.
  He's actually -- we're at a table and I'm across
  from him and he's turned, you know, sideways.

  And, I mean, he'll look at me every now and
  then, but non-direct eye contact. Just when I
  ask him a question he'll look up, answer, and
  - Q. And then on page 33 you start talking with him about Johnny Beck.

basically looks at the floor for most of it.

- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And he says he knows him?
- 22 A. Yes, from Kentwood, which is where Johnny Beck 23 is from.
- Q. Okay. And he talks about the police report

showing him multiple -- the police showing him 1 2 multiple pictures of the body. He says, they 3 showed me the body, I'm saying different pictures of Jacquetta. 4 5 Uh-huh (yes). Α. Go ahead. 6 0. 7 I don't know -- I know what I, what police used. Α. Now, I don't know specifically what they used 8 9 for his interview, but they normally showed two pictures of Jacquetta. Again, at that time they 10 11 could have had more. 12 Okay. So the report does not indicate that they Q. 13 showed more than this --14 Α. No. 15 -- but you don't know for sure? Q. 16 Right. Α. 17 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: May I approach? 18 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes. 19 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 20 I'll go ahead and pass it around, it's 21 these two. 22 That's the one that I show him that he doesn't Α. look at. 23 24 And these are the ones that the police use. Q.

1 police use these two? 2 They used -- yeah, they're the same; they're the Α. 3 same. 4 The closeup, okay. Q. 5 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: I'm going to go ahead and just pass these around, 6 Commissioners. It's the Polaroids. 7 8 the best we have of them from the police 9 They were printouts from the police 10 file that we were able to scan and then 11 print again. 12 Q. Okay. He says on page 333 that he remembers 13 seeing seven different white guys that night? 14 In his police interview he had said that he Α. remembered -- I don't have the exact wording 15 16 here, I'm sorry, but it was something that 17 there, that he remembered Greg Taylor because he was white. 18 19 Q. Okay. 20 Α. And so I asked him about that and he told me 21 that actually he had said there were seven 22 different white guys that came through there on 23 that night.

Is it common in your experience interviewing

24

Q.

1 Witnesses for them to remember a number that 2 specific from 18 years ago? 3 Α. No. And then you start talking to him about the 4 Q. differences in the police report and ask him 5 about those differences. Now how is his 6 7 demeanor? Hostile. He's speaking loud when he answers, 8 Α. 9 his hands are flying a little bit, kind of, you 10 know, shrugging. I mean, they can't fly too far 11 because they were in handcuffs, but he's hostile at this point and he's turned --12 13 Q. And the reason you say hostile is the way he's 14 speaking when his hands are flying? 15 Uh-huh (ves). And he was turned almost Α. completely away. 16 Okay. Can you demonstrate that for us? If I'm 17 Q. 18 you, and imagine there's a table here between 19 us. Then he is turned to this side with his stuff 20 Α. 21 down here (indicating). 22 So you're asking him questions and he's turned Q.

23

24

away?

- Q. Okay. Now, on page 334 you start talking with him about using Gregory Taylor's name. He used it earlier in the interview and you start saying, well, how did you know his name?
- A. I do.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- Q. And what does he start doing then physically? I mean, we've got his responses here, but physically does he have any change in his demeanor now?
- A. Now he's started sweating and he is taking longer to respond. When I first came to interview him he was answering questions, you can kind of tell because of the pauses in the interview he was answering them quickly in a normal time period, and now he's starting to take long pauses before he's responding and he's wiping his head with his hands, and at one point he's, you know, putting his face, his face in his hands.
  - Q. Okay. And you can physically see him sweating?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. And now you start to talk to him about

  DNA testing. Why were you talking to him about

  DNA testing? I mean, we know from the earlier

- testimony that, you know, that's all a work in progress. Why are you talking to him about it here?
  - A. I asked him about it there because I started to get the feeling that he knew something that he wasn't telling me because his story had so drastically changed. So I just wanted to see actually what he would say if I asked him for his DNA.
- 10 Q. Okay. And what's his demeanor like, is it the same where he's sweating and all of that?
- 12 A. He's shaking his head no a lot, not in response 13 to my question, he's just, you know, just 14 shaking his head no like, you know --
- 15 Q. Can you demonstrate for us?
- 16 A. He's just like (indicating).
- 17 Q. Okay.

5

6

7

8

9

- 18 A. Is that good?
- Q. Uh-huh (yes). Now, when you start talking to him about the DNA you tell him that the DNA doesn't match the two guys. But you knew that really didn't mean anything for this case, right?
  - A. Yes, I knew that.

1 And you're just trying to get a response, keep Q. 2 the conversation going, push him? 3 Right. Α. Okay. And now on page 336 you start talking to 4 Q. 5 him about Jacquetta, the victim. And you ask 6 him if he knew her and he immediately responds 7 that he's never been intimate with her. Uh-huh (yes). 8 Α. 9 Did you ask him that? Q. I did not. 10 Α. Okay. And it sounds like you repeat that back 11 Q. as though you're kind of surprised that he 12 volunteers that information? 13 14 I was surprised. Α. 15 And now, how's his demeanor now? Q. 16 He is calming down at this point. He's, he's Α. settled down. 17 18 Okay. And then on the next, on page 338 you 19 start --20 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 21 any questions at this point? 22 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 23 On page 338 you start asking him about the red Q. 24 tank top and what he told police.

A. Uh-huh (yes).

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

- Q. And then you ask him about bad drugs. How come you ask him about that?
  - A. Well, I knew from the interview that he was a drug dealer and I wasn't sure if maybe he knew, you know, if he was involved in the theory of two bad drug dealers or if he knew the people who were. I was just trying to figure out if he knew anything about it.
  - Q. And he doesn't indicate that he knows anything about that?
- 12 A. No.
- Q. And when you talk to him about the red tank top
  he says he's never, he didn't see anybody
  wearing a red tank top?
- 16 A. When I ask him about the red tank top --
- 17 Q. It's on the bottom of page 338.
- 18 A. Yes, he responds, I never seen anyone wearing a red tank top, yes.
- Q. Okay. And then on page 340 you kind of give him an out. You ask him maybe he's just remembering things different.
- 23 A. Right.
- Q. And let me see, where is this? (Ms. Montgomery-

- says three different times that he would have 18 19 known Johnny Beck if the police had shown him a 20 photograph?
- 21 Α. Yes.
- 22 Now, the police file indicates that they did Q. 23 show him a photograph of Johnny Beck, is that 24 right?

Α. Yes, that's correct. This was --1 2 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: May I approach 3 the Witness, your Honor? 4 JUDGE SUMNER: Yes, ma'am. -- more police -- actually, I can give them all 5 Α. 6 to you. 7 Okay. That would be great. These were all along with the victim photos, the 8 Α. ones that they showed. 9 10 Okay. And these are copied straight from the Q. 11 police file? From the CCBI file. 12 Α. And this one, do you think this one has anything 13 Q. 14 to do with the case or just ended up in there? I don't know. I've never heard anyone mention 15 Α. 16 it being shown to them, I'm not sure why it's on 17 that page. If it's maybe just how they scan in photos, I don't know. 18 19 Q. Okay. 20 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Commissioners, 21 I'll go ahead and send these around. 22 Now, on page 341 he brings DNA back up, right, Q. 23 not you? 24 He brings the DNA back, yes. Α.

- Q. Okay. And then page 342 is where he says that you're trying to trick him and he doesn't want -- stops, stops answering your questions. Well, I don't know if he stops, but --
- A. When I ask him if he would be surprised if I told him that Taylor may not be the person who committed the murder, he says that these are tricky questions, and then later he says that I'm asking a trick question.
- Q. Okay. And again on page 342, then you go ahead and go back to the DNA. Is this the same thing where you're just trying to push him and get some kind of reaction, keep the conversation going?
- 15 | A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

21

22

23

- 16 Q. Okay. And at this point you didn't even know if his DNA is in CODIS, in that databank?
- 18 A. I had no idea if it was in CODIS or not.
- Q. Now, on page 343 it looks like he takes a cigarette break, is that what happens there?
  - A. On page 343 where you see part two, that is actually -- he does take a cigarette break, but we take a break. And at that time I didn't know how to use my recorder and it went into another

folder. So it's just -- the tape is still running, it's just -- or it's not running during that break, but he says, I plead the Fifth, the guard comes in or, excuse me, the guards are in there. I say, would you mind taking him out for a second? He does go out and smoke and Grace Wallace and I were talking, and then they bring him back in.

- Q. Okay. So your recorder is on the whole time that he's in the room though?
- 11 | A. Always.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

- Q. You turn it off when he's out and you are just talking and, not turn it off, but it moves to a different folder?
- 15 A. I don't after this, I don't turn it off again after this.
- Q. Okay. But I mean at this moment it's on every time that he's in the room?
- 19 A. Yes; yes.
- Q. Okay. So when he comes back on part two after he's taken that cigarette break, what's his demeanor like now?
- A. He'd calmed down. He was much better when he came back about answering. He'd calmed down, he

seemed a little bit more comfortable. 1 2 looking at me more, he was responding more, he wasn't as closed off like with his body language 3 as he had been. 4 Okay. Q. Commissioners, 6 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: 7 would you like me just to turn this PowerPoint off? We don't need it for the 8 9 rest of the day. Is it distracting you at 10 a11? 11 JUDGE SUMNER: That's fine. I hadn't noticed it was --12 13 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Nobody noticed It doesn't bother them at all? Okay. it? 14 15 It just went into this. Okay. So he's a little bit calmer now. On page 16 0. 344 you start talking to him about, you know, 17 how he might have touched Jacquetta, the victim, 18 that night and ask him to explain that. Why are 19 20 you starting to ask him these questions? I was going to talk to him about what we call 21 Α. 22 touch DNA, skin cell DNA. And I just wanted to find out at that point if I could get him to 23 commit to have ever touched, to have touched her 24

that night to see -- you know, because sometimes 1 2 he may have -- if I didn't ask him that, he may 3 have touched her but not remembered. So I just wanted to ask him if there was a point in the 4 5 night where he had touched her in any way. 6 Q. Okay. So at this point you are starting to 7 think about DNA and potentially getting his DNA 8 now? (Witness nods head affirmatively.) 9 Α. 10 Okay. Now, page 344 at the, toward the bottom, Q. 11 he now says that he had sex with the victim. 12 He does. Α. 13 But he had previously stated out that he had 0. 14 never been intimate with her, even though you hadn't asked earlier? 15 16 Α. Uh-huh (yes). And then you ask him, you say --17 Q. 18 Α. I ask --19 You ask him if he had feelings for her and he 0. 20 says, I plead the Fifth. And you say, you plead 21 the Fifth on whether or not you had feelings for 22 her? What was unusual about that? 23 24 Α. Pleading the Fifth on feelings?

Q. Uh-huh (yes).

1

7

8

9

10

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- A. It just, it wasn't a question that he should have been concerned about answering, in my opinion.
- Q. And then so he does, he doesn't want to talk about that, and then he --
  - A. Well, I just, I just go on to tell him that he can refuse to answer my questions, you know, if he wants to, and so he just, he doesn't talk about it.
- 11 Q. Okay. Now you start talking to him about 12 running into a guy at a fast food restaurant.
- 13 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Where is this coming from? Why are you asking about this?
  - A. James Gist, during his interview, when I asked him if she, if she, the victim, had ever been, if he knew if she was a prostitute or if she had been seeing other people, he stated no, but then he said that there was an incident at a fast food restaurant where he walked into the restaurant with her and there was a tall, skinny black man in the restaurant that she went over and spoke to. James Gist kind of laughed it off

- but said that the guy was upset and that it was 1 2 one of her ex-boyfriends. 3 Q. Okay. So I was trying to figure out if it was him or 4 Α. 5 not. Okay. And he doesn't really answer that? 6 Q. No. When I ask him that question he had been 7 Α. looking away from me at the time and he, he was 8 9 almost actually looking at the wall. And his 10 head swung around and asked me where did that 11 come from, I think, where did all that come 12 from? So tell us about now you said he's looking away, 13 Q. what's his demeanor like now? 14 15 He turns away and turn -- he has extremely long Α. 16 pauses between questions and then he'll turn away and turn back, turn away, turn back. 17 18 Q. Okay. And you say, there's something you want 19 to say but just couldn't, am I wrong about that? And he indicates, no, you're not wrong? 20 21 Twice. Α.
- 23 I, yeah, I was trying to clarify the, kind of Α.

0.

24 the paragraph above that is when I was telling

Okay. And you kind of try to clarify that?

him, you know, that I felt like he was
hesitating and why would he not answer my
questions. And I asked him if, you know, there
was something that he wanted to tell me but just
couldn't. I said I felt like there was
something he wanted to tell me but just
couldn't, and he wouldn't answer. And I said,
am I wrong about that? And he said, no. And I
wanted to make sure I wasn't saying it backwards
and I said, I'm not wrong? And he said, no.

- Q. Now, what's this part at the bottom of page 346 where the guard interrupts? Tell me what's happening there.
- A. I don't think I mentioned back when we -- so I told you we moved to the second room. The second room was actually right next to the guards' station, but by that time all the prisoners had come back, well, all the ones that were working had come back from work release and it was getting really rowdy and there were a lot of doors shaking and a lot of noise and there were guards, at that time, I think three to four where Grace and I were. And so then because we were in kind of a main corridor area, they moved

us again and they moved us into a little office with a window, you know, to the out, to the guard station, and it's where they write their report. So it was like an office with two chairs and they brought in another chair.

when they did that, that -- he was -that's when they came in and there were always
three guards, sometimes four guards in the room.
And it, I mean, it was a really, really small
room and they were standing right next to us.
And apparently they were listening because the
one said, when she asks you a question, you
know, you should answer or you need to answer
yes or no, ma'am.

- Q. Okay. And in your experience do you prefer to do interviews in prison with a guard present or not present and for what reason?
- A. Never present.
- Q. And why? Why is that?
  - A. Because in my experience the guards, the inmates tell me that the guards spread, I think the one quote is, they're the worst to spread rumors.

    The inmates won't talk if there's a guard in there. They're not going to tell a stranger,

which I was, something, and they're definitely 1 2 not going to tell five people or six people in a 3 room. And at that time Grace and I were strangers along with three to four guards in the 4 5 room. So you just don't think it's conducive to them 6 Q. talking if there's a lot of guards in the room? 7 I don't. 8 Α. 9 Okay. And when the guard did interrupt, did Q. 10 that change his demeanor? 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. Okay. And the guard tells him to answer. What 13 was -- I mean, was the guard kind of ordering 14 him to answer? 15 Α. He was. And so how did Craig Taylor's demeanor change 16 Q. 17 after that happens? 18 Α. He answered quickly, but he -- he answered right 19 then. Okay. And now, I mean, the interview is kind of 20 Q. 21 wrapping up. Do you feel like you've gotten 22 about all you can at this point now? 23 Well, actually, at this point when I start Α. 24 asking him questions right after that, he's not

- answering me at all. And I had been looking at the guards and then the guards say, you know, do you want private time, and then they do leave.

  So I think it's the bottom of 347 they leave.
  - Q. Okay. So on page 348 and 349 there are no guards in the room with you, it's just you --
- 7 A. There are no guards the rest of the interview.
- 8 Q. Okay. So you, Grace Wallace --
- 9 A. Oh, excuse me, 348 and 349.
- 10 Q. Yeah. You, Grace Wallace, and Craig Taylor.
- 11 A. Yes.

- 12 Q. Now, they can see you though through the glass?
- 13 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Okay. And so you, now you try to get back to what he was talking about before and saying there's something you don't want to tell me?
- 17 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. And you want to know if he's protecting himself or somebody else?
- 20 A. And he --
- 21 Q. He's not answering?
- 22 A. No, he's closed up. Like even after the guard 23 leaves he's closed up and not answering.
- 24 Q. Okay.

1 Α. I mean, he answers but not -- I think some of 2 them are, I don't know or not right at this 3 moment. Okay. And then you talk to him about the DNA 4 Q. again and he says, I'll take my chances. 5 He does. 6 Α. And that's the end of that interview? 7 0. 8 Uh-huh (yes). Α. 9 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Questions about 10 interview one, Commissioners? 11 (NO AUDIBLE RESPONSE.) 12 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Is everybody 13 prepared to try to get through interview 14 two today? 15 JUDGE SUMNER: (Nods head affirmatively.) 16 17 MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Okay. 18 Q. All right. So this is now May 19, 2009, so five days later. 19 20 Yeah; yes. And the reason that we had come back Α. 21 five days later actually is we got a phone call 22 here on the main line and it was from a company 23 who provides collect calls from prisons. you have to have I guess a certain phone kind of 24

-- I don't really understand -- something set up 1 2 on your phone to accept collect calls. And so 3 when we got the call we didn't think much of it. And as the day went on I said, what if it's 4 Craig Taylor and he wants to talk to us? So we 5 called the 1-800 number and I asked them to find 6 out where the call originated from, and they 7 8 told us Lumberton Correctional. So I had 9 thought that Craig Taylor was calling because he 10 had, you know, he had indicated a couple of times, not at this time did he want to tell me 11 12 anything, and I thought that he was calling so 13 we went back, right back. I think it was four 14 or five days later. So you went back a little bit sooner than 15 Q. 16 you might have otherwise? 17 (Witness nods head affirmatively.) Α. 18 Q. Okay. And between the time that you interview him and the second time, did you look up and 19 20 find out if his DNA was in CODIS, the databank? I did. And it --21 Α.

- 22 | O. And was it?
- 23 A. It was in CODIS.
- Q. Okay. All right. Now, when you go back is it

- State of N.C. vs. Gregory Flint Taylor Volume I you and Grace Wallace again? 1 2 Α. It is. 3 Now, tell us, where do you -- what's the Q. Okay. atmosphere? What room are you interviewing him 4 in? 5 This time we are taken straight to the third 6 Α. 7 room that we were in, the guards where they 8 write their report. I asked the guard not to 9 stay in and it's just myself, Grace Wallace, and 10 Craig Taylor in the room.
- 11 Q. Okay. And it's the glass room so the guards can still see you?
- 13 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 14 Q. Okay. And how is Mr. Taylor cuffed, if at all?
- 15 A. At this time he is cuffed in the back, his hands behind his back.
- Q. Okay. And are his ankles shackled, if you remember?
- 19 A. I don't believe they were, but I can't say that
  20 I remember for sure. I don't believe they were.
- Q. And partway through the interview do they remove his handcuffs? Do you have them remove the handcuffs?
- 24 A. Partway through the interview when we're talking

he is crying and his nose is running, and so 1 2 there is a roll of toilet paper that was up on the counter and I got it and I asked them to 3 unshackle him in the back. And they just looked 4 at me and I say, well, can you do it in the 5 front so he can wipe his nose and his eyes? 6 7 we'll get there. All right. So you start Q. talking to him and you tell him that his DNA is 8 9 in CODIS? 10 Α. Yes. 11 And you explain that to him? Q. 12 Uh-huh (yes). Α. 13 And then you ask him more about Jacquetta and Q. was she a regular buyer, and he talks about 14 knowing her from Halifax Court. 15 16 Uh-huh (yes). Α. 17 And that is indeed where she lived or where she Q. grew up, right? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 Okay. And he tells you about himself being a Q. drug dealer? 21 22 He does. Α. What's his demeanor like now? 23 Ο. He is a lot more comfortable with us this time. 24 Α.

- Q. Okay. And what makes you say comfortable?
- A. He's looking at us, he's, you know, sitting at the table, he's more responsive.
- 4 | Q. At least at this time anyway?
- 5 A. Right, at this time.
- 6 Q. So he is looking at you this time?
- 7 | A. Uh-huh (yes).

- Q. All right. On page 53 you start talking to himabout prior assaults that he's had.
- 10 A. I had his record.
- Q. Okay. And did you have it with you? Were you going through it while you talked to him?
- 13 A. I had it in the room, uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Okay. And so you start talking to him about that, and then on page 354 you actually ask him, you say about halfway down, have you ever killed anyone?
- 18 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. And what does he do when you ask him that? And then you qualify, not related to this case.
- A. When you ask, sometimes when you ask Craig

  Taylor a question, he'll just -- if it -- he

  will just say huh and, you know, he -- it's his

  way of -- I think that I've learned now after

- these interviews, it's his way of thinking, and so that's what he did.
- 3 Q. It's not an answer, it's --
- 4 A. No.
- 5 | Q. -- it's an exclamation?
- $6 \mid A$ . Right.
- Q. Okay. And so then you qualify and say, have you ever killed anyone outside of this case? And his answer is, several.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And you go through and you start talking about those?
- 13 | A. ∪h-huh (yes).
- Q. And he talks about some drug related murders and some prostitutes that he was angry with?
- 16 A. Some -- uh-huh (yes).
- 17 Q. Okay. And then it looks like he goes through 18 that for a number of pages in this transcript.
- 19 A. I think it's about three pages he -- this mainly consists of the prostitutes.
- Q. Okay. And then you sort of take a break from
  the murders, but you come back to them and you
  ask him, start talking to him about his feelings
  for Jacquetta.

- 1 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 2 Q. And he starts talking about how you can't have
- 3 control of who you catch feelings for, is that
- 4 | right?
- 5 A. He -- I'm sorry, I just have to find it.
- 6 Q. Sure.
- 7 A. (Witness examines document.)
- 8 Q. Or maybe I was wrong about that.
- 9 A. That's actually a quote or --
- 10 Q. That's, I think that's later on.
- 11 | A. Similar to what you just asked me is something
- that he uses several times when he's talking
- 13 about the victim.
- 14 Q. Okay. But that's later on actually?
- 15 A. Yeah. I don't see it right there.
- 16 Q. Okay. But he does tell you on page 357 that he
- didn't want to talk to you last week because the
- 18 guards were there?
- 19 | A. He does.
- 20 Q. Okay.
- 21 A. I think he may as well -- I'm pretty sure that
- 22 he also tells me that he feels like the guards
- will gossip. I believe he says that to me. Or
- he, excuse me, he says they're meddling.

- Q. Okay. All right. You talk to him about coming here from Jamaica?
- 3 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 4 Q. And his family?
- 5 A. Yes.
- Q. And then the next page he says that his family thought something was wrong with him when he didn't cry at his grandmother's funeral?
- 9 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 10 Q. And so you ask him if he has a conscience, is that right?
- 12 A. Yes, I ask him that.
- 13 | Q. And what does he talk about with that?
- A. He says he has a conscience for one of them, not all of them.
- 16 Q. For one of the murders?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. And so he starts talking more about that murder?
- 20 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 21 Q. And what does he say about that murder?
- A. In that particular case he says that it was in the same area as Lenoir Street, which is also in the area that we were talking about earlier

today. He said it was around the time or in the same month that Jacquetta was killed, maybe two or three weeks later. There was an older man, he's not sure if he was homeless. He came home and he, his crack cocaine was missing. And the homeless man happened to be in the area and he states he should have asked him questions first, but his reactions took over and he beat him with his hands. He said that he thought -- he said he didn't know if the man was dead, but when he came back there was crime scene tape, it was roped off, and that gave him the impression that he had killed the man.

- Q. Did you do anything to try to confirm this statement?
- 16 | A. We did.

- 17 Q. Okay. And what did we do?
  - A. We contacted the Raleigh Police Department and talked with Detective John Lynch in the cold case division. And it was actually through talking to him that he was the one that stated -- we gave him the statement, or that paragraph, and he stated, just because the area was roped off didn't mean that it was necessarily a

- homicide, so you'll want to look at homicides and aggravated assaults, and he sent over the charts for those.
  - Q. Okay. So Detective Lynch tried to help find that?
- 6 A. He did.

- Q. The other murders, did Detective Lynch just indicate there was not enough to even start trying to look?
- A. He indicated that he -- actually, he was very helpful about this, but he didn't believe that there was enough to even find this one. He didn't have enough information for the other ones to look for.
- 15 Q. And was he ever able to locate this one?
  - A. No. He sent a chart with the unsolved 1991 homicides. Again, you know, he said if somebody was convicted of it, then they're not going to, it's not going to show. But the unsolved homicides, and there was only one that was close to that area, and he looked in the file and it was nothing. The man had been convicted, it was nothing close to that or it was a stabbing. And then he also sent over the aggravated assaults,

- Page 340 but because of the information that it's just 1 2 off Lenoir Street, that narrowed it down to 3 several. 4 Okay. And so Detective Lynch indicated that he Q. just couldn't tell one way or another? 5 Uh-huh (yes). 6 Α. 7 And did Detective Lynch tell you to try -- or Q. talk to you about, you know, if you get more 8 9 information, maybe that can help? He said, if you go back again and you get 10 Α. 11 information, maybe that would help. 12 Okay. And did you ask Craig Taylor about it Q. 13 more? 14 No. Α. 15 And why not? 0. Because I was concerned about Greg Taylor's case 16 Α. and not the other murder. 17 Did you come back and talk to me about referring 18 Q. 19 it to the Raleigh Police Department? I did. 20 Α.
- 22 that that would be a matter to refer to the 23 Raleigh Police Department and let them do an

24 investigation on that if they chose?

21

Q.

And was the decision for the Commission staff

- A. If they chose to.
- Q. Okay. So you didn't follow up any more with Craig Taylor on that?
  - A. Never.

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Your goal in looking for that was only to verify, if you could, any outside, any outside verification of any of the statements he gave you?
- A. Consistent, uh-huh (yes).
  - Q. Okay. Did you do other things to try to verify some of the outside statements that he gave you later on too?
  - A. When I talked about showing the photographs to people, you know, he -- I did the same thing with him much later, but the people that he tells me he knew or the people that tell me they knew him, I was trying to verify that that was correct.
  - Q. So this was not you trying to do an investigation for the Raleigh Police Department, this was the Commission just trying to see if there was any ways to do any independent verification of his statements?
- A. Right; right.

- Q. And you were never able to verify that?
- 2 A. I was not, no.

Q. Okay. All right. So on page 360 now he says at the bottom, I truthfully don't believe these two did it because they're just not carry that way, they aren't tight enough. When I see them they don't carry like that way. Yeah, he may smoke his crack, but he's still work.

Is he talking about Johnny Beck and Gregory Taylor?

- A. I believe when he's saying they in the first, you know, three sentences, I believe he's talking about Johnny Beck and Gregory Taylor there, and possibly just -- I'm not sure. I ask him, are you talking about Johnny or Greg, and he says, Johnny. I say Johnny, he says yes.
- Q. Has he indicated to you that he'd seen those two together to know how they carry on and what they're like together?
- A. He had never indicated that to me until I asked him if he thought that those two were capable of that.
- Q. Okay. And he says that again on page 362, that they're just not killers. At the bottom he

- says, they're not -- no, I'm a pretty good judgement, saying of people, and they not no killers.
- And again, he told you he didn't know

  Gregory Taylor, right?
- 6 A. Correct. He's never met --
- 7 Q. So he hasn't --
- 8 A. He told me he's never met Gregory Taylor.
- 9 Q. Okay. On page 363, what's his demeanor like now at this time, do you remember?
- A. At this time he's still, I mean, he's still comfortable. He's answering, he's talking to me a lot more freely in this interview when the guards aren't in the room.
- 15 Q. Okay. Page 363 at the bottom of your big
  16 statement in the middle you ask him, you say,
  17 swear to me that you're not involved in this,
  18 and he won't do it.
- 19 A. No.
- Q. And he talks about the other murders that he confessed to and says he didn't give you enough information.
- 23 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. And then he goes on and he starts talking about

- on page 364, what's going to happen if I, you know, say that I did this, what's going to happen if I confess?
  - A. He asked at the bottom of page 363, I'm more than likely saying just, I'm saying, uh, uh -- and then there's a big pause, 21 seconds -- more likely to try to seek the death penalty too, aren't they?
  - Q. Okay. So he brings that up?
- 10 A. He brings up the death penalty.
- 11 | Q. And are you taken aback by that?
- 12 A. I was taken aback by that, yes.
- Q. Okay. And your response is that they didn't seek the death penalty for Gregory Taylor and Johnny Beck.
- 16 A. Yes.

5

6

7

8

- Q. Okay. And he talks about why he thinks that's different and he says, they had two innocent people locked up for the past 18 years. They're going to seek compensation, whatever you want to call it.
- 22 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. And so then you start to have some longer pauses in here. And he says after a 23-second pause,

what if I say if I did, what's going to happen 1 2 to me? What's going to happen to me? And then you tell him --3 I tell him --4 Α. -- innocent people will be released and you'll 5 Q. be charged with the murder, I can't lie to you 6 about what will happen. 7 And then there's a 92-second pause. 8 9 Α. Uh-huh (yes). 10 Q. And he starts thinking about it, I guess. 11 says he wants to think about it. what's his demeanor like now? We've got 12 13 this 92-second pause. 14 During the 92-second pause is when he's Α. 15 sniffling. And I wasn't sure, you know, because 16 he -- I just wasn't sure. And then I looked at him and he had tears in his eyes at that point. 17 18 Q. Okay. And then on page 365 is when he does 19 start talking about an attorney. And he says, before he says anything else he wants to have an 20 21 attorney present. And then you guys talk that 22 for a while. And do you have the authority to 23 assign him an attorney? 24 I do not. Α.

- Q. Does the Commission staff have the authority to assign him an attorney?
- 3 A. We do not.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- Q. Okay. And you do talk to him about that and you do say, I'll do everything I can to get you an attorney in here. But you, you really couldn't get him an attorney in there?
- A. I could not.
  - Q. Okay. And, you know, reading it now, I know it's easy to read a transcript after you've done the interview. And when you read it now do you -- what do you think about that?
  - A. There are a few things reading it, particularly that one that of course I wish that I hadn't of said and that I wouldn't say again. At the time it wasn't probably as blatant as it looks on paper. It was that he was breaking down and crying, he was really, really close. I mean, he was talking to me, he was telling me things, you know, and I just kind of in that moment didn't really think about what I was saying.
- Q. You didn't plan to go in there and say that?
- A. I didn't plan to go in there and I didn't plan any of this, no.

- Q. Okay. And later on, multiple other times you tell him, talk to him about how you don't have the authority to give him an attorney, and all of that stuff?
  A. I do; yeah, I do. But at that moment I didn't.
  Q. Okay. At the bottom of that page you start trying to figure out if he's if he's trying to
  - Q. Okay. At the bottom of that page you start trying to figure out if he's, if he's trying to cover this up for somebody else, and you ask him about that. And he says there wasn't anybody else. And when he says, I don't take no fall for no crime I did not commit or I don't commit, what he's talking about there is saying that he would not confess falsely, is that right?
- 14 A. Correct.

- Q. Okay. And that's contexted in above and below that when you talk about that more?
  - A. Right. He says twice, I think, there ain't no one else, and then like I was concerned and started talking to him, and he says, I don't take a fall for no one. And --
  - Q. Okay. And then on the next page about halfway down is when you, in the middle of this long section that you're talking, you say, could you cuff him in front, please, is this where you're

1 asking the guards to move those cuffs? 2 This, during this kind of long Sharon paragraph, Α. 3 he was crying during that point. And like I said, his nose was running and he wasn't looking 4 at us at that point, he was bent over with his 5 hands on his knees and actually he was dripping, 6 his eyes, you know, he was dripping. And so I 7 8 asked them to uncuff him and then I said, can 9 you cuff him in the front, please? And they 10 did. 11 Q. Okay. And then you start talking to him about 12 touch DNA. And you explain, you know, roughly 13 how that works to him. And he says, if that's 14 how you all running it, I'm saying it should be. 15 And that's in response to your question saying, is your DNA going to be on her clothing? 16 17 Correct. Α. 18 Q. Okay. And his demeanor here, he's crying and using the tissue? 19 20 He's using the tissue, yeah. Α. Okay. At the top of page 367 you say, were you 21 0. 22 angry with her, can you tell me about that? And 23 he's not giving a verbal response. Is he giving

a physical response?

- A. He is nodding at that point.
- Q. can you demonstrate that for me?
- A. He was -- he had his tissue, he was bent down and he had his tissue over his nose area, and he was going like this (indicating).
  - Q. Okay. And then he says on page 367, he says in the middle of this -- I'm sorry, his thing is you're asking him, were you angry with her? Can you tell me that? And he says, somewhat, she was never raped though.

Had you asked him if she was raped?

12 A. I had not.

1

2

6

7

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Okay. And so then you guys talk about that a little bit. And then he asks if he can have a cigarette break, right?
- 16 A. He does.
  - Q. And then he returns. What's his demeanor when he returns from the cigarette break?
    - A. He's -- when he left for the cigarette break he was very emotional, and when he came back he had no emotion, like he was not crying, you know, he was -- his nose was not running, he was actually sat down in the chair and leaned against the other wall and looked at me.

- Q. Okay. And there's a little portion right here in the transcript where it's, it looks like you and Grace Wallace are having a conversation.
- He's not in the room for that, that's when he's out having a cigarette break?
- 6 A. Right.
- Q. Okay. And you just keep your recorder on the whole time?
- 9 A. Right.
- 10 Q. Okay. But he wasn't there? He didn't hear you guys saying any of that?
- 12 A. He was not.
- Q. Okay. Then he comes back and he says that he was stalking the victim, and he uses that word, he says, possessed stalker, I want to keep an on her or on and following.
- 17 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 18 Q. And then he says he shot the victim?
- 19 | A. Twice.
- Q. Right. And at this point -- and you call him on that?
- 22 A. I do.
- Q. And he backs off of that. And then this is when you start telling him or, you know, telling him,

well, you did give us enough on those other murders to go to the police.

And you'd already given the police the information at that point so it wasn't really that you were going to the police, were you just keeping him talking?

- A. I was just keeping him talking.
- Q. And just pushing him?
- A. I didn't have the information yet from the police at that point.
- Q. Oh, okay. And on page 370 you caution him. I mean, are you trying to stop him right here? I don't want you to lie. If you didn't do this, I don't want you to say this. Please don't do that. I don't want it on my conscience that another innocent person could go to prison.

So you're trying to caution him at this point and prevent a false confession?

A. When I was asking him and he was talking about shooting the victim twice and I called him on it, he, during this 39-second pause he looked at me and said, basically what you want me to say is that I beat her with my hands saying I strangled her, is that what you want me to say?

And I felt like, yeah, I felt like don't 1 2 give me a false confession, like I wouldn't want 3 that. 4 It's not what you want him to say, you just want Q. 5 him to tell you the truth? I just want him to tell me what happened. 6 Α. Okay. And he again says that he was mad at her 7 Q. 8 and, again, that she was not raped? 9 Α. Correct. 10 Q. Right. He says at the bottom of page 370 -- and 11 again, you haven't brought that up, he brings 12 that up? 13 Α. Correct. 14 0. Okay. And then this is when he talks about, on 15 page 371, how you have no control over who you 16 catch feelings for? And that, that was his statement. I think that 17 Α. 18 I had just mentioned to you he uses that more 19 than one time in the interviews. Okay. What's his demeanor like now, if you can 20 Q. 21 remember? 22 Α. He's still, he's upset. When I, when I'm 23 talking to him about the things that he did tell 24 me, he's looking nervous and, you know,

- uncomfortable. As far as he listens to me, like the whole time I'm talking about it and reading it back to him, he's leaned up listening to me, but he's still upset at this point.
  - Q. Okay. And then he starts talking for a while, and then on page 374 he says that -- he starts talking about, he says, they should never have moved the body. And you, are you taken aback here because you say, you think Greg and Johnny moved the body?
- 11 | A. I'm taken aback, yes.
- 12 Q. Is this the first time you've ever heard that mentioned?
- 14 A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

- Q. Okay. Does he talk about that? I mean, then he goes on to say, well, that's why the police were looking for this car. And he'd earlier told you that he thought --
- 19 A. That there was blood in the vehicle.
- 20 Q. -- that there was blood inside the vehicle?
- 21 A. Uh-huh (yes).
- Q. Okay. Now you take a break and you tell him
  you're going to call me. Did you actually call
  me?

- 1 A. I did not.
- Q. Okay. And that was just because you needed to take a break and get your thoughts together?
- 4 | A. Uh-huh (yes).
- 5 | Q. Okay.
- A. When he was talking about moving the body, that
  statement confused me. I didn't know what he
  meant by that, you know, they should have never
  moved the body. So I was trying to just have a
  moment to think about what he was saying.
- 11 Q. Okay. All right. So now he comes back in and 12 he starts talking about the drug sale, right?.
- 13 A. He does, yes.
- Q. Okay. And now he starts to be inconsistent from the first interview with you?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Okay. And tell us about that.
- 18 A. Hold on, I'm sorry.
- 19 Q. That's all right.
- A. (Witness examines document.) So now he's

  telling me that -- I ask him if he really did

  sell it to Johnny and the victim, and he said, I

  sold it to her. I asked him where the money

  came from and -- no, excuse me, he tells me that

Johnny was where the, Johnny Beck was where the money came from. I ask him if he followed them, and he didn't answer. I keep telling him that -- or right here I'm telling him that she was not in the vehicle. And then he says, all I know is that they left. And then he says, I don't really recall who, who got in it, they left.

- Q. And then on page 376 he starts talking about the DNA and he says, well, DNA is going to help, and he's talking about the case. He says, you're saying you can't -- I can't undo what's been done to them, I can't even make it right because you won't help. And he says, well, the DNA is going to help. And then you say, well, you think the DNA is going to match you? And then he starts to accuse you of messing with his mind basically, right?
- 19 | A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Okay. And how's his demeanor now?
- A. He's paying attention, listening to me a lot
  more. I think he appeared to be thinking about
  things a lot more because of the long pauses.
  - Q. Okay. And on page 378 you give him a really,

- really long lecture. How's his demeanor during that?
- 3 A. (Witness does not respond.)
  - Q. Is he paying attention to you? Does he appear to be paying attention to you? Is he looking at you?
- 7 A. He is paying attention during my lecture.
- 8 Q. Okay.

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

A. He tells me right before my lecture -- I tell him, I'm telling him about the Commission and I tell him that I, you know, I don't want him to lie, I just want someone who didn't do this to get their life back. And he tells me that he's getting ready to, whether it's from my end or from the police. And then he says, you know, it's all going to come out regardless as however way turning, so it all will be set forth.

And then I lecture him.

- Q. Okay. And he pays attention during that lecture?
- 21 A. He does, he pays attention.
- 22 | Q. And then you conclude that interview, you feel 23 | like he's just not going anywhere at this point?
- 24 A. Uh-huh (yes).

1	Q.	Okay. And you talk about that you're going to
2		come back to get his DNA?
3	Α.	Yes.
4	Q.	Which you ultimately do?
5	Α.	I do.
6	Q.	All right. And then there's two more interviews
7		to go.
8		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Is this a good
9		stopping point for the evening,
10		Commissioners?
11		JUDGE SUMNER: This would be a good
12		place to stop. Thank you.
13		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: Are we resuming
14		at 9:00 a.m.?
15		JUDGE SUMNER: Yes, ma'am.
16		MS. MONTGOMERY-BLINN: And I will ask
17		you all just to let me know if you want me
18		to prepare to summarize that deposition or
19		if you want to watch the whole thing.
20		JUDGE SUMNER: All right,
21		Commissioners, let me just caution you,
22		remind all of you that you are the triers
23		of fact in this situation, that you must
24		avoid contact with the media, which means

1	that the TV coverage of this matter will be
2	off limits to all of our purposes for the
3	evening, do not discuss the matter with
4	anyone. We will resume tomorrow morning at
5	9:00 a.m.
6	Have a good evening and drive safely
7	those who are traveling.
8	(THEREUPON, THE HEARING WAS ADJOURNED
9	AT 6:01 P.M.)
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

NORTH CAROLINA
CABARRUS COUNTY

## CERTIFICATE

I, Ira Anderson, Court Reporter and Notary Public, the officer before whom the foregoing proceeding was conducted, do hereby certify that the proceeding was taken by me to the best of my ability and thereafter transcribed under my supervision; and that the foregoing pages, inclusive, constitute a true and accurate transcription of the proceeding.

I do further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in which this proceeding was conducted, and further, that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties thereof, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

This the <u>3rd</u> day of <u>September</u>, <u>2009</u>

Ira Anderson, Notary Public Notary Public No. 20022840073

CERTIFICATION
NULL AND VOID IF
ENVELOPE SEAL IS BROKEN